

STATE OF INDIANA
LAKE COUNTY
FILED FOR RECORD

2009 021473

2009 APR -3 AM 9:06

MICHAEL A. BROWN
RECORDER

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MORTGAGE

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

- (A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated **March 20, 2009**, together with all Riders to this document.
- (B) "Borrower" is **Whiting-Robertsdale Chamber of Commerce, Inc**

Borrower is the mortgagor under this Security Instrument.

(C) "Lender" is **Liberty Savings Bank, FSB**

Lender is a corporation
the laws of the United States of America

organized and existing under
Lender's address is

1900 Indianapolis Boulevard, Whiting, Indiana 46394

Lender is the mortgagee under this Security Instrument.

- (D) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated **March 20, 2009**. The Note states that Borrower owes Lender **One Hundred Forty One Thousand Five Hundred and --NO/100**

Dollars (U.S. \$ 141,500.00) plus interest. Borrower has promised

to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than **March 1, 2039**.

(E) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

(F) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(G) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

Adjustable Rate Rider

Condominium Rider

Second Home Rider

Balloon Rider

Planned Unit Development Rider

Other(s) [specify]

1-4 Family Rider

Biweekly Payment Rider

INDIANA—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac **UNIFORM INSTRUMENT**

ITEM 1879 (0605)

(Page 1 of 11 pages)

Form 3015 1/01

GREATLAND ■

To Order Call: 1-800-530-9393 □ Fax: 616-791-1131

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FB

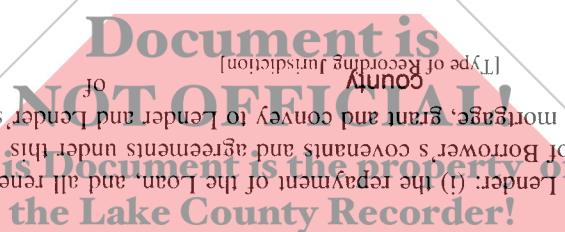


BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgagee, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower

fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property".

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and which currently has the address of

Lots Numbered 73 and 74 as marked and laid down on the recorded plat of Sheridan Park Addition, in the City of Whiting, Lake County, Indiana as the same appears of record in Plat Book 4 page 18, in the recorder's office of Lake County, Indiana commonly known as: 1417-119th Street, Whiting, Indiana



TRANSFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY

(P) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.

(N) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.

(M) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.

(K) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.

(J) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephone, computer, or magnetic tape so as to be of sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated clearinghouse transfers.

(I) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.

(H) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appellable judicial opinions.

(L) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5 for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation or other taking of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

(O) "Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor regulation or rule promulgated under RESPA." means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation.

(Q) "RESPA" means the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that governs the same imposed by Regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor regulation or rule promulgated under RESPA.

(R) "Lender" means the party to whom the Note and this Security Instrument are delivered, and includes the Note and this Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender and Lender's successors and assigns the following described property located in the

warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within

INDIANA—Single Family—Family Mae/Freddie Mae UNIFORMLINSI RUMENI

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage.

5. **Property Insurance.** Borrower shall keep the term „extended coverage“ and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lennder requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lennder requires. What Lennder requires pursuant to the preceding sentence can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lennder's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lennder may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an application by Borrower.

Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the property

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

Borrower shall prominently disclose any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreement; (b) conveys the lien in good faith, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which affect the lien; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfying to the Borrower that notice of the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this section 4.

4. **Chargers; Lenses.** Borrower shall pay all charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the Community Association Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

the Lake County Recorder!

mark up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 monthly payments.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity holding and applying the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds, and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge, Lender shall not charge Borrower interest on the Funds, and Applicable Law prohibits Lender from making such a charge. Lender shall not charge Borrower interest on the Funds, and Applicable Law requires Lender to make such a charge.

Under section 511 of this Act, funds held by Lenders may be used to permit Lenders to apply the same specific funds in amounts (a) sufficient to permit Lenders to exceed the maximum amount a Lender can require under RESPA. Lenders shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any Escrow items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay all amounts due in such amounts that are then required under this Section 3.

Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.

7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

8. Borrower's Loan Application. Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in

INDIANA—Single Family—Family Mae/Fredie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk of reducing losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of the insurer's risk, or of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance." Further, any other terms of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of the foregoing, will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of the foregoing, will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of the foregoing, will not entitle Borrower to any refund.

Mortgage insurers evaluate their total risk on all such insurance income to time, and may enter into agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that satisfy the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the mortgagee insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgagee insurer may have available (which may satisfy the mortgagee insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements). These agreements may require the mortgagee insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgagee insurer may have available (which may satisfy the mortgagee insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements).

provided in the Note.

10. Mortgage Insurance. If Lender requires to maintain the Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage separately from the mortgage insurance previously provided such insurance and Borrower shall pay the premiums required to make separate payments toward the mortgage insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance coverage ceases to be available from the mortgagor that previously provided such insurance and Borrower was required by Lender to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect, Lender shall provide the mortgagor with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender providing for such termination or nullification of the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If Lender requires to maintain the Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to make separate payments toward the mortgage insurance in effect, or to provide a non-revolvable loss reserve, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any provision in this Article.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the leasehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, or (b) there is a legal proceeding that might affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or regulation), for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument or to reinforce the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a repossessing the Property, repairing the Property, or removing fixtures).

communication with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning software's

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has—if any—with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

INDIANA—Single Family—Family Size/Family Income Form Instructions

If all or any part of the Property or any interest in the Property is sold or transferred without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require

transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

17. Borrower's Copy: Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

words of words of the determine gender; (b) words in the singular form and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word „may” gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include the plural and feminine genders and (b) words in the singular number shall include the plural and vice versa, and (c) the words or words of either gender shall mean and include the other gender.

conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflict.

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction.

Applicable Law requires us to satisfy the correspondence requirement under this Security Instrument.

Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the Borrower's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Lender in writing.

Leander of Borrower's change of address. If Leander specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address, then Borrower shall only report a change of address through the specified procedure. There may be only one address, then Borrower shall only notice of address change to Leander shall be given by deliverying it at any one time. Any notice under this Security instrument at any time.

Borrower shall constitute notice to all Borrowers unless otherwise specified by other means. Notice to any one mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's last known address shall be the Properly Addressed unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall be the Properly Addressed unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall be the Properly Addressed unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender.

15. Notices. All notices given by Borrower or Lender in connection with this Security Instrument must be in writing.

Waiver of any right of action. Borrower waives any right of action against Lender or any of its successors or assigns for any claim arising out of such overcharge.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and this law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan from Borrower which exceeded the charge to the range to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceed the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit.

Under no circumstances may fees be charged for specific fees prohibited by this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with collection of debts, attorney fees, property inspection and valuation fees, legal fees, the absence of express authority in this

provided in Section 20) and benefits the successors and assigns of Leender unless Leender agrees to such release in writing. The convenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Leender.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument, Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument.

co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forgive or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent.

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

22. Acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

23. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

24. Waiver of Valuation and Appraisement. Borrower waives all right of valuation and appraisement.

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YOU ARE NOT OBLIGATED TO PAY ANY MONEY UNLESS YOU SIGN THIS CONTRACT AND RETURN IT
to the Lake County Recorder!
TO THE SELLER/LENDER.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in pages 1 through 12 of this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

(Seal)
-Borrower

(Seal)
Whiting-Robertsdale Chamber of Commerce, Inc -Borrower



(Seal)
Borrower

By: Darlene L. Beerling
Darlene L. Beerling, President

(Seal)
-Borrower

(Seal)
-Borrower

By: Sue Mills-Groninger
Sue Mills-Groninger, Treasurer

(Seal)
-Borrower

INDIANA—Single Family—Anne Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the property is located that relate to health, safety or removal action; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Section, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If such notice is given by Lender, Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If such notice is given by Borrower, Borrower shall have given the other party notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

20. Sale of Note; Change of Lessor; Notice of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grerevenue; Note of Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer under a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, or more changes of the Loan Servicer under a sale of the Note. If the new Loan Servicer is different from the original servicer, the new servicer will be responsible for all obligations of the original servicer to the Noteholder. The Noteholder may transfer its interest in the Note to another party, and the Noteholder may assign its rights and obligations under the Note to another party. The Noteholder may also transfer its interest in the Note to another party, and the Noteholder may assign its rights and obligations under the Note to another party.

19. Borrower's Right to Remitiate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to Section 22 of this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to remitiate; or (c) entry of a judgment enjoining this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security instrument; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and this Security instrument, and (e) certifies to the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security instrument, and (f) provides such information to Lender as Lender may reasonably request.

Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.
immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

State of Indiana

SS:

County of **Lake**

Before me, **Sherlynn Groat**

(a Notary Public) this **20th** day of

March, 2009

Whiting-Robertsdale Chamber of Commerce, Inc

Darlene L Beerling, President and Sue Mills-Groniger, Treasurer

(name[s] of signer[s])

acknowledged the execution of the annexed mortgage.

Sherlynn Groat

Notary Public

Sherlynn Groat

**Document is
NOT OFFICIAL!**

My commission expires:
County of residence:

Lake
December 17, 2016

**This Document is the property of
the Lake County Recorder!**
Joseph R Shimala, Exec Vice President [Name]

This instrument was prepared by:

I affirm, under the penalties for perjury, that I have taken reasonable care to redact each Social Security number in this document, unless required by law
(Sherlynn M Groat)
[Name]

After Recording Return To:

**Liberty Savings Bank, FSB
1900 Indianapolis Boulevard
Whiting, Indiana 46394**



1-4 FAMILY RIDER Assignment of Rents

THIS 1-4 FAMILY RIDER is made this 20th day of March, **2009**, and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the Mortgage, Deed of Trust or Security Deed (the "Security Instrument") of the same date given by the undersigned (the "Borrower") to secure Borrower's Note to **Liberty Savings Bank, FSB** (the "Lender") of the same date and covering the Property described in the Security Instrument and located at:

1417-119th Street, Whiting, Indiana 46394

1-4 FAMILY COVENANTS. In addition to the covenants and agreements made in the Security Instrument, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

- A. ADDITIONAL PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE SECURITY INSTRUMENT.** In addition to the Property described in the Security Instrument, the following items are added to the Property description, and shall also constitute the Property covered by the Security Instrument: building materials, appliances and goods of every nature whatsoever now or hereafter located in, on, or used, or intended to be used in connection with the Property, including, but not limited to, those for the purposes of supplying or distributing heating, cooling, electricity, gas, water, air and light, fire prevention and extinguishing apparatus, security and access control apparatus, plumbing, bath tubs, water heaters, water closets, sinks, ranges, stoves, refrigerators, dishwashers, disposals, washers, dryers, awnings, storm windows, storm doors, screens, blinds, shades, curtains and curtain rods, attached mirrors, cabinets paneling and attached floor coverings now or hereafter attached to the Property, all of which, including replacements and additions thereto, shall be deemed to be and remain a part of the Property covered by the Security Instrument. All of the foregoing together with the Property described in the Security Instrument (or the leasehold estate if the Security Instrument is on a leasehold) are referred to in this 1-4 Family Rider and the Security Instrument as the "Property."
- B. USE OF PROPERTY; COMPLIANCE WITH LAW.** Borrower shall not seek, agree to or make a change in the use of the Property or its zoning classification, unless Lender has agreed in writing to the change. Borrower shall comply with all laws, ordinances, regulations and requirements of any governmental body applicable to the Property.
- C. SUBORDINATE LIENS.** Except as permitted by federal law, Borrower shall not allow any lien inferior to the Security Instrument to be perfected against the Property without Lender's prior written permission.
- D. RENT LOSS INSURANCE.** Borrower shall maintain insurance against rent loss in addition to the other hazards for which insurance is required by Uniform Covenant 5.
- E. "BORROWER'S RIGHT TO REINSTATE" DELETED.** Uniform Covenant 19 is deleted.

F. BORROWER'S OCCUPANCY. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, the first sentence in Uniform Covenant 6 concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property is deleted. All remaining covenants and agreements set forth in Uniform Covenant 6 shall remain in effect.

G. ASSIGNMENT OF LEASES. Upon Lender's request, Borrower shall assign to Lender all leases of the Property and all security deposits made in connection with leases of the Property. Upon the assignment, Lender shall have the right to modify, extend or terminate the existing leases and to execute new leases, in Lender's sole discretion. As used in this paragraph G, the word "lease" shall mean "sublease" if the Security Instrument is on a leasehold.

H. ASSIGNMENT OF RENTS; APPOINTMENT OF RECEIVER; LENDER IN POSSESSION. Borrower absolutely and unconditionally assigns and transfers to Lender all the rents and revenues ("Rents") of the Property, regardless of to whom the Rents of the Property are payable. Borrower authorizes Lender or Lender's agents to collect the Rents, and agrees that each tenant of the Property shall pay the Rents to Lender or Lender's agents. However, Borrower shall receive Rents until (i) Lender has given Borrower notice of Default pursuant to paragraph 22 of the Security Instrument and (ii) Lender has given notice to the tenant(s) that the Rents are to be paid to Lender or Lender's agent. This assignment of Rents constitutes an absolute assignment and not an assignment for additional security only.

If Lender gives notice of breach to Borrower: (i) all Rents received by Borrower shall be held by Borrower as trustee for the benefit of Lender only, to be applied to the sums secured by the Security Instrument; (ii) Lender shall be entitled to collect and receive all of the Rents of the Property; (iii) Borrower agrees that each tenant of the Property shall pay all Rents due and unpaid to Lender or Lender's agents upon Lender's written demand to the tenant; (iv) unless applicable law provides otherwise, all Rents collected by Lender or Lender's agents shall be applied first to the costs of taking control of and managing the Property and collecting the Rents, including, but not limited to, attorney's fees, receiver's fees, premiums on receiver's bonds, repair and maintenance costs, insurance premiums, taxes, assessments and other charges on the Property, and then to the sums secured by the Security Instrument; (v) Lender, Lender's agents or any judicially appointed receiver shall be liable to account for only those Rents actually received; and (vi) Lender shall be entitled to have a receiver appointed to take possession of and manage the Property and collect the Rents and profits derived from the Property without showing as to the inadequacy of the Property as security.

If the Rents of the Property are not sufficient to cover the costs of taking control of and managing the Property and of collecting the Rents, any funds expended by Lender for such purposes shall become indebtedness of Borrower to Lender secured by the Security Instrument pursuant to Uniform Covenant 7.

Borrower represents and warrants that Borrower has not executed any prior assignment of the Rents and has not and will not perform any act that would prevent Lender from exercising its rights under this paragraph.

Lender, or Lender's agents or a judicially appointed receiver, shall not be required to enter upon, take control of or maintain the Property before or after giving notice of default to Borrower. However, Lender, or Lender's agents or a judicially appointed receiver, may do so at any time when a default occurs. Any application of Rents shall not cure or waive any default or invalidate any other right or remedy of Lender. This assignment of Rents of the Property shall terminate when all sums secured by the Security Instrument are paid in full.

I. **CROSS-DEFAULT PROVISION.** Borrower's default or breach under any note or agreement in which Lender has an interest shall be a breach under the Security Instrument and Lender may invoke any of the remedies permitted by the Security Instrument.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and provisions contained in this 1-4 Family Rider.

Whiting-Robertsdale Chamber of Commerce, Inc

By: Darlene L. Beerling
Darlene L Beerling, President - Borrower

By: Sue Mills-Groninger
Sue Mills-Groninger - Borrower
Treasurer

STATE OF INDIANA

)
COUNTY OF LAKE

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT
**Document is
NOT OFFICIAL!**

This Document is the property of
The Lake County Recorder!

On this 20th day of March, 2009 before me, the undersigned, a notary Public in and for said County, personally appeared Darlene L Beerling, President and Sue Mills-Groniger, Treasurer and acknowledged the execution of the foregoing instrument.

Wines my hand and official seal.

My commission expires: 12/17/16
County of Residence: Lake
Public

Sherlynn Groat
Sherlynn Groat - Notary

This instrument was prepared by: Darlene L. Beerling, President

I affirm, under penalty of perjury, that I have taken reasonable care to redact each Social Security number in this document, unless required by law (Sherlynn Groat).

After Recording Return to:

**Liberty Savings Bank, FSB
1900 Indianapolis Boulevard
Whiting, Indiana 46394**

