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STATE OF ILLINOIS
LAKE COUNTY
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Devon Bank
6445 N. Western Ave.
Chicago, IL 60645

MICHAEL S. BROWN
RECORDER

Prepared By/Send tax bills to:
Devon Bank
6445 N. Western Ave.
Chicago, IL 60645

[Space above This Line for Recording Data]

160955
TRANSACTION

NO.

(2)

CHICAGO TITLE & MORTGAGE COMPANY



DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 31. Certain terms regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

- (A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated AUGUST 1, 2016, together with all Riders to this document.
- (B) "Buyer" is TAREK KUDAIMI AND LAMA ALMOAZEN, HUSBAND AND WIFE AS JOINT TENANTS. Buyer is the mortgagor under this Security Instrument.
- (C) "Seller" is Devon Bank. Seller is a banking corporation organized and existing under the laws of Illinois. Seller's address is 6445 N. Western Ave., Chicago, Illinois 60645. Seller is the mortgagee under this Security Instrument.
- (D) "Note" means the promissory note titled "Murabaha Real Estate Acquisition and Resale Agreement" signed by Buyer and dated AUGUST 1, 2016. The Note states that Buyer owes Seller SEVENTY THREE THOUSAND FOUR HUNDRED FORTY EIGHT DOLLARS AND 89/100 Dollars (U.S. \$73,448.89). Buyer has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than 08/01/2031.
- (E) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."
- (F) "Murabaha Debt" means the debt evidenced by the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument.
- (G) "Riders" mean all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Buyer. The following Riders are to be executed by Buyer [check box as applicable]:
 - 1-4 Family Rider
 - Biweekly Payment Rider

#38
CS

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CS# 1820501041

- Condominium Rider
- Planned Unit Development Rider
- Second Home Rider
- Other(s) [specify] _____

(H) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.

(I) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Buyer or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.

(J) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephonic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

(K) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.

(L) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

(M) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Seller against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Murabaha Debt.

(N) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) for Murabaha Debt payments under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.

(O) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 *et seq.*) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan" even if the Murabaha Debt does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.

(P) "Successor in Interest of Buyer" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Buyer's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.

TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

This Security Instrument secures to Seller: (i) the repayment of the Murabaha Debt, and all extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Buyer's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Buyer does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Seller, with power of sale, the following described property located in the County of Lake:

PIN: 45-06-36-331-006.000-027

LOT 435 IN WEST LAKES ADDITION, PHASE THREE, BLOCK ONE TO THE TOWN OF MUNSTER, AS PER PLAT THEREOF, RECORDED IN PLAT BOOK 95 PAGE 14, IN THE OFFICE OF THE RECORDER OF LAKE COUNTY, INDIANA

which currently has the address of 10249 MARGO LANE Munster, IN 46321 ("Property Address"):

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

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BUYER COVENANTS that Buyer is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Buyer warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

Buyer and Seller covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Murabaha Debt, Escrow Items, and Late Charges. Buyer shall pay when due the Murabaha Debt evidenced by the Note and any charges due under the Note. Buyer shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Seller as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Seller unpaid, Seller may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Seller: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Seller when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Seller in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Seller may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Murabaha Debt current. Seller may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Murabaha Debt current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Seller is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Seller need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Seller may hold such unapplied funds until Buyer makes payment to bring the Murabaha Debt current. If Buyer does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Seller shall either apply such funds or return them to Buyer. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Buyer might have now or in the future against Seller shall relieve Buyer from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Seller shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) Murabaha Debt due under the Note; (b) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the Murabaha Debt balance of the Note.

If Seller receives a payment from Buyer for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Seller may apply any payment received from Buyer to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to the Murabaha Debt due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Buyer shall pay to Seller on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Seller under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Buyer to Seller in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Murabaha Debt, Seller may require that Community Association Dues,

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Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Buyer, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Buyer shall promptly furnish to Seller all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Buyer shall pay Seller the Funds for Escrow Items unless Seller waives Buyer's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Seller may waive Buyer's obligation to pay to Seller Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Buyer shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Seller and, if Seller requires, shall furnish to Seller receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Seller may require. Buyer's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Buyer is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Buyer fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Seller may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Buyer shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Seller any such amount. Seller may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Buyer shall pay to Seller all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Seller may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Seller to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a Seller can require under RESPA. Seller shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Seller, if Seller is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Seller shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Seller shall not charge Buyer for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Applicable Law permits Seller to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on the Funds, Seller shall not be required to pay Buyer any interest or earnings on the Funds. Seller shall give to Buyer, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Seller shall account to Buyer for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Seller shall notify Buyer as required by RESPA, and Buyer shall pay to Seller the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Seller shall notify Buyer as required by RESPA, and Buyer shall pay to Seller the amount necessary to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Seller shall promptly refund to Buyer any Funds held by Seller.

4. Charges; Liens. Buyer shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Buyer shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Buyer shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Buyer: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Seller, but only so long as Buyer is performing such agreement; (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Seller's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Seller subordinating the lien to this Security Instrument. If Seller determines that any part of the Property is subject to a lien which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Seller may give Buyer a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on which that notice is given, Buyer shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this Section 4.

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Seller may require Buyer to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Seller in connection with this Murabaha Debt.

5. Property Insurance. Buyer shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Seller requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Seller requires. What Seller requires pursuant to the preceding sentences can change during the term of the Murabaha Debt repayment. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Buyer subject to Seller's right to disapprove Buyer's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Seller may require Buyer to pay, in connection with this Murabaha Debt, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remapping or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Buyer shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Buyer.

If Buyer fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Seller may obtain insurance coverage, at Seller's option and Buyer's expense. Seller is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Seller, but might or might not protect Buyer, Buyer's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Buyer acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Buyer could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Seller under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Buyer secured by this Security Instrument plus any processing and administrative costs, and shall be payable upon notice from Seller to Buyer requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Seller and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Seller's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Seller as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Seller shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Seller requires, Buyer shall promptly give to Seller all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Buyer obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Seller, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Seller as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Buyer shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Seller. Seller may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Buyer. Unless Seller and Buyer otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Seller, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Seller's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Seller shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Seller has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Seller's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Seller may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Seller shall not be required to pay Buyer any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Buyer shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Buyer. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Seller's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Buyer. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Buyer abandons the Property, Seller may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Buyer does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Seller that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Seller may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Seller acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Buyer hereby assigns to Seller (a) Buyer's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Buyer's rights

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(other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Buyer) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Seller may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Occupancy. Buyer shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Buyer's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Buyer's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Seller otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Buyer's control. This Paragraph SHALL NOT APPLY if initialed by Buyer and Seller here:

7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Buyer shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Buyer is residing in the Property, Buyer shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Buyer shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Buyer shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Seller has released proceeds for such purposes. Seller may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Buyer is not relieved of Buyer's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Seller or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Seller may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Seller shall give Buyer notice at the time of or prior to such an entry for inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

8. Buyer's Murabaha Debt Application. Buyer shall be in default if, during the Murabaha Debt application process, Buyer or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Buyer or with Buyer's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Seller (or failed to provide Seller with material information) in connection with the Murabaha Debt. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Buyer's occupancy of the Property as Buyer's principal residence.

9. Protection of Seller's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Buyer fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might significantly affect Seller's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Buyer has abandoned the Property, then Seller may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Seller's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Seller's actions can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable attorneys' fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Seller may take action under this Section 9, Seller does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Seller incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9.

Any amounts disbursed by Seller under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Buyer secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall be payable upon notice from Seller to Buyer requesting payment.

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If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Buyer shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Buyer acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Seller agrees to the merger in writing.

10. Mortgage Insurance. If Seller required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of creating the Murabaha Debt, Buyer shall pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance coverage required by Seller ceases to be available from the mortgage insurer that previously provided such insurance and Buyer was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Buyer shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Buyer of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage insurer approved by Seller. If substantially equivalent Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available, Buyer shall continue to pay to Seller the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Seller will accept, use and retain these payments as a nonrefundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Murabaha Debt is ultimately paid in full, and Seller shall not be required to pay Buyer any interest or earnings on such loss reserve. Seller can no longer require loss reserve payments if Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Seller requires) provided by an insurer selected by Seller again becomes available, is obtained, and Seller requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Seller required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of establishing the Murabaha Debt and Buyer was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Buyer shall pay the premiums required to maintain Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a nonrefundable loss reserve, until Seller's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Buyer and Seller providing for such termination or until termination is required by Applicable Law.

Mortgage Insurance reimburses Seller (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if Buyer does not repay the Murabaha Debt as agreed. Buyer is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance. Mortgage insurers evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfactory to the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the mortgage insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums).

As a result of these agreements, Seller, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Buyer's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Seller takes a share of the insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance." Further:

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Buyer has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Murabaha Debt. Such agreements will not increase the amount Buyer will owe for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle Buyer to any refund.

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Buyer has – if any – with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Seller.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Seller's security is not lessened.

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During such repair and restoration period, Seller shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Seller has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Seller's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Seller may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Seller shall not be required to pay Buyer any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Seller's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Buyer. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Buyer.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Buyer and Seller otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Buyer.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Buyer and Seller otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Buyer, or if, after notice by Seller to Buyer that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make a valid to settle claim for damages, Buyer fails to respond to Seller within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Seller is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Buyer Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Buyer has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Buyer shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Seller's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Seller's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Buyer can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Seller's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Seller's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Seller's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Seller.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Buyer Not Released; Forbearance By Seller Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Seller to Buyer or any Successor in Interest of Buyer shall not operate to release the liability of Buyer or any Successors in Interest of Buyer. Seller shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Buyer or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Buyer or any Successors in Interest of Buyer. Any forbearance by Seller in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Seller's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of

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Buyer or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Buyer covenants and agrees that Buyer's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Buyer who co-signs this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"): (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Seller and any other Buyer can agree to extend, modify, forbear or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Buyer who assumes Buyer's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Seller, shall obtain all of Buyer's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Buyer shall not be released from Buyer's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Seller agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Seller.

14. Murabaha Debt Charges. Seller may charge Buyer fees for services performed in connection with Buyer's default, for the purpose of protecting Seller's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees, and property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Buyer shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Seller may not charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

If the Murabaha Debt is subject to a law which sets maximum Murabaha Debt charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the Murabaha Debt charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Murabaha Debt exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such Murabaha Debt charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Buyer which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Buyer. Seller may choose to make this refund by reducing the Murabaha Debt owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Buyer. Buyer's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Buyer will constitute a waiver of any right of action Buyer might have arising out of such overcharge.

15. Notices. All notices given by Buyer or Seller in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing. Any notice to Buyer in connection with this Security Instrument shall be deemed to have been given to Buyer when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Buyer's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to any one Buyer shall constitute notice to all Buyers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall be the Property Address unless Buyer has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Seller. Buyer shall promptly notify Seller of Buyer's change of address. If Seller specifies a procedure for reporting Buyer's change of address, then Buyer shall only report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security Instrument at any one time, unless Seller explicitly allows otherwise. Any notice to Seller shall be given by delivering it or by mailing it by first class mail to Seller's address stated herein unless Seller has designated another address by notice to Buyer. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Seller until actually received by Seller. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Applicable Law requirement will satisfy the corresponding requirement under this Security Instrument.

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against agreement by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

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As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neuter words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

17. Buyer's Copy. Buyer shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Buyer. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Buyer at a future date to a purchaser.

If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Buyer is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Buyer is sold or transferred) without Seller's prior written consent, Seller may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Seller if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Seller exercises this option, Seller shall give Buyer notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Buyer must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Buyer fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Seller may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Buyer.

19. Buyer's Right to Reinstate after Acceleration. If Buyer meets certain conditions, Buyer shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to any power of sale contained in this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Buyer's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Buyer: (a) pays Seller all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fee, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Seller's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and (d) takes such action as Seller may reasonably require to assure the Seller's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Buyer's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged unless as otherwise provided under applicable law. Seller may require that Buyer pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Seller: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon reinstatement by Buyer, this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

20. Sale of Note; Change of Murabaha Debt Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Buyer. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Murabaha Debt Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage Murabaha Debt servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Murabaha Debt Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Murabaha Debt Servicer, Buyer will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Murabaha Debt Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RUSA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Murabaha Debt is serviced by a Murabaha Debt Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage Murabaha Debt servicing obligations to Buyer will remain with the Murabaha Debt Servicer or be transferred to a successor Murabaha Debt Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

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Neither Buyer nor Seller may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Buyer or Seller has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Buyer pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Buyer pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup. Buyer shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property.

Buyer shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

Buyer shall promptly give Seller written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Buyer has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Buyer learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Buyer shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Seller for an Environmental Cleanup.

22. Acceleration; Remedies. Seller shall give notice to Buyer prior to acceleration following Buyer's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Buyer, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Buyer of the right to reinstatement after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Buyer to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Seller at its option may require immediate payment in full of the sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Seller shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

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23. **Release.** Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Seller shall release this Security Instrument. Buyer shall pay any recordation costs. Seller may charge Buyer a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

24. **Waiver of Homestead.** In accordance with Illinois law, the Buyer hereby releases and waives all rights under and by virtue of the Illinois homestead exemption laws.

25. **Placement of Collateral Protection Insurance.** Unless Buyer provides Seller with evidence of the insurance coverage required by Buyer's agreement with Seller, Seller may purchase insurance at Buyer's expense to protect Seller's interests in Buyer's collateral. This insurance may, but need not, protect Buyer's interests. The coverage that Seller purchases may not pay any claim that Buyer makes or any claim that is made against Buyer in connection with the collateral. Buyer may later cancel any insurance purchased by Seller, but only after providing Seller with evidence that Buyer has obtained insurance as required by Buyer's and Seller's agreement. If Seller purchases insurance for the collateral, Buyer will be responsible for the costs of that insurance, including interest and any other charges Seller may impose in connection with the placement of the insurance, until the effective date of the cancellation or expiration of the insurance. The costs of the insurance may be added to Buyer's total outstanding balance or obligation. The costs of the insurance may be more than the cost of insurance Buyer may be able to obtain on its own.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Buyer accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Buyer and recorded with it.

Signed: _____

Tarek Kudaimi (Printed Name)

(Signature)

Lama Almoazen (Printed Name)

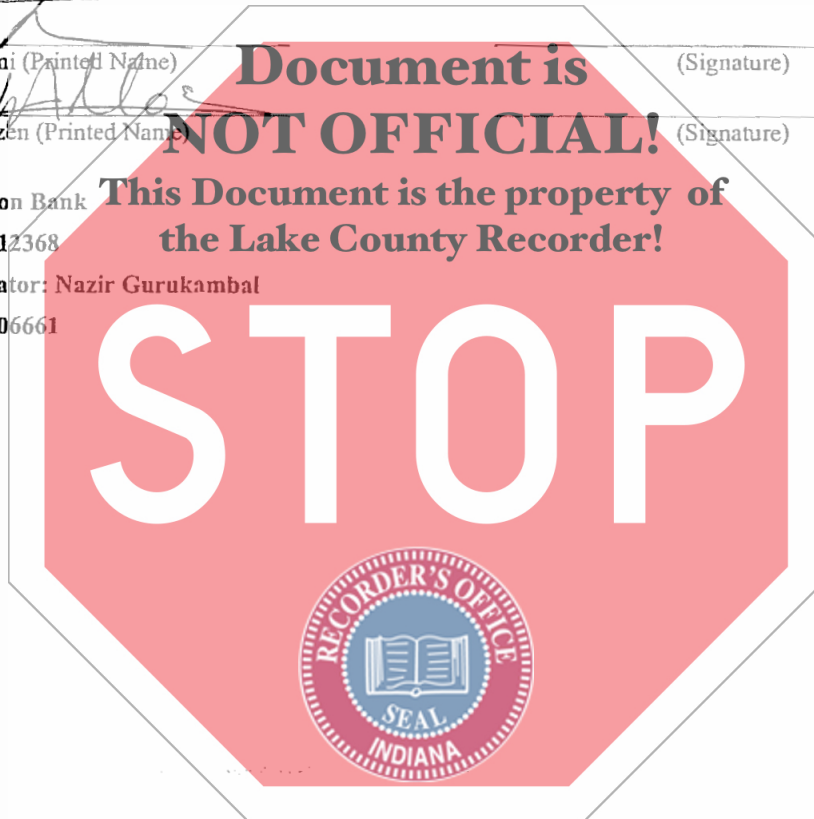
(Signature)

Lender: Devon Bank

NMLS ID: 412368

Loan Originator: Nazir Gurukambal

NMLS ID: 806661



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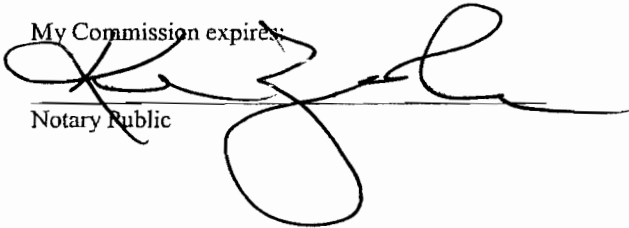
[Space below This Line for Acknowledgment]

STATE OF IN,
LAKE COUNTY ss:

I, Kevin Zarembo a Notary Public in and for said county and state, do hereby certify that Tarek Kudaimi and Lama Almoazen, personally known to me to be the same person(s) whose name(s) subscribed to the foregoing instrument, appeared before me this day in person, and acknowledged that they signed and delivered the said instrument as their free and voluntary act, for the uses and purposes therein set forth.

Given under my hand and official seal, this FIRST DAY OF AUGUST, 2016

My Commission expires:



Notary Public



Document is

NOT OFFICIAL!
I affirm, under the penalties for perjury, that I have taken reasonable care to redact each Social Security number in this document, unless required by law Andrea A Plasencia

**This Document is the property of
the Lake County Recorder!**

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