NOT AN OFFICIA

BY: JAS PG #: 26 RECORDED AS PRESENTED GINA PIMENTEL RECORDER

After Recording Return To: AMERICAN COMMUNITY BANK OF INDIANA 7880 WICKER AVENUE ST JOHN, INDIANA 46373 Loan Number: 2300000516

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MORTGAGE

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined under the caption TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY and in Sections 3, 4, 10, 11, 12, 16, 19, 24, and 25. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 17.

Parties

(A) "Borrower" is Jerome Wilson an unmarried man

currently residing at 211 Bunker Drive, SCHERERVILLE, INDIANA 46375

Borrower is the mortgagor under this Security Instrument.

(B) "Lender" is AMERICAN COMMUNITY BANK OF INDIANA

Lender is a STATE BANK INDIANA

organized and existing under the laws of . Lender's address is 7880 WICKER AVENUE, ST JOHN.

INDIANA 46373

Lender is the mortgagee under this Security Instrument, The term "Lender" includes any successors and assigns of Lender. 00/0/0

INDIANA - Single Family - Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3015 07/2021

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-1.NO17120

Greater Indiana Title Company



Documents

(C) "Note" means the promissory note dated poember 4, 2023 and signed by each Borrower who is legally obligated for the debt under that promissory note, that is in either (i) paper form, using Borrower's written pen and link signature, or (ii) electronic form, using Borrower's advertised Betternios (Signature in accordance with the UETA or E-SIGN, as applicable. The Note evidences the legal obligation of each Borrower who signed the Note to pay Lender FOUR HUNDRED FORTY-ONE THOUSAND AND 00/100 Dollar (U.S. \$441,000.00) plus interest. Each Borrower who signed the Note has promised to pay this debt in regular monthly payments and to pay the debt in full not later than December 1, 2024 (D) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are signed by Borrower. All such Riders are incorpgitated into and deemed to be a part of this Security Instrument. The following Riders are to be signed by Borrower (beck box as applicable):
Adjustable Rate Rider □ Condominium Rider ☑ 1-4 Family Rider □ Planned Unit Development Rider □ Second Home Rider ☒ Other(s) [specify]: Construction Rider, Balloon Payment Rider
(E) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated with all kiders to this document. Additional Definitions (E) "Annifoshle Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state, and local statutes, regulations, ordinances.
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- (G) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments, and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association, or similar organization.
- (H) "Default" means: (i) the failure to pay any Periodic Payment or any other amount secured by this Security Instrument on the date it is due; (ii) a breach of any representation, warranty, covenant, obligation, or agreement in this Security Instrument; (iii) any materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statement to Lender provided by Borrower or any persons or entities acting at Borrower's direction or with Borrower's knowledge or consent, or failure to provide Lender with material information in connection with the Loan, as described in Section 8; or (iv) any action or proceeding described in Section 12(e).
- (f) "Electronic Fund Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone or other electronic device capable of communicating with such financial institution, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.
- (I) "Electronic Signature" means an "Electronic Signature" as defined in the UETA or E-SIGN, as applicable.

- (K) "E-SIGN" means the Electronic Signatures in Global and National Commerce Act (15 U.S.C. § 7001 et seq.), as it may be amended from time to time, or any applicable additional or successor legislation that governs the same subject matter.
- (L) "Escrow Hems" means: (i) taxes and assessments and other items that can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (ii) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (iii) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; (iv) Mortgage Insurance premiums in any or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 11; and (v) Community Association Dues, Pees, and Assessments if Lender requires that they be escrowed beginning at Loan closing or at any time during the Loan term.
- (M) "Loan" means the debt obligation evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges, costs, expenses, and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.
- (N) "Joan Servicer" means the entity that has the contractual right to receive Borrower's Periodic Payments and any other payments made by Borrower, and administers the Loan on behalf of Loaner. Loan Servicer does not include a sub-servicer, which is an entity that may service the Loan on behalf of the Loan Servicer.
- (O) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for; (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.
- lieu of condemnation; or (N) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

 (P) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or Default on, the Load

 (O) "Partial Payment" means any payment by Borrower, other than a voluntary prepayment permitted under the
- Note, which is less than a full outstanding Periodic Payment.

 (R) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note,
- plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3.

 (S) "Property" means the property described below under the heading "TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY."
- (T) "Rents" means all amounts received by or due Borrower in connection with the lease, use, and/or occupancy
- of the Property by a party other than Borrower. (U) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. § 2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (12 C.F.R. Part 1024), as they may be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor federal legislation or regulation (hat governs the same subject matter. When used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that would apply to a "federally related mortgage learn" even if
- the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.

 (V) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.
- (W) "UETA" means the Uniform Electronic Transactions Act, as enacted by the jurisdiction in which the Property is located, as it may be amended from time to time, or any applicable additional or successor legislation that governs the same subject matter.

TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

This Security Instrument secures to Lender (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions, and modifications of the Note, and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower mortgages, grants, and conveys to Lender the following described property located in the

COUNTY
Type of Recording Jurisdiction1

l a

[Name of Recording Jurisdiction]

Lot 2 in Grand Addition to the Town of Schererville, as per plat thereof, recorded in Plat Book 84 page 19, in the Office of the Recorder of Lake County, Indiana. A.P.N.: 45-11-10-379-004 000-036

which currently has the address of 1509-1511 Austin Avenue

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or subsequently erected on the property, including replacements and additions to the improvements on such property, all property rights, including, without limitation, all easements, appurtenances, royalties, mineral rights, oil or gas rights or profits, water rights, and fixtures now or subsequently a part of the property. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER REPRESENTS, WARRANTS, COVENANTS, AND AGREES that: (i) Borrower lawfully owns and possesses the Property conveyed in this Security Instrument in fee simple or lawfully has the right to use and occupy the Property under a leasehold estate; (ii) Borrower has the right to mortgage, grant, and convey the Property or Borrower's leasehold interest in the Property; and (iii) the Property is unencumbered, and not subject to any other ownership interest in the Property, except, for neumbrances and ownership interests of record. Borrower warrants generally the title to the Property and covenants and agrees to defend the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any enouphrances and ownership interests of record as of Loan closing.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform coverants for national use with limited variations and nontificom coverants that reflect specific Indiana state requirements to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower will pay each Periodic Payment when due, Borrower will also pay any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and any other amounts due under this Security Instrument. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument must be made in U.S. currency. If any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, but check, treasurer's check, or she's check have it is check any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a U.S. federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Furd Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 16. Lender may accept or return any Partial Payments in its sole discretion pursuant to Section 2.

Any offset or claim that Borrower may have now or in the future against Lender will not relieve Borrower from making the full amount of all payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

- 2. Acceptance and Application of Payments or Proceeds.
- (a) Acceptance and Application of Partial Payments. Lender may accept and either apply or hold in suspense Partial Payments in its sole discretion in accordance with this Section 2. Lender is not obligated to accept any Partial Payments or to apply any Partial Payments at the time such payments are accepted, and also is not obligated to pay interest on such unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment sufficient to cover a full Periodic Payment, at which time the amount of the full Periodic Payment will be applied to the Loan. If Borrower does not make such a payment within a reasonable period of time, Lender will either apply such funds in accordance with this Section 2 or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, Partial Payments will be credited against the folds amount due under the Loan in calculating the amount due in connection with any foreclosure proceeding, payoff request, loan modification, or reinstatement. Lender may accept any payment insufficient to bring the Loan current without waiver of any rights under this Security Instrument or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payments in the lature.
- (b) Ordey of Application of Partial Payments and Periodic Payments. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, if Lender applies a payment, such payment will be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due, beginning with the oldest outstanding Periodic Payment, as follows: first to interest and then to principal due under the Nofe, and finally to Escrow Items. If all outstanding Periodic Payments then due are paid in full, any payment amounts then due under this Septide to late charges and to any amounts then due under this Service Instrument. If all sums then due under the Note and this Security Instrument are paid in full, any remaining payment amount may be applied, in Lender's sole discretion, to a future Periodic Payment or to reduce the principal balance of the Note.
- If Lender receives a payment from Borrower in the amount of one or more Periodic Payments and the amount of payment pate charge due for a delinquent Periodic Payment, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge.

When applying payments, Lender will apply such payments in accordance with Applicable Law.

(c) Voluntary Prepayments. Voluntary prepayments will be applied as described in the Note.

- (d) No Change to Tryment Schedule. Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note will not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.
 - 3. Funds for Escrow Items,
- (a) Escrow Requirement; Escrow Items. Borrower must pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum of money to provide for payment of amounts due for all Bscrow Items (the "Funds"). The amount of the Funds required to be paid each month may change during the term of the Loan. Borrower must promptly furnish to Lender all notices or invoices of amounts to be paid under this Section 3.
- (b) Payment of Funds; Waiver. Borrower must pay Lender the Funds for Facrow Items unless Lender waives this obligation in writing. Lender may waive this obligation for any Escrow Item at any time. In the event of such waiver, Borrower must pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items subject to the waiver. If Lender has waived the requirement to pay Lender the Funds for any or all Escrow Items, Lender may require Borrower to provide proof of direct payment of those items within such time perigd as Lender may require. Borrower is obligation to make such timely payments and to provide proof of payment is deemed to be a covenant and agreement of Borrower under this Security Instrument. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay timely the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 to pay such amount and Borrower will be obligated to repay to Lender any such amount in accordance with Section 9.

Lender may withdraw the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by giving a notice in accordance with Section 16; upon such withdrawal, Borrower must pay to Lender all Funds for such Escrow Items, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

(c) Amount of Funds; Application of Funds. Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount up to, but not in excess of, the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender will estimate the amount of Funds due in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds will be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a U.S. federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender will apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender may not charge Borrower for: (i) holding and applying the Funds; (ii) annually analyzing the escrow account; or (iii) verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless Lender and Borrower agree in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Lender will not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on the Funds. Lender will give to Borrower. Aithbour charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

(d) Surplus, Shortage and Deficiency of Funds. In accordance with RISPA, if there is a surplus of Funds held in serrow, Lender will account to Borrower for such surplus. If Borrower's Periodic Payment is delinquent by more than 30 days, Lender may retain the surplus in the serrow account for the payment of the Escrow Items. If there is a shortage or deficiency of Funds held in escrow, Lender will notify Borrower and Borrower will pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage or deficiency in accordance with RESPA.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender will promptly refund to Borrower any Funds held by Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower must pay (a) all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which have priority or may attain priority over this Security Instrument, (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and (c) Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. If any of these items are Escrow Items. Borrower will pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower must promptly discharge any lien that has priority or may attain priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower (an) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a mamor acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing under such agreement; (bb) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which Lender determines, in its sole discretion, operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (co) secures from the holder of the lien at ingenent satisfactory to Lender that subordinates the lien to this Security Instrument (collectively, he "Required Actions"). If Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien that has priority or may attain priority over this Security Instrument and Borrower has not taken any of the Required Actions in regard to such lien, Lender may give Borrower an totic identifying the Within 10 days after the date on which that notice is given, Borrower must satisfy the lien or take one or more of the Required Actions.

5. Property Insurance.

(a) Insurance Requirement; Coverages, Borrower must keep the improvements now existing or subsequently crected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term, "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, carthquakes, winds, and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. Borrower must maintain the types of insurance Lender requires in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can hange during the term of the Loan, and may exceed any minimum coverage required by Applicable Law. Borrower may choose the insurance carrier providing the insurance, subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right will not be exercised unreasonably.

(b) Failure to Maintain Insurance. If Lender has a reasonable basis to believe that Borrower has failed to maintain any of the required insurance coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's

option and at Borrower's expense. Unless required by Applicable Law, Lender is under no obligation to advance premiums for, or to seek to reinstate, any prior lapsed coverage obtained by Borrower. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage and may select the provider of such insurance in its sole discretion. Before purchasing such coverage, Lender will notify Borrower if required to do so under Applicable Law. Any such coverage will insure Lender, but might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equiry in the Property, the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard, or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect, but not exceeding the coverage required under Section 5(a). Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained may significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Londer for costs associated with reinstating Borrower's insurance policy or with placing new insurance under this Section's will become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument, These amounts will bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and will be payable, with such infersile, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

(c) Insurance Policies. All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies: (i) will be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies; (ii) must include a standard mortgage clause; and (iii) must name Lender as mortgages and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender will have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Jender requires, Borrower will promptly give to Lender proof of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower oblains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy must include a standard mortgage clause and must name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss power.

(d) Proof of Loss; Application of Proceeds. In the event of loss, Borrower must give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, will be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if Lender deems the restoration or repair to be economically feasible and determines that Lender's security will not be lessened by such restoration or repair.

If the Property is to be repaired or restored, Lender will disburse from the insurance proceeds any initial amounts that are necessary to begin the repair or restoration, subject to any restrictions applicable to Lender. During the subsequent repair and restoration period, Lender will have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction (which may include satisfying Lender's minimum eligibility requirements for persons repairing the Property, including to not limited to, licensing, bond, and insurance requirements) provided that such inspection must be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed, depending on the size of the repair or restoration, the terms of the repair agreement, and whether Borrower is in Default on the Loan. Lender may make such disbursements directly to Borrower, to the person repairing or restoring the Property, or payable jointy to both. Lender will not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such insurance proceeds unless Lender and Borrower agree in writing or Applicable Law requires otherwise. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower will not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and will be the sole obligation of Borrower.

If Lender deems the restoration or repair not to be economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened by such restoration or repair, the insurance proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds will be applied in the order that Partial Payments are applied in Section 2(b).

(e) Insurance Settlements: Assignment of Proceeds. If Borrower abandons the Property, Londer may file, negations, and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 26 or otherwise, Borrower is unconditionally assigning to Lender (i) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note and this Security Instrument, and (ii) any

other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, to the extent that such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. If Lender flies, negotiates, or settles a claim, Borrower agrees that any insurance proceeds may be made payled directly to Lender without the need to include Borrower as an additional loss payce. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property (as provided in Section 5(d)) or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Occupancy, Borrower must occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and must continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent will not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist that are beyond Borrower's control.

7. Preservation, Maintenance, and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower will not destroy, damage, or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower's residing in the Property, Borrower must maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating on decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless Lender determines pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower will promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage.

If insurance or exponentation proceeds are paid to Lender in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower will be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed, depending on the size of the repair or restoration, the terms of the repair agreement, and whether Borrower is in Default on the Loan. Lender may make such disbursements directly a Borrower, to the person repairing or restoring the Property, or payable jointly to both. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower remains obligated to complete such repair or restoration.

Lender may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If Lender has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender will give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

- 8. Borrower's Loan Application. Borrower will be in Default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at Borrower's direction or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially flash, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan, including, but not limited to, overstating Borrower's income or assets, understating or failing to provide documentation of Borrower's debt obligations and liabilities, and misrcroresenting Borrower's occupancy or intended occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.
 - 9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument.
- (a) Protection of Lender's Interest. If: (i) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument; (ii) there is a legal proceeding or government order that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien that has priority or may attain priority over this Security Instrument, or to enforce laws or regulations; for (iii) Lender reasonably believes that Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect lender's interest in the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions may include, but are not limited to; (i) paying any sums secured by a lien that has priority or may attain priority over this Security Instrument; (ii) appearing in court; and (III) paying; (A) reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; (B) property inspection and valuation fees; and (c) other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Security the Property includes, but is not limited to.

exterior and interior inspections of the Property, entering the Property to make repairs, changing locks, replacing or boarding up doors and windows, draining water from pipes, climinating building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and having utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 9, Lender is not required to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. Lender will not be liable for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9,

(b) Avoiding Foreclosure; Mitigating Losses. If Borrower is in Default, Lender may work with Borrower to avoid foreclosure and/or mitigate Lender's potential losses, but is not obligated to do so unless required by Applicable Law. Lender may take reasonable actions to evaluate Borrower for available alternatives to foreclosure, including, but not limited to, obtaining credit reports, title reports, title insurance, property valuations, subordination agreements, and third-party approvals. Borrower authorizes and consents to these actions. Any costs associated with such loss, mitigation activities may be paid by Lender and recovered from Borrower as described below in Section 9(c), unless, affolible by Applicable Law.

(c) Additional Amounts Secured. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 will become additional detr of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts may bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and will be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

(d) Leasehold Terms. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower will comply with all the provisions of the lease, Borrower will not surrender the leasehold estate and interests conveyed or terminate or cancel the ground lease. Borrower will not, without the express written consent of Lender, aller or amend the ground lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title will not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

10. Assignment of Rents.

- (a) Assignment of Rents. If the Property is leased to, used by, or occupied by a third party ("Tenant"), Borrower is unconditionally assigning and transferring to Lender any Rents, regardless of to whom the Rents are payable. Borrower authorizes Lender to collect the Rents, and agrees that each Tenant will pay the Rents to Lender, However, Borrower will receive the Rents until (a) Lender has given Borrower notice of Default pursuant to Section 26, and (ii) Lender has given notice to the Tenant that the Rents are to be paid to Lender. This Section 10 constitutes an absolute assignment and not an assignment for additional security only.
- (b) Notice of Default. If Lender gives notice of Default to Borrower: (i) all Rents received by Borrower must be held by Borrower as trustee for the benefit of Lender.only, to be applied to the sums secured by the Security Instrument; (ii) Lender will be entitled to collect and receive all of the Rents; (iii) Borrower agrees to instruct each Tenant that Tenant is to pay all Rents due and unpaid to Lender upon Lender's written demand to the Tenant, (iv) Borrower will tensure that each Tenant pays all Rents due to Lender upon Lender's written demand to the Tenant; (iv) Defortwer will the applied first to the costs of taking control of and managing the Property and collecting the Rents, including, but not limited to, reasonable autorney? Gees and costs, receiver's fees, premiums on receiver's bonds, repair and maintenance costs, insurance premiums, taxes, assessments, and other charges on the Property, and then to any other sums socured by this Security Instrument; (vi) Lender, or any judicially appointed receiver, will be liable to account for only those Rents actually received; and (vii) Lender will be entitled to have a receiver appointed to take possession of and manage the Property and collect the Rents and profits derived from the Property, without any showing as to the inadequancy of the Property as security.
- (c) Funds Paid by Lender. If the Rents are not sufficient to cover the costs of taking control of and managing the property and of collecting the Rents, any funds paid by Lender for such purposes will become indebtedness of Borrower to Lender secured by this Security Instrument pursuant to Section 9.
- (d) Limitation on Collection of Rents. Borrower may not collect any of the Rents more than one month in advance of the time when the Rents become due, except for security or similar deposits.

- (e) No Other Assignment of Rents. Borrower represents, warrants, covenants, and agrees that Borrower has not signed any prior assignment of the Rents, will not make any further assignment of the Rents, and has not performed, and will not perform, any act that could prevent Lender from exercising its rights under this Security
- (f) Control and Maintenance of the Property. Unless required by Applicable Law, Lender, or a receiver appointed under Applicable Law, is not obligated to enter upon, take control of, or maintain the Property before or after giving notice of Default to Borrower. However, Lender, or a receiver appointed under Applicable Law, may do so at any time when Borrower is in Default, subject to Applicable Law.
- (g) Additional Provisions. Any application of the Rents will not cure or waive any Default or invalidate any other right or remedy of Lender. This Section 10 does not relieve Borrower of Borrower's obligations under Section
 - This Section 10 will terminate when all the sums secured by this Security Instrument are paid in full.

 11. Mortgage Insurance.
- (a) Payment of Premiums, Substitution of Policy; Loss Reserve; Protection of Lender, If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower will pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance; and (i) the Mortgage Insurance; and (ii) the Mortgage Insurance coverage required by Lender ceases for any reason to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously provided such insurance; or (ii) Lender determines in its sole discretion that such mortgage insurer that previously provided such insurance; or (ii) Lender determines in its sole discretion that such mortgage insurer is no longer eligible to provide the Mortgage Insurance coverage required by Lender, Borrower will pay differ premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, gat a cost substantially equivalent to the Cost to Borrower of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer selected by Lender.

If substantially equivalent Morfgage Insurance coverage is not available, Borrower will continue to pay to Lender the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use, and retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve will be non-refundable, even when the Loan is paid in full, and Lender will not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such loss reserve.

Lender will no longer require loss reserve payments if Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected by Lender again becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance.

If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Lean and Borrower was required to make searched designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower will pay the premiums required to maintain Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-refundable loss reserve, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance and in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender providing for such termination or until termination is required by Applicable Law. Nothing in this Section 11 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the Note rate.

(b) Mortgage Insurance Agreements. Mortgage Insurance reimburses Lender for certain losses Lender may incur if Borrower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance policy or coverage.

Mortgage insurers evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements may require the mortgage insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums).

As a result of these agreements, Lender, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. Any such agreements will not: (i) affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage

Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan; (ii) increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance; (iii) cutild Borrower to any refund; or (iv) affect the rights Borrower has, if any, with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homecowners Protection Act of 1998 (12 U.S.C. § 4901 et seq.), as it may be amended from time to line, or any additional or successor federal legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter ("HPA"). These rights under the HPA may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

12. Assignment and Application of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture.

(a) Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds. Borrower is unconditionally assigning the right to receive all Miscellaneous Proceeds to Lender and agrees that such amounts will be paid to Lender.

(b) Application of Miscellaneous Proceeds upon Damage to Property. If the Property is damaged, any Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if Lender deems the restoration or repair to be economically feasible and Lender's security will not be lessened by such restoration or repair. During such repair and restoration period. Lender will have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect the Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction (which may include satisfying Lender's minimum eligibility requirements for persons repairing the Property, including, but not limited to, licensing, bond, and insurance requirements) provided that such inspection must be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed, depending on the size of the repair or restoration, the terms of the repair agreement, and whether Borrower is in Default on the Loan. Lender may make such disbursements directly to Borrower, to the person repairing or restoring the Property, or payable jointly to both. Unless Lender and Borrower agree in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender will not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If Lender deems the restoration or repair not to be economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened by such restoration or repair, the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower, Such Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied in the order that Partial Payments are applied in Section 2(b).

(c) Application of Miscellaneous Proceeds upon Condemnation, Destruction, or Loss in Value of the Property. In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, all of the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property (each, a "Partial Devaluation") where the fair market value of the Property immediately before the Partial Devaluation is equal to or greater then the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the Partial Devaluation, a percentage of the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing. The amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds that will be so applied is determined by multiplying the total amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds by a percentage calculated by taking (i) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the Partial Devaluation, and dividing it by (ii) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the Partial Devaluation, and dividing it by (ii) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the Partial Devaluation, and before the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a Partial Devaluation where the fair market value of the Property immediately before the Partial Devaluation is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the Partial Devaluation, all of the Miscellaneous Proceeds will be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not the sums are then due, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing.

(d) Settlement of Claims. Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to the succured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, or to restoration or repair of the Property, if Borrower (i) abandons the Property, or (ii) falls to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date Lender notifies

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Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to settle a claim for damages. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower the Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to the Miscellaneous Proceeds.

- (e) Proceeding Affecting Lender's Interest in the Property. Borrower will be in Default if any action or proceeding begins, whether civil or criminal, that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a Default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 20, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or better material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower is unconditionally assigning to Lender the proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property, which proceeds will be paid to Lender. All Miscellaneous Proceeds that again of Lender's interest in the Property, which proceeds will be paid to Lender. All Miscellaneous Proceeds that again of Lender's interest in the Property will be applied in Section 2(b).
- 13. Agrower Not Released; Porhearance by Lender Not a Waiver. Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower will not be released from liability under this Security Instrument II. Lender extends the time for payment or modifies the amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument. Lender will not be required to commence proceeding against any Successor in Interest of Borrower, or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities, or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, will not be a waiver of, or preclude the exercise of, any right or remedy by Lender.
- 14. Joint and Soveral Liability; Signatories; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument will be joint and several. However, any Borrower who signs this Security Instrument but does not sign the Note: (i) signs this Security Instrument to mortgage, grant, and convey such Borrower's interest in the Property under the forms of this Security Instrument; (b) signs this Security Instrument to waive any applicable incheate triplus such as dower and curvey and any available homestead exemptions; (o) gins this Security Instrument to assign any Miscollaneous Proceeds, Rents, or other earnings from the Property to Lender; (d) is not personally obligated to pay the sums due under the Note or this Security Instrument; and (e) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forbear, or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of the Note or this Security Instrument without such Borrower's consent and without affecting such Borrower's colligations under this Security Instrument.

Subject to the provisions of Section 19, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Jender, will obtain all of Borrower's rights, obligations, and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower will not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing.

- 15. Loan Charges.
- (a) Tax and Flood Determination Fees. Lender may require Borrower to pay (i) a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan, and (ii) either (A) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification, and tracking services, or (B) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur that reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower will also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, or any successor agency, stany time during the Loan term. In connection with any flood zone determinations.
- (b) Default Charges. If permitted under Applicable Law, Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's Default to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this

Security Instrument, including: (i) reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; (ii) property inspection, valuation, mediation, and loss mitigation fees; and (iii) other related fees,

(c) Permissibility of Fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security International Contrage a specific fee to Borrower should not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Lender may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

(d) Savings Classe. If Applicable Law sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then (f) any such loan charges will be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit, and (f) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be reduced to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower, If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charges (whigher or not a) prepayment charges is provided for under the Note). To the extent permitted by Applicable Law, Borrowger's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action aborrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

 Notices: Borrower's Physical Address. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing.

(a) Notices to Borrower. Unless Applicable Law requires a different method, any written notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument will be deemed to have been given to Borrower when (i) mailed by first class mail, or (ii) actually delivered to Borrower's Notice Address (as defined in Section 16(c) below) if sent by means other than first class mail or Electronic Communication (as defined in Section 16(b) below). Notice to any one Borrower will constitute notice for all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires therwise. If any notice to Borrower required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement with satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

(b) Electronic Notice to Borrower, Unless another delivery method is required by Applicable Law, Lender may provide notice to Borrower by e-mail or other electronic communication ("Electronic Communication") if: (i) agreed to by Lender and Borrower in writing, (ii) Borrower has provided Lender with Borrower's e-mail or other electronic address"); (iii) Lender provides Borrower with the option to receive notices by first class mail or by other non-Electronic Communication instead of by Electronic Communication; and (iv) Lender otherwise complies with Applicable Law. Any notice to Borrower sent by Electronic Communication in connection with this Security Instrument will be deemed to have been given to Borrower when sent unless Lender becomes aware that such notice is not delivered. If Lender becomes aware that my notice sent by Electronic Communication and communication. Borrower play first class mail or by other non-Electronic Communication. Borrower may withdraw the agreement to receive Electronic Communications from Lender at any time by providing written notice to Lender of Borrower's withdrawal of sign agreement.

(e) Borrower's Notice Address. The address to which Lender will send Borrower notice ("Notice Address") will be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a different address by written notice to Lender. If Lender and Borrower have agreed that notice may be given by Electronic Communication, then Borrower may designate an Electronic Address as Notice Address. Borrower will promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of Notice Address, including any changes to Borrower's Electronic Address is I designated as Notice Address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of Notice Address, then Borrower will report a change of Notice Address only through that specified procedure.

(d) Notices to Lender. Any notice to Lender will be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated in this Security Instrument unless Lender has designated another address (including an Blectronic Address) by notice to Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument will be deemed to have been given to Lender only when actually received by Lender at Lender's designated address (Which may include an Blectronic Address). If any notice to Lender required by this Security Instrument is also required under

Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security

(e) Borrower's Physical Address. In addition to the designated Notice Address, Borrower will provide Lender with the address where Borrower physically resides, if different from the Property Address, and notify Lender whenever this address chances.

17. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument is governed by federal law and the law of the State of Indiana. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. If any provision of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law (I) such conflict will not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note that can be given effect without the conflicting provision, and (ii) such conflicting provision, to the extent possible, will be considered modified to comply with Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicably allow a parties for Sapre by contract or it might be selient, but such silence should not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. Any action required under this Security Instrument to be made in accordance with Applicable Law in teffect aft the time the action is undertaken.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words in the singular will mean and include the plural and vice versa; (b) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action; (c) any reference to "Section" in this document refers to Sections contained in this Security Instrument unless otherwise noted; and (d) the headings and captions are inserted for convenience of reference and do not define, limit, or describe the scope or intent of this Security Instrument or any particular Section, narazraph, or provision.

18. Borrower's Copy. One Borrower will be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

19. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. For purposes of this Section 19 only, "Interest in the Property" means any fegal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract, or escrowagreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower to a purchaser at a future date.

If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, Lender will not exercise this ontion if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender will give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice will provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is aligned in accordance with Section 16 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to, or upon, the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security. Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower and will be crutified to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing such remedies, including, but not limited to: (a) reasonable attorneys fees and costs; (b) property inspection and valuation fees; and (c) other fees incurred to protect Lender's Interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument.

20. Borrower's Right to Reinstate the Loan after Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower will have the right to reinstate the Loan and have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time up to the later of (a) five days before any foreclosure sale of the Property, or (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate. This right to reinstate will not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 19.

To reinstate the Loan, Borrower must satisfy all of the following conditions: (an) pay Lender all sums that then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Notes as if no acceleration had occurred, (bb) cure any Default of any other covenants or agreements under this Security Instrument or the Note; (cc) pay all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument or the Note, including, but not limited to: (i) reasonable attorneys (see and costs; (ii) property inspection and valuation fees; and (iii) other fees incurred to protect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument or the Note; and (dd) take such action as Lender may reasonably require

to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument or the Note, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument or the Note, will continue unchanged.

Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (aaa) cash; (bbb) money order; (ccc) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check, or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a U.S. federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (ddd) Electronic Fund Transfer. Upon Borrower's reinstatement of the Loan, this Security Instrument and obligations secured by this Security Instrument will remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred.

21. Sale of Note. The Note or a partial interest in the Note, together with this Security Instrument, may be sold or otherwise transferred one or more times. Upon such a sale or other transfer, all of Lender's rights and obligations under this Security Instrument will convey to Lender's successors and assigns.

22 Loan Servicer. Lender may take any action permitted under this Security Instrument through the Loan Servicer or another authorized representative, such as a sub-servicer. Borrower understands that the Loan Servicer or other authorized representative of Lender has the right and authority to take any such action.

The Loan Servicer may change one or more times during the term of the Note. The Loan Servicer may or may not be the holde of the Note. The Loan Servicer mas the right and authority to: (a) collected Periodic Payments and other amounts due under the Note and this Security Instrument; (b) perform any other mortgage loan servicing obligations; and (c) exercise any rights under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law on behalf of Lender. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the few Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made, and any other information BESPA requires in someoction with a notice of transfer of servicines.

23. Notice of Grievance. Until Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (in accordance with Sction 16) of an alleged breach and afforded the 'other party a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action, neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (either as an individual litigant or a member of a class that (a) arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or the Note, or (b) alleges that the other party has breached any provision of this Security Instrument or the Note. If Applicable Law provides a time period what must clapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this Section 23. The notice of Default given to Borrower pursuant to Section 26) and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 19 will be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action, proxysions of this Section 23.

24. Hazardous Substances.

- (a) Definitions. As used in this Section 24: (i) "Environmental Law" means any Applicable Laws where the Property is located that relate to health, safety, or environmental protection; (ii) "Hazardous Substances" include (b) these substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollurants, or wastes by Environmental Law, and (b) the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and readioactive materials ordered in the products, toxic pesticides and readioactive materials; (iii) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (iv) an "Environmental Cleanup" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.
- (b) Restrictions on Use of Hazardous Substances. Borrower will not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower will not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property, that: (f) violates Environmental Law; (ii) creates an Environmental Condition; or (iii) due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects or could adversely affect the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences will not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

(c) Notices; Remedial Actions. Borrower will promptly give Lender written notice of: (i) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit, or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge; (ii) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release, or threat of release of any Ilazardous Substance; and (iii) any condition caused by the presence, use, or release of a Ilazardous Substance that adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower will promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Barvironmental Law, Nothing in this Security Instrument will Greate any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

25. Electronic Note Signed with Borrower's Electronic Signature. If the Note evidencing the debt for this Loan is electronic, Borrower acknowledges and represents to Lender that Borrower: (a) expressly consented and intended to sign the electronic Note using an Electronic Signature adopted by Borrower ("Borrower's Electronic Signature") instead of signing a paper Note with Borrower's written pen and ink signature; (b) inderstood that by signing the electronic logitature; (c) understood that by signing the electronic Note using Borrower's Electronic Signature, Borrower service to pay the debt evidenced by the electronic Note in accordance with its terms; and (d) signed the electronic Note with Borrower's Electronic Signature, Borrower service in Signature with the inlight and understanding that by doing so, Borrower promised to pay the debt evidenced by the electronic Note in accordance with its terms.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

26. Acceleration: Remedies.

(e) Notice of Default. Leader will give a notice of Default to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's Default, except that such notice of Default will not be sent when Lender exercises its right under Section 19 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise. The notice will specify, in addition to any other information required by Applicable Law; (i) the Default; (ii) the action required to cure the Default; (ii) adata, not less than 30 days (our so otherwise specified by Applicable Law) from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the Default was the cured; (iv) that failure to cure the Default on the before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property; (v) Borrower's right to reinstate after acceleration; and (vi) Borrower's right to do be proceeding the existence of a Default or to assert any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure.

(b) Acceleration; Foreclosure; Expenses. If the Default is not cured on or before the date specified in the note, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sum secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender will be entitled to collect expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 26, including, but not limited to: (i) reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; (ii) property inspection and valuation iscs; and (iii) other fees incurred to protect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument.

27. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender will release this Security Instrument, Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument only if the fee is paid to a third narry for services rendered and is permitted under Applicable Law.

28. Waiver of Valuation and Appraisement, Borrower waives all right of valuation and appraisement,

29. Stated Maturity Date. The stated maturity date is the date by which the debt must be paid in full as set forth in the definition of Note.

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BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider signed by Borrower and recorded with it. Operty of lake County Recorder

[Space Below This Line For Acknowledgment]
State of INDIANA
County of Lake SS:
15
Before me, (name of Notary or other officer)
this 4 day of Dec , 2023 Jerome Wilson
this day of 15-cc , 2025 , Jeronie Wilson
(name of signer)
acknowledged the execution of the annexed deed (or mortgage, as the case may be).
O_{∞} \subset O
NOTARY PUBLIC - STATE OF INDIANA
SEAL STATE OF INDIANA
BRENDA SOHOVICH (Notary's signature)
COMMISSION NUMBER NPOSSO205
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES NOVEMBER 05, 2030 (Printed Typed name), Notary Public
My commission expires: //-5 📉 🛪
(SEAL) County of commission:
This instrument was prepared by: Todd C. Williams Sr. Vice President
7880 WICHER ARE STJOHN IN 44373
I affirm, under the penalties for perjury, that I have taken reasonable care to redact each Social Security number in
this document, unless required by law.
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
OF II O NICH
Todd C. Williams Signature of Preparer
Signature of Preparer
Todd C. Williams
Printed Name of Preparer
Loan Originator: Brian Wieser, NMLSR ID 1576094 Loan Originator Organization: American Community Bank of Indiana, NMLSR ID 440104
LOST Originator Organization. American Community Dank of Indiana, Nivicol 10 440 104
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Loan Number: 2300000516

BALLOON RIDER

THIS BALLOON RIDER is made this 4th day of December, 2023 , and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the Mortgage, Deed of Trust or Security Deed (the "Security Instrument") of the same date given by the undersigned ("Borrower") to secure Borrower's Note (the "Note") of AMERICAN COMMUNITY BANK OF INDIANA, A STATE BANK

(the "Lender") of the same date and covering the property described in the Security Instrument and located at:

1509-1511 Austin Avenue, Schererville, Indiana 46375 [Property Address]

ADDITIONAL COVENANTS. In addition to the covenants and agreements in the Security Instrument, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows (despite anything to the contrary contained in the Security Instrument or the Note):

THIS LOAN IS PAYABLE IN FULL AT MATURITY. SINCE YOU HAVE SELECTED A PAYMENT SCHEDULE WHICH WILL NOT PAY THE LOAN IN FULL BY THE MATURITY DATE, YOU WILL NEED TO PAY A LUMP SUM, OR BALLOON PAYMENT, WHICH WILL PAY OFF THE ENTIRE AMOUNT OF THE PRINCIPAL BALANCE OF THE LOAN AND ANY UNPAUD INTEREST THEN DUE. YOU WILL BE REQUIRED TO MAKE PAYMENT OUT OF OTHER ASSETS YOU MAY OWN, OR YOU WILL HAVE TO REFINANCE THE BALLOON PAYMENT.

YOU HAVE THE RIGHT TO REFINANCE THE BALLOON PAYMENT AT THE TIME IT IS DUE WITHOUT PENALTY. THE TERMS OF THE REFINANCING, WHICH SHALL INCLUDE THE INDIVIDUAL PAYMENT AMOUNTS, THE CHARGES AS A RESULT OF YOUR DEPAULT UNDER THE NEW LOAN, AND THE RATE OF THE LOAN FINANCE CHARGE, SHAEL BE NO LESS FAYORABLE THAN THE TERMS OF THE ORIGINAL LOAN.

INDIANA BALLOON RIDER INB.RDR 07/30/12

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BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Balloon Rider.



Loan Number: 2300000516

1-4 FAMILY RIDER

THIS I-4 FAMILY RIDER is made this 4th day of December 2023 and is incorporated into and amends and supplements the Mortgage, Mortgage Deed, Deed of Trust, or Security Deed (the "Security Instrument") of the same date given by the undersigned (the "Borrower") to secure Borrower's Note to AMERICAN COMMUNITY BANK OF INDIANA. A STATE BANK

(the "Lender") of the same date and covering the Property described in the Security Instrument and located at:

1509-1511 Austin Avenue, Schererville, Indiana 46375

[Property Address]

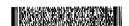
1-4 FAMILY COVENANTS. In addition to the representations, warranties, covenants, and agreements made in the Security Instrument, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

A. ADDITIONAL PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE SECURITY

INSTRUMENT. In addition to the Property described in the Security Instrument, the following items now or later attached to the Property, to the extent they are fixtures, are added to the Property description, and will also constitute the Property covered by the Security Instrument: building materials, appliances and goods of every nature whatsoever now or later located in, on, or used, or intended to be used in connection with the Property, including, but not limited to those for the purposes of supplying or distributing heating, security and access control apparatus, plumbing, bath tubs, water heaters, water closests, seating, stacks, story, engingentors, disrupadisers, disposals, washers, dryers, awnings, storm windows, storm doors, sereens, blinds, shades, curtains and curtain rods, attached mirrors, cabirets, paneling, and attached floor coverings, all of which, including replacements and additions, will be deemed to be and remain a part of the Property covered by the Security Instrument (or the leasehold estate if the Security Instrument (or the leasehold estate if the Security Instrument is on a leasehold) are referred to in this 14 Family Ridder and the Security Instruments after "Property."

- B. USE OF PROPERTY; COMPLIANCE WITH LAW. Borrower will not seek, agree to, or make a change in the use of the Property or its zoning classification, unless Lender has agreed in writing to the change. Borrower will comply with all laws, ordinances, regulations, and requirements of any governmental body amplicable to the Property.
- C. BORROWER'S OCCUPANCY. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, Section 6 concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property is deleted.
- D. ASSIGNMENT OF LEASES. Upon Lender's request after default, Borrower will assign to Lender all leases of the Property and all security deposits made in connection with leases of the Property. Upon the assignment, Lender will have the right to modify, extend, or terminate the existing leases and to execute new leases, in Lender's sole

MULTISTATE 1-4 FAMILY RIDER Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT Form 3170 07/2021 ☆ DocMagic



discretion. As used in this paragraph D the word "lease" will mean "sublease" if the Security Instrument is on a leasehold.

E. CROSS-DEFAULT PROVISION. Borrower's default or breach under any note or agreement related to the Property in which Lender has an interest will be a breach under the Security Instrument and Lender may invoke any of the remedies permitted by the Security Instrument.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this 1-4 Family Rider.

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Jerome Wilson

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CONSTRUCTION LOAN RIDER TO SECURITY INSTRUMENT

(To Be Recorded With The Security Instrument)

Loan Number: 2300000516

LENDER: AMERICAN COMMUNITY BANK OF INDIANA

BORROWER: Jerome Wilson

PROPERTY: 1509-1511 Austin Avenue, Schererville, Indiana 46375

THIS CONSTRUCTION LOAN RIDER TO SECURITY INSTRUMENT (the "Rider") will be deemed to amend and supplement the Mortgage or Deed of Trust, and any and all riders or amendments thereto (the "Security Instrument") of the same date, to which this Rider is attached, given by the undersigned (the "Borrower") to secure Porrower's Promissory Note to Lender of the same date (the "Note") and covering the property (the "Property") described in this Security Instrument. All terms defined in the Note and elsewhere in this Security Instrument will have the same meaning in this Rider.

AMENDED AND ADDITIONAL COVENANTS. In addition to the covenants and agreements made in this Security Instrument. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

- 1. Construction Loan Agreement. Borrower's Note evidences Borrower's promise to pay Lender the aggregate amount of all disbursements made and distributed by Lender under the terms and conditions of a Construction Loan Agreement between Lender and Borrower dated the same date as the Note (the "Loan Agreement"). The Loan Agreement provides for certain improvements (the "Improvements") on the Property, Borrower agrees to comply with the covenants and conditions of the Loan Agreement, This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (a) the repayment of the debt evidenced by the Note, including the aggregate amount of all disbursements made by Lender from time to time under the terms of the Loan Agreement, with interest at the Construction Phase Note Rate, and all renewals, extensions, and modifications of the Note: (b) the performance of all of Borrower's covenants and agreements under the Note, this Security Instrument, and the Loan Agreement (the "Loan Documents"); and (c) the payment of all other sums, with interest at the rate set forth in the Note, advanced by Lender to protect the security of this Security Instrument, or to perform any of Borrower's obligations under the Loan Documents. Upon the failure of Borrower to keep and perform all the covenants, conditions and agreements of the Loan Agreement, the Principal, all interest and other charges provided for in the Loan Documents and secured hereby will, at the option of the Lender, become immediately due and payable in full.
- 2. Future Advances. During the construction of the Improvements (the "Construction Phase"), interest will accrue on the outstanding Principal according to the terms set forth in the Note and the Construction Loan Addendum To Note. Provided there has been no default as defined in the Note; the Loan Agreement, or this Security Instrument, Lendor is legally obligated to make disbursements of principal







upon application therefor by the Borrower in accordance with the provisions of the Note and Loan Agreement up to a maximum Principal amount (including present and future obligations), which is equal to the amount of the Note as soft of thin the Security Instrument. Such disbursements will be evidenced by the Note, made under the terms of the Loan Agreement and secured by this Security Instrument and may occur for a period up to the end of the Construction Phase, but in no event after 12 months from the date of this Rider.

- Assignment of Rights or Claims. From time to time as Lender deems necessary to protect Lender's interest, Borrower will, upon request of Lender, execute, acknowledge before a notary, and deliver to Lender assignments of any and all rights or claims which relate to the Improvements on the Property.
- 4. Bysach by Borrower. In case of breach by Borrower of the covenants and conditions of the Loan Agreement, subject to any right of Borrower to cure Borrower's default, Lender, at Lender's option, with or without entry upon the Property, may: (a) invoke any of the rights or remedies provided in the Loan Agreement; (b) accelerate the sums secured by this Security Instrument and invoke any of the remedies provided in this Security Instrument; or (c) do both. Lender's failure to exercise any of its rights and remedies at any one time will not constitute a waiver by Lender of its right to exercise that right or remedy, camy other right or remedy, in the future.
- 5. Security Agreement and Tinancing Statement. The property covered by this Security Instrument includes the Property previously described or referred to in this Security Instrument, together with the following, all of which are referred to as the "Property." The portion of the Property that constitutes real property is sometimes referred to as the "Real Property." The portion of the Property which constitutes personal property is sometimes referred to as the "Personal Property," and is described as:
 (i) Borrower's right to possession of the Property; (ii) any and all fixtures, machinery, equipment, building materials, appliances, and goods of pvery nature whatsoever now on hereafter located in, on, used, or intended to be used in connection with the Property or the Improvements, and all replacements of and accessions to those goods; and (iii) proceeds and products of the Personal Property. Despite any other provision of this Rider or any other Loan Decument, however, Lender is not granted, and will not have, a non-purchase money security interest in hisushold goods, to the extent that such a security interest would be prohibited by applicable law.

This Socurity Instrument is and will be a security agreement granting Lender a first and prior security interest in all of Borrower's right, title and interest in and to the Personal Property, under and within the meaning of applicable state laws, as well as a document granting a fielu upon and against the Real Property. In the event of any foreclosure sale, whether made by Trustee or under judgment of a court, all of the Real Property and Personal Property may, at the option of Lender, be sold as a whole or in parcels. It will not be necessary to have present at the place of such sale the Personal Property or any part thereof. Lender, as well as Trustee on Lender's behalf, will have all the rights, remedies and recourse with respect to the Personal Property afforded to a "Secured Party" by applicable state laws in addition to and not in limitation of the other rights and remedies afforded Lender and/or Trustee under this Security Instrument. Borrower will, upon demand, pay to Lender the amount of any and all expenses, including the fees and disbursements of Lender's legal counsel and of any expert and agents, which Lender may incur in connection with: (i) the making and/or administration of this Security Instrument; (b) the custody, reservation, use or operation of, or the sale of, collection from, or other

realization upon any Property, real and/or personal, described in this Security Instrument; (iii) the exercise or enforcement of any of the rights of Lender under this Security Instrument; or (iv) the failure by Borrower to perform or observe any of the provisions or covenants in this Security Instrument.

Borrower also authorizes Lender to sign and file, without Borrower's signature, such financing and continuation statements, amendments, and supplements thereto, and other documents that Lender may from time to time deen necessary to perfect, preserve and protect Lender's security interest in the Property. Borrower acknowledges that Lender may require Borrower to sign other documents necessary to protect Lender's interest in the Property. Borrower gives Lender permission and grants it authority to sign these documents for Borrower.

6. Invalid Provisions. If any provision of this Security Instrument is declared invalid, illegal, or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction, then such invalid, illegal or unenforceable provision will be severed from this Security Instrument and the remainder enforced as if such invalid, illegal or unenforceable provision is not a part of this Security Instrument.

Addresses.

The name and address of the Borrower is: Jerome Wilson 211 Bunker Drive, SCHERERVILLE, INDIANA 46375

The name and address of the Lender/Secured Party is:
AMERICAN COMMUNITY BANK OF INDIANA
7880 WICKER AVENUE ST JOHN, INDIANA 46373

- 8. Relation to Loan Agreement. This Security Instrument is subject to all of the applicable terms and conditions contained in the Loan Agreement. The Loan Agreement is to be filed in the County Clerk's Office in the County where the Property is located the same time this Security Instrument is recorded. If Borrower fails to keep any of the promises Borrower makes in the Loan Agreement, Lender may require that the entire balance of Borrower's debt to Lender be paid immediately. The terms and conditions of this Rider will survive the termination of the Loan Agreement and the repayment of the Loan.
- Paragraph 6 of the Security Instrument. Paragraph 6 of the Security Instrument is hereby modified to read as follows:

Borrower will occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the last disbursement is made and distributed by Lander under the terms and conditions of the Loan Agreement and will continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are bevond Borrower's control.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Porrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Rider. DATED this 4th day bf December, 2023 Wilson Office Colling Recorded Affect Jerome Wilson

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MULTISTATE CONSTRUCTION LOAN RIDER TO SECURITY INSTRUMENT Single Family - Fannie Mae MODEL DOCUMENT - Form 3737 07/2021 MODIFIED 81 DOCUMENTON LOANS 18/3737CO.RID 01/14/22 Page 4 of 4