#### NOT AN OFFICIAL DO 2021 TA E OF INDIANA KE COUNTY BY: MA

PG #: 12 RECORDED AS PRESENTED

D FOR RECORD GINA PIMENTEL RECORDER

When recorded, return to: Indecomm Global Services Mail Stop - FD-FW-9909 1427 Energy Park Drive St. Paul, MN 55108

LOAN #: 6910568132

MORTGAGE

FHA Case No. 156-6213900 703

MIN 1003924-1121379041-6 MERS PHONE #: 1-888-679-6377

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined under the caption TRANSFER DE RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY and in Sections Sections 3, 4, 10, 11, 15, 18, 23, and 24, Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) "Borrower" is LAURA JOSEPH AND BRIAN MIHAL, AS JOINT TENANTS WITH RIGHT OF SURVIVORSHIP

currently residing at 2740 Airport Rd, Portage, iN 46368.

Borrower is the mortgagor under this Security Instrument.

(B) "Lender" is Fairway Independent Mortgage Corporation.

Lender is a Corporation, under the laws of Texas. 75007. Lender's address is 4201 Marsh Lane, Carrollton, TX

The term "Londer" includes any successors and assigns of Lender.

INDIANA – Single Family – Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT (MERS) Form 3015 07/2021 (rev. 7/23) Modified for FHA 1/2023 (HUD Hardbook 4000.1) ICE Mortgage Technology, Inc.

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nized and existing

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(C) "MERS" is Mortgage Equitorio Registration Systems, Inc. MEPS is a separatic corporation that is acting solely as a nonnee for Lindot and Lindot's successions and assigns, MEPS in the mortgage under this Security Instrument. MCTIS and the succession of the su

#### Documenta

as applicable?

(D) "Note" means the promissory note dated July 25, 2024,	and signed by each Borrower who is legally
obligated for the debt under that promissory note, that is in either (i) pa	per form, using Borrower's written pen and int
signature, or (ii) electronic form, using Borrower's adopted Electronic Si	ignature in accordance with E-SIGN. The Note
evidences the legal obligation of each Borrower who signed the Note to	pay Lender ONE HUNDRED SEVENTY ONE
THOUSAND SEVEN HUNDRED THIRTY ONE AND NO/100******	
********* Dollars (U.S. \$171.731.00 ) plus int	terest, Each Borrower who signed the Note has
promised to pay this debt in regular monthly payments and to pay the del	bt in full not later than August 1, 2054.
(E) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are signe	ed by Borrower. All such Riders are incorporated
the sent decreed to be a sent of this Convitty looks most. The following I	Ridge are to be signed by Borrower Ichack has

☐ Adjustable Rate Rider ☐ Condominium Rider ☐ Planned Unit Development Rider ☐ Other(s) [specify]

(F) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated July 25, 2024, together with all Riders to this document.

#### Additional Definitions

- (G) "Applicable Law" prisms all controlling applicable fedoral, state, and local statutes, regulations, ordinances, and administrative rules and foreign, filter have the effect of lavg are used as all applicable first, norm-appeaable judical prisms. (H) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all clues, fees, assessments, and other charges that are imposed or Borrower or the Pigerary by a condominum association, homeowers association, or similar organization. (I) "Default" means, (i) the faulty pipe and president properties of a properties of the state of the state
- described in Section 11(a).

  (7) "Electroine Fund Transfer" means any rensiser of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic haps so as to origin, instruct, or authorize a financia hightution to debt or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale translers, automated televir machine transactions; instrument in the presentation of the properties of the proper
- (K) "Electronic Signature" means an "Electronic Signature" as defined in E-SIGN.
- (L) "E-SIGN" means the Electronic Signatures in Global and Nillingal Commerce Act (15 LS.C. § 700 et seq.), as it may be amended from time to time, or any applicable additional or successive flepislation that governs the same subject matter. (M) "Exercive Herns" means: (a) twee and assessments and other littings" which can attain priority over the Security Instrument as a lien or nountribance on the Proporty; (it) besidential payment gripming regional, mass not the Proporty; if any of permitten for any and all insurance required by Londor under Section 5; and (d) Morgilige lipsurance premittens to be pald by Lender to the Socration yor the monthly shortings the surance premittens.
- (N) "Loan" means the debt obligation evidenced by the Note, plus interest, costs, expenses, and tale charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.
- (O) "Loan Servicer" means the entity that has the contractual right to receive Borrowers Periodic Payments and any other payments made by Borrower, and administers the Loan on behalf of Lender. Loan Servicer does not include a sub-servicer, which is an entity that may service the Loan on obalf of the Loan Servicer.
- (P) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, selfement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds in air under the coverage discerbed in Section 5 for (I) damage, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) miscropresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.
- (C) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or Default on, the Loan.
  (R) "Partial Payment" means any payment by Borrower, other than a voluntary prepayment permitted under the Note,
- which is less than a full outstanding Periodic Payment.

  (S) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3.
- (II) any amounts uncer Section 3.
   (T) "Property" means the property described below under the heading "TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY."
   (U) "Rents" means all amounts received by or due Borrower in connection with the lease, use, and/or occupancy of the
- Property by a party other than Borrower.

  (V) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. § 2001 of seq.) and its implementing regulation. Regulation X (20 C.R.P. Bart 1024), as they may be amended from time to time, or any additional or successful regulation and the sequence of the sequence of
- not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loar" under RESPA. (W) "Secretary" means the Secretary of the Unlied States Department of Housing and Urban Development or his designee. (X) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assured Borrower's obtionations under the Note and/or this Secretivity Instrument.

OAN #+ 6910568132

TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

This Security Instrument secures to Lender (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions, and modifications of the Noie, and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and Note. For this purpose, Borrower mortgages, grants, and conveys to MEHS (soligh) as norminee for Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) and to the successors and assigns and to the successors and assigns of MEHS, the following described property located in the County of Lake:

SEE LEGAL DESCRIPTION ATTACHED HERETO AND MADE A PART HEREOF AS "EXHIBIT A". APN #: 45-09-30-354-020.000-018

which currently has the address of 30 N Cavender St, Hobart [Street] [City] Indiana 46342-4011 ("Property Address");
[Zio Code]

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or subsequently exceled on the property, including replacements and additions to the improvements on such rapperty, all property rights, including, without limitation, all easierments, apputenances, reyallies, mineral rights, rigil or gas rights or profits, water rights, and futures now or subsequently a part of the property. All of the foregonic is, preferred to in this Socurity Instrument as the "Property." Berrower understands and agness that MERS holds only legal title to the interests granted by Borrower in this Socurity Instrument, but, if necessary to comply with law or crustom, MERS (e.g. familine of or Lender and Lender's successors and assigns) has the right: to exercise any or all of those interests, including, but not limited to, the right to foreclose and sell the Property; and to take any action required of Lender including, but not limited to, the right to foreclose and sell the Property; and to take any action required of Lender including, but not limited to, the lender of canceling this Security Instrument.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants to national use with limited variations and non-uniform covenants that reflect specific Indiana state requirements to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal Interest, Escrew Items, and Late Charges, Services will pay each Periodic Payment than data Bronover will also pay any idea charges so under the Note, and any other smouths due under this Security Instrument. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument must be made in, J.S. currency. If any check or other instrument received by Lander appayment under the Note and Security Instrument; restured to Lander unpaid. Lander may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender (a) cash, (b) money order, (b) certified check, but include the control of the Charge Char

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may accept or return any Partial Payments in its sole discretion pursuant to Section 2.

Any offset or claim that Borrower may have now or in the future against Lender will not relieve Borrower from making the full amount of all payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Acceptance and Application of Payments or Proceeds.

(a) Acceptance and Application of Partial Payments. Lender may accept and either apply or hold in suspense Partial Payments in as also discretion in accordance with this Social or 2, Lander is not obligated to accept any Partial Payments or to apply any Partial Payments at the time such payments are accepted, and also is not obligated to pay interest on such unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Bromover makes payment sufficient to cover a full Periodic Payment, at which time the amount of the full Periodic Payment will be applied to the Loan. If Borrower does not make such a payment within a reasonable period of time, Lender will either apply such funds in accordance with this Section 2 or return them to Borrowor. If not applied earlier, Partial Payments will be credited against the total amount due under the Loan in acclusiting the amount due in connection with any foredouser proceeding, payoff request, loan modification, or reinstatement. Lender may accept any payment insufficient to bring the Loan current without waiver of any rights under his Sociutify instrument or repiction to its rights to refuse such payments in the future.

DAN #: 6910568132

(b) Order of Application of Partial Payments and Periodic Payments. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: First, to the Mortgage Insurance premiums to be paid by Lender to the Sacretary or the monthly charge by the Secretary instead of the monthly mortgage insurance premiums? Second, to any taxes, operaid assessments, loseabled payments or ground rents, and fire, flood and other hezard insurance premiums, as required; Third, to interest due under the Note; Fourth, to amortization of the principal of the Note; and, Fifth, to late charges due under the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower in the amount of one or more Periodic Payments and the amount of any late charge due for a delinquent Periodic Payment, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge.

When applying payments, Lender will apply such payments in accordance with Applicable Law.

(c) Voluntary Prepayments. Voluntary prepayments will be applied as described in the Note.

(d) No Change to Payment Schedule. Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note will not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow times.

(a) Escrow Requirement: Escrow terms, Borrover must pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum of money to provide for payment of amounts due for all Escrow lense (the "Funds"). The amount of the Funds required to be paid each month may change during the term of the Loan. Borrover must attend the Turnish to Lender all notices or involces of amounts to be aid under this Section 3.

(6) Byriment of Funds; Walver, Borrower must psy Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender valves this Colligation for any Escrow Item at any time. In the event of such walver, Borrower mist pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items subject to the walver. It Lender has wakefiften groundernen to pay Lender the Funds for any or all Escrow Items, tender may require Borrower to provide proof of cligating ment of those items within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's colligation to make until may be grained and to provide proof of payment is deemed to be a covenant and agreement of Borrower will be such with such such such payable to pay Escrow Items described to the payable of the Security/Insuration is walved, and Borrower will be Borrower will be obligated to pay Escrow with the sound to the payable of the sound and the sound that the sound to the payable of the sound that the sound tha

Lender may withdraw the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by giving a notice in accordance with Scotlon 15; upon such withdrawai, Borrower must pay to Lender all Funds for such Escrow Items, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

(c) Amount of Funds; Application of Funds. Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount up to, but not in excess of, the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender will estimate the amount of Funds

due in accordance with Applicable Carl.

The Funds will be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a U.S. federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender's an institution whose deposits are no insured or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender will apply the Funds to pay the Ecrow learns on laster than the time specified under RESPA. Lender may not charge Borrower for: (i) holding and applying the Funds, iii amusily analyzing the accrow account; or (ii) verifying the Ecrow Merre, unless Lender pays Borrower interest of this funds and Applicable Lang permits Lender's makes active a disapple. In the part of the pays and the proposition of the proposition o

(d) Surplus, Shortage and Deficiency of Funds. In accordance with RESPA, if there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, Lender will account to Borrower for such surplus if Berhower's Periodic Payment is delinquent by more than 30 days, Lender may retain the surplus in the escrow accounter fine payment of the Escrow Items, if there is a shortage or deficiency of Funds held in escrow, Lender will notify Borrower and Borrower will pay to Lender the amount necessary to make us the shortage or deficiency in accordance with RESPA.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender will promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower must pay (a) all taxes, assessments, clarings, fines, and impositions attributable in the Property within have picinty or may attain priority over this Security Institument, (b) assesshold payments or ground rents on the Property if any, and (c) Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, if any of these items are Secrow terms, Borrower will apy them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower must promptly discharge any lien that has priority or may attain priority avoid this Socurity Instrument unloss Borrower: Pais agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing under such agreement; (bb) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enformement of the lien in, legal proceedings which Lender determines, in its sole dispersion, operator to prevent the enforcement of the lien in legal proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or cc) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to cruder that subordinates the lien to his Security instrument (collectively, the "Required Actions"). It Lender determines that any part of the Property's subject to a lien that has priority or may attain priority over this Socurity instrument and Borrower has not taken any of the Required Actions in regard to such lien, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days after the date of which that notice is given, Borrower must satisfy the lien or taken one or more of the Required Actions.

5. Property Insurance.

(a) Insurance Requirement; Coverages. Borrower must keep the improvements now existing or subsequently exceeded on the Property insured against loas by fire, hoazerds included within the term "excented or workerded coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquistes, winds, and floods, for which Londer equires insurance. Borrower must maintain the types of insurance Londer requires in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Loan, and may excend any minimum coverage required by Applicable Less Derower may choose the insurance carrier providing the insurance, subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right will not be exercised unreasonably.

(b) Failure to Marinain Insurance. Il Londor has a reasonable basis to believe that Borrower has failed to maintain any of the required insurance overages, discribed above, Londer may obtain insurance overage, at Lender's option and at Borrower's expanse. Unless required by Applicable Law, Londer is under no obligation to advance premiums for, or to seek to reinsistate, any prior lapsed overage obtained by Borrower. Lander is under no displaced to the purchase.

any particular type or amount of coverage and may select the provider of such insurance in its sole discretion. Before purchasing such coverage, Lender will notify Borrower if required to do so under Applicable Law. Any such coverage will insure Lender, but might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard, or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect, but not exceeding the coverage required under Section 5(a). Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained may significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender for costs associated with reinstating Borrower's insurance policy or with placing new insurance under this Section 5 will become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts will bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and will be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

(c) Insurance Policies. All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies: (i) will be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies; (ii) must include a standard mortgage clause; and (iii) must name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender will have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower will promptly give to Lender proof of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy must include a standard mortgage clause and must name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

(d) Proof of Loss; Application of Proceeds. In the event of loss, Borrower must give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, will be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if Lender deems the restoration or repair to be economically feasible and determines that Lender's security will not be lessened

by such restoration or repair.

If the Property is to be repaired or restored, Lender will disburse from the insurance proceeds any initial amounts that are necessary to begin the repair or restoration, subject to any restrictions applicable to Lender. During the subsequent repair and restoration period. Lender will have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction (which may include satisfying Lender's minimum eligibility requirements for persons repairing the Property, including, but not limited to, licensing, bond, and insurance requirements) provided that such inspection must be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed, depending on the size of the repair or restoration, the terms of the repair agreement, and whether Borrower is in Default on the Loan. Lender may make such disbursements directly to Borrower, to the person repairing or restoring the Property, or payable jointly to both. Lender will not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such insurance proceeds unless Lender and Borrower agree in writing or Applicable Law requires otherwise. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower will not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and will be the sole obligation of Borrower.

If Lender deems the restoration or repair not to be economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened by such restoration or repair, the insurance proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds will be applied in the order

that Partial Payments are applied in Section 2(b)

(e) Insurance Settlements; Assignment of Proceeds. If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate, and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Londer acquires the Property under Section 26 or otherwise, Borrower is unconditionally assigning to Lender (i) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note and this Security Instrument, and (ii) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, to the extent that such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. If Lender files, negotiates, or settles a claim. Borrower agrees that any insurance proceeds may be made payable directly to Londer without the need to include Borrower as an additional loss payee, Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property (as provided in Section 5(d)) or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Occupancy. Borrower must occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and must continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless: (1) Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent will not be unreasonably withheld; (2) Lender determines that this requirement shall cause undue hardship for the Bor-

rower; or (3) extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.

7. Preservation, Maintenance, and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower will not destroy, damage. or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower must maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless Lender determines pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower will promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage.

If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid to Lender in connection with damage to the Property, Borrower will be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed, depending on the size of the repair or restoration, the terms of the repair agreement, and whether Borrower is in Default on the Loan, Lender may make such dispursements directly to Borrower, to the person repairing or restoring the Property, or payable jointly to both. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower remains obligated to complete such repair or restoration.

If condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with the taking of the property, Lender shall apply such proceeds to the reduction of the indebtedness under the Note and this Security Instrument, first to any delinquent amounts, and then to payment of principal. Any application of the proceeds to the principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the

monthly payments or change the amount of such payments. Lender may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If Lender has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender will give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to

such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause. 6. Borrower's Loan Application. Borrower will be in Default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at Borrower's direction or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false,

misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan, including, but not limited to, overstating Borrower's income or assets, understating or failing to provide documentation of Borrower's debt obligations and liabilities, and misrepresenting Borrower's occupancy or intended occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.

9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument.

(a) Protection of Lender's Interest. If: (i) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument; (ii) there is a legal proceeding or government order that might significantly affect Lender's Interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien that has priority or may attain priority over this Security Instrument, or to enforce laws or regulations); or (iii) Lender reasonably believes that Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions may include, but are not limited to: (I) paying any sums secured by a lien that has priority or may attain priority over this Security Instrument; (II) appearing in court; and (III) paying: (A) reasonable attorneys fees and costs; (B) property inspection and valuation fees; and (C) other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, exterior and interior inspections of the Property, entering the Property to make repairs, changing locks, replacing or boarding up doors and windows, draining water from pipes, eliminating building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and having utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 9, Lender is not required to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. Lender will not be liable for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9.

(b) Avoiding Foreclosure: Mitigating Losses. If Borrower is in Default, Lender may work with Borrower to avoid foreclosure and/or mitigate Lender's potential losses, but is not obligated to do so unless required by Applicable Law. Lender may take reasonable actions to evaluate Borrower for available alternatives to foreclosure, including, but not limited to, obtaining credit reports, title reports, title insurance, property valuations, subordination agreements, and thirdparty approvals. Borrower authorizes and consents to these actions. Any costs associated with such loss mitigation activities may be paid by Lender and recovered from Borrower as described below in Section 9(c), unless prohibited by

(c) Additional Amounts Secured. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 will become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts may bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and will be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

(d) Leasehold Terms. If this Security instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower will comply with all the provisions of the lease. Borrower will not surrender the leasehold estate and interests conveyed or terminate or cancel the ground lease. Borrower will not, without the express written consent of Lender, after or amend the ground lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title will not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing. 10. Assignment of Rents.

(a) Assignment of Rents. If the Property is leased to, used by, or occupied by a third party ("Tenant"), Borrower is unconditionally assigning and transferring to Londor any Rents, regardless of to whom the Rents are payable. Borrower authorizes Lender to collect the Rents, and agrees that each Tenant will pay the Rents to Lender. However, Borrower will receive the Rents until (i) Lender has given Borrower notice of Default pursuant to Section 26, and (ii) Lender has given notice to the Tenant that the Rents are to be paid to Lender. This Section 10 constitutes an absolute assignment and not an assignment for additional security only.

(b) Notice of Default. If Lender gives notice of Default to Borrower: (i) all Rents received by Borrower must be held by Borrower as trustee for the benefit of Lender only, to be applied to the sums secured by the Security Instrument; (ii) Lender will be entitled to collect and receive all of the Rents; (iii) Borrower agrees to instruct each Tenant that Tenant is to pay all Rents due and unpaid to Lender upon Lender's written demand to the Tenant; (iv) Borrower will ensure that each Tenant pays all Rents due to Lender and will take whatever action is necessary to collect such Rents if not paid to Lender; (v) unless Applicable Law provides otherwise, all Rents collected by Lender will be applied first to the costs of taking control of and managing the Property and collecting the Rents, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' lees and costs, receiver's fees, premiums on receiver's bonds, repair and maintenance costs, insurance premiums, taxes, assessments, and other charges on the Property, and then to any other sums secured by this Security Instrument; (vi) Lender, or any judicially appointed receiver, will be liable to account for only those Rents actually received; and (viii) Lender will be entitled to have a receiver appointed to take possession of and manage the Property and collect the Rents and profits derived from the Property without any showing as to the inacequacy of the Property as security.

(c) Funds Paid by Lender. If the Rents are not sufficient to cover the costs of taking control of and managing the Property and of collecting the Rents, any funds paid by Lender for such purposes will become indebtedness of Borrower to Lender secured by this Security Instrument pursuant to Section 9.

(d) Limitation on Collection of Rents. Borrower may not collect any of the Rents more than one month in advance of the time when the Rents become due, except for security or similar deposits.

(e) No Other Assignment of Rents. Borrower represents, warrants, covenants, and agrees that Borrower has not signed any prior assignment of the Rents, will not make any further assignment of the Rents, and has not performed, and will not perform, any act that could prevent Lender from exercising its rights under this Security Instrument (f) Control and Maintenance of the Property. Unless required by Applicable Law, Lender, or a receiver appointed

under Applicable Law, is not obligated to enter upon, take control of, or maintain the Property before or after giving notice of Default to Borrower. However, Lender, or a receiver appointed under Applicable Law, may do so at any time when Borrower is in Default, subject to Applicable Law.

(g) Additional Provisions. Any application of the Rents will not cure or waive any Default or invalidate any other right or remedy of Lender. This Section 10 does not relieve Borrower's obligations under Section 6. This Section 10 will terminate when all the sums secured by this Security Instrument are paid in full.

11. Assignment and Application of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture.

(a) Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds. Borrower is unconditionally assigning the right to receive all Miscel-

laneous Proceeds to Lender and agrees that such amounts will be paid to Lender.

(b) Application of Miscellaneous Proceeds upon Damage to Property. If the Property is damaged, any Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if Lender deems the restoration or repair to be economically feasible and Lender's security will not be lessened by such restoration or repair. During such repair and

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restoration period, Lender will have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect the Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction (which may include satisfying Lender's minimum eligibility requirements for persons repairing the Property, including, but not limited to, licensing, bond, and insurance requirements) provided that such inspection must be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed, depending on the size of the repair or restoration, the terms of the repair agreement, and whether Borrower is in Default on the Loan. Lender may make such disbursements directly to Borrower, to the person repairing or restoring the Property, or payable jointly to both. Unless Lender and Borrower agree in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender will not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If Lender deems the restoration or repair not to be economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened by such restoration or repair, the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied in the order that Partial Payments are applied in Section 2(b).

(c) Application of Miscellaneous Proceeds upon Condemnation, Destruction, or Loss in Value of the Property. In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, all of the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property (each, a "Partial Devaluation") where the fair market value of the Property immediately before the Partial Devaluation is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the Partial Devaluation, a percentage of the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing. The amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds that will be so applied is determined by multiplying the total amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds by a percentage calculated by taking (i) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the Partial Devaluation, and dividing it by (ii) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the Partial Devaluation, Any balance of the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a Partial Devaluation where the fair market value of the Property immediately before the Partial Devaluation is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the Partial Devaluation, all of the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not the sums are then due, unless

Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing. (d) Settlement of Claims. Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, or to restoration or repair of the Property, if Borrower (i) abandons the Property, or (ii) fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date Lender notifies Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to settle a claim for damages. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower the Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in

regard to the Miscellaneous Proceeds.

flood zone determinations.

(e) Proceeding Affecting Lender's Interest in the Property, Borrower will be in Default if any action or proceeding begins, whether civil or criminal, that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Proporty or other material impair ment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a Default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower is unconditionally assigning to Lender the proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property, which proceeds will be paid to Lender. All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property will be applied

in the order that Partial Payments are applied in Section 2(b).

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance by Lender Not a Waiver. Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower. rower will not be released from liability under this Security Instrument if Lender extends the time for payment or modifies the amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument. Lender will not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower, or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities, or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the

amount then due, will not be a waiver of, or proclude the exercise of, any right or remedy by Lender.

13. Joint and Several Liability; Signatories; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument will be joint and several. However, any Borrower who signs this Security Instrument but does not sign the Note; (a) signs this Security Instrument to mortgage, grant, and convey such Borrower's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) signs this Security Instrument to waive any applicable inchoate rights such as dower and curtesy and any available homestead exemptions; (c) signs this Security Instrument to assign any Miscellaneous Proceeds, Rents, or other earnings from the Property to Lender; (d) is not personally obligated to pay the sums due under the Note or this Security Instrument; and (e) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear, or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of the Note or this Security Instrument without such Borrower's consent and without affecting such Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, will obtain all of Borrower's rights, obligations, and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower will not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing.

14. Loan Charges.

(a) Tax and Flood Determination Fees, Lender may require Borrower to pay either (A) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification, and tracking services, or (B) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur that reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower will also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, or any successor agency, at any time during the Loan term, in connection with any

(b) Default Charges. If permitted under Applicable Law, Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's Default to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including: (i) reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; (ii) property inspection, valuation, mediation, and loss mitigation fees; and (iii) other related fees.

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(c) Permissibility of Fees. Lender may collect fees and charges authorized by the Secretary. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

d) Savings Clause. If Applicable Lave role maximum loan changes, and that law is finally interpreted so that the intelest or other load registerious of role and protected in connection with the Loan except the permitted limits, then (i) gray the control of the permitted limit and (ii) any area already conflicted in the permitted limit, and (ii) any area already collected from Borrower which exceeded pramitted limit, will be refunded to Borrower. Land remy choice to make his refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the roduction will be restand as a partial prepayment. To the extent permitted by Applicable Law, Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

15. Notices; Borrower's Physical Address. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security

Instrument must be in writing.

(a) Notices to Borrower. Unleas Applicable Law requires a different method, any written notice to Borrower in connection with this Security instrument will be desired to have been given to Borrower with off, mailed by first class mail, or (i) actually delivered to Borrower's Notice Address (as defined in Section 15(c) below) if sent by means other than first class mail or Electronia: Communication (as defined to Section 15(b) below). Notice to any one Borrower will constitute of the Communication of the Section 15(c) below if the Section 15(c) below

(b) Electronic Notice to Borrower. Unless another delivery method is required by Applicable Law, Lender may provide notice it Barrower by e-mail or other electronic communication ("Electronic Communication") if: (ii) agreed to by Lender and Borrower in writing: (ii) Borrower has provided Lender with Borrower's e-mail or other electronic address ("Electronic Communication") and a second receive notices by first class mail or by other non-Electronic Communication in stead or by Electronic Communication, and (iv) Lender otherwise complies with Applicable Law. Amy notice to Borrower eith by Electronic Communication in commercion with this Security instrument will be deemed to have been given to Borrower and unless Lender becomes aware that such motice is not delivered. If Lender becomes the second of the second second in the second of the the second

(c) Borrower's Notice Address, The address to which Lender will cend Borrower notice ("Notice Address") will be the Proporty Address unless Borrower jabs designated and inferent address by written notice to Lender. If Lender and Borrower have agreed that notice may be given by Electronic Communication, then Borrower may designate an Electronic Address as Notice Address. Borrower will primoty just full Lender of Borrower's Annage of Notice Address. Including any changes to Borrower's Electronic Address if designated as Notice Address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of Notice Address, then Borrower will light on a change of Notice Address only through that specified procedure.

(a) Notices to Lender, Any notice to Lender vill be given by delivering 1 or by mailing 1 by first class mail to Lender's dates stated in this Society's instrument unless liquid her has designated another address (noticed) and Electronic Address, by notice to Borrows. Any notice in connection with this Security instrument will be deemed to have been given to Lender vill when actually received by Lender's Elender's designated address which may include an Electronic Address). If any notice to Lender required by this Security instrument's also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will add the covergooding requirement under this Security instrument.

(e) Borrower's Physical Address. In addition to the designated Notice Address, Borrower will provide Lender with the address where Borrower physically resides, it different from the Property Address, and notify Lender whenever this address changes.

16. Governing Law: Severability: Rules of Construction. The Security instrument is governed by federal law and the law of the Statu of Indiana. All rights and obligations contained in fails. Security instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. If any provision of this Security instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law (i) such conflict with not secure to the security instrument of the Note conflicts with Applicable Law (ii) such conflicting provision, and (i) such conflicting provision, to the extent possible, will be considered modified to compy with Applicable Law. If any any and the security of the Security instrument of the Note of Conflict o

As used in this Security instrument. (a) words in the singular will mean and include the glural and vice versa; (b) the word 'may' glives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action; (a) any reference in Section' in this document retires to Sections contained in this Security instrument unless otherwise notice; and (c) the headings and captions are inserted for convenience of reference and do not define, limit, or describe the scope or intent of trill's Security instrument or any particular Section, paragraph, or provision.

Borrower's Copy. One Borrower will be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.
 Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. For purposes of this Section 18 only Interest in

he Property means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, hose beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, hose beneficial interest transferred in a bend to deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract, or scriow agreement, the limited to thinch is the transferred in a bend to a purchasor at a future data.

If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not is natural porson and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred without underly criprior within consonal, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, Lender will not exercise this option if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender will give Borrower notice of accoleration. The notice will provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower falls to pay these sums prior to, or upon, the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remotise permitted by this Security Instrument who that there notice or demand on the period, the security of the period of the pe

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19. Borrower's Right to Reinstate the Loan after Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the registry to enscisament of a moragen intervent. Lender is not required to resistate it? (I Lunder these accepted reinstatement after the commencement of foreclosure proceedings within two years immediately praceding the commencement of accurrent preclosure proceedings; (I) einstatement will procude foreclosure on different grounds in the future, or (II) einstatement will adversely affect the priority of the lien created by this Security Instrument. This right to reinstate will not poply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

To reinstate the Loan, Borrower must satisfy all of the following conditions; (aa) pay Lender all sums that then would be due undor this Socurity instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (the Liura ny Pofalit of any other covenants or agreements under this Security Instrument or the Note; (cc) pay all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument or the Note, including, but not limited to (i) reasonable attorney's fees and cods; (ii) property inspection and valuation fees, and (iii) other fees incurred to protect Lender's interest in the Proporty and/or rights under this Security Instrument or the Note, and (did take such action as Lender'n may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument or the Note, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument or the Note, will continue unchanged.

Landar may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the billowing forms, as selected by Lender: (eas) cash; (bbb) more) order; (occ) contilled check, bank check, treasurer's check, or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a U.S. federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (ddb) Electronic Fund Transfer. Upon Borrower's reinstatement of the Loan, this Security Instrument any foligipations secured by this Security Instrument will remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occur-

20. Sale of Note. The Note or a partial interest in the Note, together with this Security Instrument, may be sold or otherwijse transferred one or more times. Upon such a sale or other transfer, all of Lender's rights and obligations under this Security instrument will convey to Lender's successors and assigns.

21. Loan Servicer. Lender may take any action permitted under this Security Instrument through the Loan Servicer or another authorized representative, such as a sub-servicer. Borrower understands that the Loan Servicer or other authorized froresentative of Lender has the right and authorized froy such action.

The Loan Serticel ray change one or more times curing the term of the Note. The Loan Servicer may or may not be the holder of the Rose. The Loan Servicer has the right and suthority to; disclined Ferdicel Payments and any other amounts due under the Missand this Security Instrument; (b) perform any other mortgage loan servicing obligations; and (c) excercise any right Surject Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Lawn to helialf of Learning of the Loan Servicing Servicer with the price and the Loan Servicer's Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address the change of the Loan Servicer's Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address the change of the Loan Servicer's Borrower will be given the should be made, and any other thromston ReSAR equiva-

22. Notice of Grievance. Until Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (in accordance with Socion 15) of an alleged breach and afforded the other party a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to talk corrective action, notities Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (either as an individual litigant or a membror of a classe) that (a) arises from the other party as forcing pursuant to his Sociuty Instrument or the Note, or (b) alleges that the other party has given and any provision of this Sociuty Instrument on the Note. If Applicable Lee provides a time period that must sleppe begin earth action can be according to the Note of the No

#### 23. Hazardous Substances.

(a) Definitions. As used in this Section 22: (i) "Environmental Law" means any Applicable Laws where the Property is located that relate to health, selfact, or environmental profession, (ii) Plazactous. Substances include, (ii) those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wisdes by Environmental Law, and (ii) the following substances; possions, excesses, other fariamable or toxic perfording roducts, toxic peticles and herbicals, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, corrosive interior is or agents, and radioactive materials; (iii) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, as defined in Environmental Law, and (iii) an "Environmental Ceraturo.

(c) Notices: Remodial Actions. Borrower will promptly give Lender written notice of: (i) and presignation, claim, demand, lawari, or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge; (ii) any Environmental Condition, including but not initiated by any spilling, leaking, dischange, release, or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance; and (iii) any condition caused by the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance that adversely affects (in alpha or Property, If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority or any private party little any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower will promptly take all necessary emedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law Nothing in this Security instrument will create the property of the property of

any obligation on Lander for an Environmental Clieanup.

24. Electronic Note Signed with Borrower's Electronic Signature. If the Note evidencing the debt for this Loan is clectronic, Borrower calcrowledges and represents to Lender that Borrower (a) expressly consented and intended to sign the electronic Note using an Electronic Signature adopted by Borrower ("Borrower's Electronic Signature") instead of signing a paper Note with Borrower's within pen and ink signature, (b) did not withdraw Borrower's express consent to sign the electronic Note using Borrower's Electronic Signature, Borrower Signature, Condenstoot that by signing the electronic Note using Borrower's Electronic Signature, Borrower Signature, World Signature with the inheat and undestratinging that

by doing so, Borrower promised to pay the debt evidenced by the electronic Note in accordance with its terms.

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25. Borrower Not Third-Party Beneficiary to Contract of Insurance. Mcrigage Insurance reimburses Londer (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if Borrower does not repay the Loen as a grow burnour acknowledges and agrees that the Borrower is not a firthing hardy beneficiary to the Contract of insurance between the Secretary and Londor, nor is Borrower entitled to enforce any agreement between Londer and the Secretary, unless excited with unforced to do so by Anolicable Law.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

26. Acceleration: Remedies.

- (a) "Notice of Default. Lender will give a notice of Default to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's Default, soeps that acus notice of Default will not be sent when Lender exercises its right under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise. The notice will specify, in addition to any other information required by Applicable Law provides otherwise. The notice will specify, in addition to any other information required by Applicable Law promise specified by Applicable Law) from the date the notice is given to Berrower, by which the Default most be cured; (if) that failure to cure the Default on to before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the cured to the control of the date of
- (a) Acceleration; Foreicsum; Expenses. If the Default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreglose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding, Lender will be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in privating the remodels provided in this Section 26, including, but not limited to: (i) reasonable attorneys' fees and gösts; (ii) property inspection and valuation fees; and (iii) other fees incurred to protect Lendéry's interest in the Property andport rights under this Security Instrument.

27. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender will release this Security Instrument. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument only if the fee is paid to a third party for

services rendered and is permitted under Applicable Law.

28. Waiver of Valuation and Appraisement. Borrower waives all right of valuation and appraisement.
29. Stated Maturity Date. The stated malufity date is the date by which the cept must be paid in full as set forth in the definition of Note.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider sloned by Borrower and recorded with it.

T-25-24 (Seat)

T-25-24 (Seat)

T-25-24 (Seat)

T-25-24 (Seat)

INDIANA – Single Family – Fannie Mae/Froddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT (MERS) Form 3015 07/2021 (rev. 7/23) Modified for FHA 1/2023 (HUD Handbook 4000.1)

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LOAN #: 6910568132

State of Indiana County of LAKE	
This record was acknowledged before me on July and BRIAN MIHAL.  My commission expires: 7  3 32	Notary Fublic Signature Commissioned in County.
Lender: Fairway Independent Mortgage Corporation MMLS ID: 228 Loan Originator: Garrett Litke NMLS ID: 2110271	SHET CH LUCED Metary Public Metary Public Perfect Caulty's Sale of Indiana Commission Number NPG68272 My Commission Expires Jul 31, 2032
County	
I AFFIRM UNDER THE PENALTIES FOR PERJURY, THE EACH SOCIAL SECURITY NUMBER IN THIS DOCUME	the state of the s
THIS DOCUMENT WAS PREPARED BY: HEATHER KIMBERLIN 317-708-4338	Top

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#### Exhibit A

LOT 8, BLOCK 12, COUNTRY CLUB ESTATES SUBDIVISION, CITY OF HOBART, AS SHOWN IN PLAT BOOK 20, PAGE 41, IN THE OFFICE OF THE RECORDER OF LAKE COUNTY, INDIANA.



Legal Description INPT24-101320W