

STATE OF INDIANA
LAKE COUNTY
RECORDED

2007 JUN -6 AM 9:09

MICHAEL E. COOPER
RECORDER

60800360183

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MORTGAGE

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated **June 28, 2007**, together with all Riders to this document.

(B) "Borrower" is **ANA R ALVAREZ AND JOSE G MARTINEZ, JOINT TENANTS WITH RIGHTS OF SURVIVORSHIP**

Borrower is the mortgagor under this Security Instrument.

(C) "Lender" is **Peoples Bank SB**

Lender is a **Corporation** organized and existing under the laws of

the laws of **State of Indiana** . Lender's address is

9204 Columbia Avenue, Munster, IN 46321

This Document is the property of the Lake County Recorder! Lender is the mortgagee under this Security Instrument.

(D) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated **June 28, 2007**. The Note states that Borrower owes Lender **One Hundred Thirty Six Thousand Dollars And No Cents** Dollars (U.S. \$ 136,000.00) plus interest. Borrower has promised

to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than **July 1, 2037**

(E) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

(F) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(G) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

Adjustable Rate Rider

Condominium Rider

Second Home Rider

Balloon Rider

Planned Unit Development Rider

Other(s) [specify]

1-4 Family Rider

Biweekly Payment Rider

INDIANA—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac **UNIFORM INSTRUMENT**

ITEM 1879L1 (0605)

(Page 1 of 11 pages)

Form 3015 1/01

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BORKOWER COVENANTS grant Borkower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property as unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borkower

LOGEFIER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security instrument as the "Property".

which currently has the address of
3032 FRANKLIN AVENUE,
[Street]
46322
[Zip Code]
, Medina
[City]
HIGHLAND
("Property Address"):

TRANSFERS OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY
THIS DOCUMENT IS THE PROPERTY
OF THE LAKE COUNTY RECORDER!

(H) "Applicable Law" means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.

(I) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments" means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Proprietor by a condominium association or similar organization.

(J) "Electronic Funds Transfer" means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar clearinghouse transfers.

(K) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.

(L) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party other than insurance proceeds awarded under the terms of the policy, or to the Proprietor, or to the lessee in lieu of condemnation of the property; (ii) condemnation of all or any part of the property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation; or (iv) misrepresentations of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the property.

(M) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.

(N) "Periodic Payment" means regularly scheduled amounts due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus prepayments that govern the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan," even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.

(O) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.), and its implementing regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter.

(P) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.

warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within

INDIANA—Single Family—Family Mae/Freddie Mae UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding sentence can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination services and subsequent charges each time remapplings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this Loan.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this Security Instrument unless Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower performs such agreement; (b) conveys the lien in good faith by, or defends against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an assignment of the lien which satisfies Lender.

4. CHARGES; LIENS. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the property which can attain priority over this instrument, security interests, leases, and assignments of ground rents on the property, if any. To the extent that these items are held by third parties, Borrower and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are held by third parties, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA.

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays Borrows interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge, Lender shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and "agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower shall all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any details to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Lender may in such amounts, and in such time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a Lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items

Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.

7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

8. Borrower's Loan Application. Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, or and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund.

of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "capitive reinsurance." Further, portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of the insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance." As a result of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that debt derive from (or might be characterized as) a affiliate of the originator, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that debt derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of the insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance."

Mortgage insurance measures evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements that are with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are satisfied by the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the mortgagee insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgagee insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums).

Mortgage Insurance does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance provided in the Note.

Mortgage Insurance reimburses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if Borrower terminates its obligation to pay interest on the Note.

Mortgage Insurance coverage is required by Applicable Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the rate

insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender providing for such termination or until insurance ends in accordance in effect, or to provide a non-revolvable loss reserve, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance terminates.

Separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain separate share of their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements that are satisfied by the mortgagee insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the mortgagee insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgagee insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums).

Mortgage Insurance becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such losses reserved. Lender can no longer require losses reserved by Lender to be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be

loss reserved by Lender will accept, use and retain these separately designated payments in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such effect, Lender shall be amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect to Lender the cost to Borrower of maintaining Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall continue to pay to Lender separately designated payments previously provided by an insurer selected by Lender.

Mortgage Insurance coverage is required by Applicable Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest on the Note unless Lender is unable to pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgagee substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of obtaining coverage substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain the premiums previously provided such insurance and Borrower was required by Lender ceases to be available from the Mortgage Insurance in effect. If, for any reason, the Mortgage Insurance coverage pay the premiums required to maintain the premiums under this Section 9, Lender shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security instrument.

10. **Mortgage Insurance.** If Lender required Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall

acquires fee title to the Property, the Lender shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower

interests, upon notice from Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security

Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such

Interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security

Instrument. Lender shall not take any action unauthorized under this Section 9.

Lender incurs no liability for not taking any action unauthorized under this Section 9.

Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that

take action under this Section 9, Lender may do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that

eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may

be limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water pipes,

Security instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not

limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water pipes,

(b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable attorney fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this

Instrument, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument;

including protecting and/or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions

whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument,

Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for

bankruptcy, probate, for condonation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security

signature affecet Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in

fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might

occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.

connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's

protection of Lender's interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Borrower

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has—if any—with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

If all or any part of the Property or any interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require notice of sale by Borrower at a time and in a manner

18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

17. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neutral words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the words or words of the feminine gender;

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument and the Note shall affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against amendment by contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the contract. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against amendment by contract.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceed the permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for attorney's fees, property inspection and valuation fees, in regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Security interest fees, attorney's fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee. Under no circumstances may the fees charged by this Security instrument or by Applicable Law.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under Section 18, and agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument shall be liable only to the extent of his or her individual liability.

immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

19. Borrower's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to Section 22 of this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

20. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

—Borrower
—(Seal)

—Borrower
—(Seal)

—Borrower
—(Seal)

Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and conditions contained in pages 1 through 11 of this

Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

TO THE SELLER/LENDER.

YOU ARE NOT OBLIGATED TO PAY ANY MONEY UNLESS YOU SIGN THIS CONTRACT AND RETURN IT

the Lake County Recorder!

NOT OFFICIAL!

This Document is

NOT OFFICIAL!

State of Indiana

SS:

County of Lake

Before me, Katherine E. Adams
June, 2007

(a Notary Public) this 28th day of

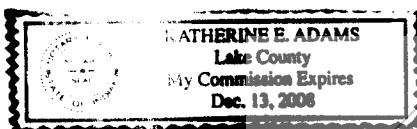
ANA R ALVAREZ and JOSE G MARTINEZ

(name[s] of signer[s])

acknowledged the execution of the annexed mortgage.

Katherine Adams

Notary Public



**Document is
NOT OFFICIAL!**

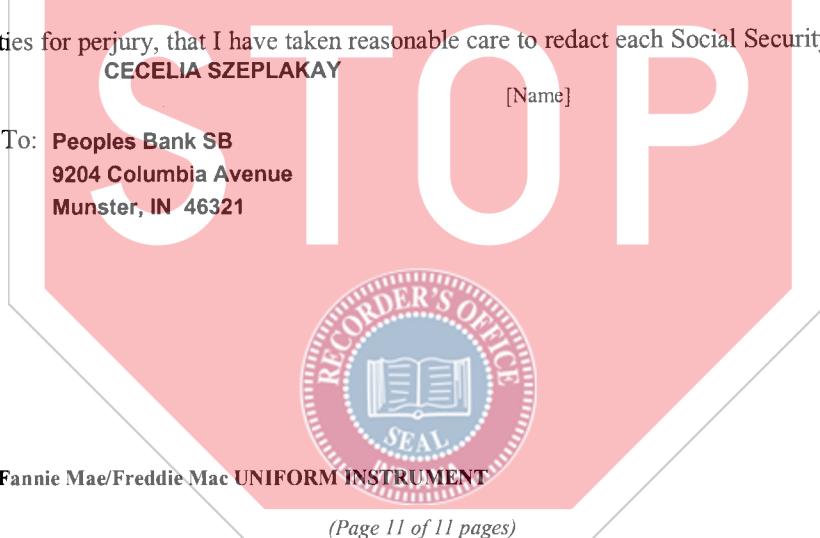
This instrument was prepared by: **CECELIA SZEPLAKAY**
MORTGAGE LOAN PROCESSOR [Name]

I affirm, under the penalties for perjury, that I have taken reasonable care to redact each Social Security number in this document, unless required by law

CECELIA SZEPLAKAY

[Name]

After Recording Return To: **Peoples Bank SB**
9204 Columbia Avenue
Munster, IN 46321



INDIANA—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

ITEM 1879L11 (0605)

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