

STATE OF INDIANA
LAKE COUNTY
FILED FOR RECORD

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MICHAEL J. STINCIC

MORTGAGE

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated June 21, 2005 , together with all Riders to this document.

(B) "Borrower" is Albert G. Stincic and Virginia A Stincic, Husband and Wife

Borrower is the mortgagor under this Security Instrument.

(C) "Lender" is Liberty Savings Bank FSB

Lender is a Corporation

the laws of the United States of America

1900 Indianapolis Blvd. Whiting IN 46394

organized and existing under
. Lender's address is

(D) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated June 21, 2005 . The Note states that Borrower owes Lender Thirty Two Thousand and

00/100

Dollars (U.S. \$ 32,000.00)

plus interest. Borrower has promised

to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than June 1, 2015

(E) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

(F) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(G) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

Adjustable Rate Rider

Condominium Rider

Second Home Rider

Balloon Rider

Planned Unit Development Rider

Other(s) [specify]

1-4 Family Rider

Biweekly Payment Rider

INDIANA—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

ITEM 1879 (0107)

(Page 1 of 12 pages)

Form 3015 1/01

GREATLAND ■

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BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower fixtures now or hereafter a part of the Property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument.

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures, now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property".

which currently has the address of
[Street] 1703 - 1703 1/2 Sherridan Avenue
[City] Whitling
[Zip Code] 46394
[Name of Recording Jurisdiction] Lake County of Indiana
[Type of Recording Jurisdiction] Addit'l to Whitling

This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and all renewals, extensions and modifications of the Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgag[e], grant and convey to Lender and Lender's successors and assigns the following property located in the [Type of Recording Jurisdiction] of Lake County of Indiana to Park Addition to Whitling Lot 31, and the South Half of Lot 30, in Sheridan Park Addition to Whitling described property located in the [Type of Recording Jurisdiction] of Lake County of Indiana to Park Addition to Whitling as per Plat thereon, recorded in Plat Book 4, page 18, in the Office of the Recorder of Lake County, Indiana.

TRANFER OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY
This Document is the property of
the Lake County Recorder

(P) "Successor in Interest of Borrower", means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.
(Q) "RESPA", means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation or regulation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan", even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally related mortgage loan" under RESPA.
(R) "Regulation X", means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation (O) "RESPA", means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation (N) "Periodic Payment", means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.
(M) "Mortgage Insurance", means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.
(L) "Miscellaneous Proceeds", means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party to other than insurance proceeds paid under the terms of the Note.
(K) "Escrow Items", means those items that are described in Section 3.
(J) "Electronic Funds Transfer", means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephone, computer, or magnetic tape so as to paper instrument, but is not limited to, or destruction of, the instrument or document.
(I) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments", means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.
(H) "Applicable Law", means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.

warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within

option and Borrower's expenses. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

If Borrower is responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with remappings or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall track services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unless Lender may require Lender can change during the term of the Loan. The insurance carrier providing the insurance shall be chosen by Borrower (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance maintained in the amounts insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, lightning, windstorms, flooding, and earthquakes.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the property Lender in connection with this Loan.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax certification and/or reporting service used by Section 4.

Borrower shall promptly disclose any notice given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this date on which notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this can attach priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the subordination of the lien to this Security Instrument, if Lender determines that any part of the property is subject to a lien which only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but is performing such agreement; (b) consents the lien in good faith by, or defers against acceptance of the lien in, legal in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower in writing to the Lender.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the funds held by Lender.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any funds held by Lender.

In the event that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower and Property which can attach priority over this Security Instrument, leaseshold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 4.

Borrower shall promptly disclose any notice given, Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fines, and impositions attributable to the funds held by Lender.

Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any funds held by Lender.

make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months.

under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to accoradance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. It there is a deficiency of funds held in escrow, as defined Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess or otherwise in accordance with RESPA, and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the funds. Lender writing or applicable law requires interest to be paid on the funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest Borrower interest on the funds and applicable law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in holding and applying the funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays apply the funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall apply all funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

or all Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower shall pay Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and fails to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and agrees to pay the amount due to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all

Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.

7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

8. Borrower's Loan Application. Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in

and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund.

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, or of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "capitive reinsurance." Further: portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or affiliation of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums).

Mortgage insurance ends in accordance with any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may satisfy to the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are with other parts of all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance.

Mortgage insurance reimburses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if Borrower provided in the Note.

Lender repays the Note and Lender repays separately designated payments toward the premium for Mortgage Insurance becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires separate payments toward the making of the Loan and Borrower was required to make Lender required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such losses reserve. Lender can no longer require payments if loss reserve shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender not be required to pay Lender will accept, use and retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such effect to Lender the amount of the separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in insurer selected by Lender. If substantially equivalent Mortgage Insurance coverage is not available, Borrower shall continue to substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost required to make separately designated payments toward the premium for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the required by Lender ceases to be available from the previous provided such insurance and Borrower was pay the premiums required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall acquire fees title to the Property, the lesseehold and the fee title shall not merge in writing.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires upon notice from Lender not merging in writing.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon demand by Lender under this Section 9.

Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9. Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that take action under this Section 9, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have due utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, Security instrument, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property and/or rights under this (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying reasonable attorney's fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security instrument; including protection or assessing the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security instrument, instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for bankruptcy, probable, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security instrument by affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security instrument, (a) Borrower occupies any or principal residence.

connection with the Loan. Material representations include, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has—if any—with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. All or any part of the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the "Property") means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests

17. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

As used in this Security Instrument: (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include corresponding neutral words or words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular shall mean and include the plural and vice versa; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law

conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflict. In the event that any provision or clause of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such parties to agree by contract or in writing be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against enforcement by any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly or implicitly allow the subject to any requirement is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument and the law of the jurisdiction in which the Property is located. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law

Applicable Law requiring delivery of address under this Security Instrument.

Borrower. Any notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until or by mailing it by first class mail to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address to be given by deliverying it

designed notice under this Security Instrument at any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by deliverying it address, then Borrower shall report a change of address through that specified procedure. There may be only one

promptly notify Lender of Borrower's change of address. If Lender specifies a procedure for reporting Borrower's change of address unless Borrower has designated a substitute notice address by notice to Lender. Borrower shall

be the Property Address notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall consistute notice to Borrower unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. Notice to any one

mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to Borrower when

Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be given to Borrower by Borrower when

waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or charge fees that are expressly prohibited by this Applicable Law.

Lender may not charge fees that are partially prohibited by this Applicable Law.

Reduction of the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; then: (a) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceeded permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal without notice to Borrower unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. The notice address shall

be the Property Address notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly requires otherwise. Notice to any one

mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's notice address if sent by other means. Notice to Borrower when

Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument shall be given to Borrower by Borrower when

waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

14. Loan Charges. Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for

the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including, but not limited

to, attorney's fees, property inspection and valuation fees. In regard to any other fees, the absence of express authority in this

Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee.

Securities instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee.

unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as

Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations and liability under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing, and is approved by Lender. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall

subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this

co-signer's consent.

modifying, forbearing or making any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the

sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to pay co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay but does not execute the Note (a "co-signer"); (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgage, grant and convey the

Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument

13. Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound. Borrower covenants and agrees that

immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

19. Borrower's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to Section 22 of this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

20. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

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24. Waiver of Valuation and Appraisement. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

23. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees and costs of title evidence. Judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument in full of all cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not further in form Borrower of the right to remit after acceleration and the right to assess in the foreclosure proceeding secured by this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall fail to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums (d) that fail to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (b) the action required to cure the default; (a) the notice shall specify: (a) the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and **Applicable Law provides otherwise.** The notice shall specify: (a) the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless leakage, discharge, release or retreat of any Hazardous Substance the value of the Property. If Borrower caused by any release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower caused by any government or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with government or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any government agency or party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release or retreat of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower caused by any government, discharge, release or retreat of any Hazardous Substance, and (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release or retreat of any Hazardous Substance the value of the Property. If Borrower caused by any government or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

State of Indiana

County of Lake

SS:

Before me,

June , 2005

Arlene Toleikis (a Notary Public) this 21st day of

Albert G. Stincic & Virginia A. Stincic, Husband and Wife
acknowledged the execution of the annexed mortgage.


Arlene Toleikis

Notary Public

This instrument was prepared by:

My commission expires: 9-7-2007
County of residence: Lake

Darlene L. Beerling, President
[Name]
**This Document is the property of
the Lake County Recorder!**

After Recording Return To:

Liberty Savings Bank, FSB
1900 Indianapolis Blvd.
Whiting IN 46394

STOP



INDIANA—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

ITEM 1879 (0107)

(Page 12 of 12 pages)

Form 3015 1/01

GREATLAND ■

To Order Call: 1-800-530-9393 □ Fax: 616-791-1131

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Witness:

STOP



(Seal)
Borrower

(Seal)
Borrower

(Seal)
Borrower

(Seal)
Borrower

(Seal)
Borrower

(Seal)
Borrower

Adele G. Stinchic
[Signature]

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in pages 1 through 12 of this
Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

YOU ARE NOT OBLIGATED TO PAY ANY MONEY UNLESS YOU SIGN THIS CONTRACT AND RETURN IT
TO THE SELLER/LENDER.
[Signature]

1-4 FAMILY RIDER Assignment of Rents

THIS 1-4 FAMILY RIDER is made this ..21stday ofJune....., ~~x19~~ 2005,
and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the Mortgage, Deed of Trust or Security Deed
(the "Security Instrument") of the same date given by the undersigned (the "Borrower") to secure Borrower's Note to
.....Liberty..Savings..Bank..FSB..... (the "Lender")
of the same date and covering the Property described in the Security Instrument and located at:

.....1703. and 1703. $\frac{1}{2}$. Sheridan Avenue, Whiting IN 46394.....
[Property Address]

1-4 FAMILY COVENANTS. In addition to the covenants and agreements made in the Security Instrument, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

A. ADDITIONAL PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE SECURITY INSTRUMENT. In addition to the Property described in the Security Instrument, the following items are added to the Property description, and shall also constitute now or hereafter located in, on, or used, or intended to be used in connection with the Property, including, but not limited to, those for the purposes of supplying or distributing heating, cooling, electricity, gas, water, air and light, fire prevention and extinguishing apparatus, security and access control apparatus, plumbing, bath tubs, water heaters, water closets, sinks, ranges, stoves, refrigerators, dishwashers, disposals, washers, dryers, awnings, storm windows, storm doors, screens, blinds, shades, curtains and curtain rods, attached mirrors, cabinets, panelling and attached floor coverings now or hereafter attached to the Property, all of which, including replacements and additions thereto, shall be deemed to be and remain a part of the Property covered by the Security Instrument. All of the foregoing together with the Property described in the Security Instrument (or the leasehold estate if the Security Instrument is on a leasehold) are referred to in this 1-4 Family Rider and the Security Instrument as the "Property."

B. USE OF PROPERTY; COMPLIANCE WITH LAW. Borrower shall not seek, agree to or make a change in the use of the Property or its zoning classification, unless Lender has agreed in writing to the change. Borrower shall comply with all laws, ordinances, regulations and requirements of any governmental body applicable to the Property.

C. SUBORDINATE LIENS. Except as permitted by federal law, Borrower shall not allow any lien inferior to the Security Instrument to be perfected against the Property without Lender's prior written permission.

D. RENT LOSS INSURANCE. Borrower shall maintain insurance against rent loss in addition to the other hazards for which insurance is required by Uniform Covenant 5.

E. "BORROWER'S RIGHT TO REINSTATE" DELETED. Uniform Covenant 18 is deleted.

F. BORROWER'S OCCUPANCY. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, the first sentence in Uniform Covenant 6 concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property is deleted. All remaining covenants and agreements set forth in Uniform Covenant 6 shall remain in effect.

G. ASSIGNMENT OF LEASES. Upon Lender's request, Borrower shall assign to Lender all leases of the Property and all security deposits made in connection with leases of the Property. Upon the assignment, Lender shall have the right to modify, extend or terminate the existing leases and to execute new leases, in Lender's sole discretion. As used in this paragraph G, the word "lease" shall mean "sublease" if the Security Instrument is on a leasehold.

H. ASSIGNMENT OF RENTS; APPOINTMENT OF RECEIVER; LENDER IN POSSESSION. Borrower absolutely and unconditionally assigns and transfers to Lender all the rents and revenues ("Rents") of the Property, regardless of to whom the Rents of the Property are payable. Borrower authorizes Lender or Lender's agents to collect the Rents, and agrees that each tenant of the Property shall pay the Rents to Lender or Lender's agents. However, Borrower shall receive the Rents until (i) Lender has given Borrower notice of default pursuant to paragraph 21 of the Security Instrument and (ii) Lender has given notice to the tenant(s) that the Rents are to be paid to Lender or Lender's agent. This assignment of Rents constitutes an absolute assignment and not an assignment for additional security only.

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BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and provisions contained in this I-A Family Rider.

by the Security Instrument.

I. CROSS-DEFAULT PROVISION. Borrower's default or breach under any note or agreement in which Lender has an interest shall be a breach under the Security Instrument and Lender may invoke any of the remedies permitted

or a judicially appointed receiver, may do so at any time when a default occurs. Any application of Rents of the Property or maritime the Property before or after giving notice of default to Borrower. However, Lender, or Lender's agents or Lender, or Lender's agents or a judicially appointed receiver, shall not be required to enter upon, take control of and will not perform any act that would prevent Lender from exercising its rights under this paragraph.

Borrower represents and warrants that Borrower has not executed any prior assignment of the Rents and has not

Lender secured by the Security Instrument pursuant to Uniform Covenant 7.

If the Rents of the Property are not sufficient to cover the costs of taking control of and managing the Property and Rents and Profits derived from the Property without any inaccuracy of the Property as security.

Lender shall be entitled to have a receiver appointed to take possession of and manage the Property and collect the Rents or any judicially appointed receiver shall be liable to account for only those Rents actually received; and (vi)

and other charges on the Property, and then to the sums secured by the Security Instrument; (v) Lender, Lender's receiver, premia on receiver's bonds, repair and maintenance costs, insurance premiums, taxes, assessments

of taking control of and managing the Rents, including, but not limited to, attorney's fees, payable law provides otherwise, all Rents collected by Lender or Lender's agents shall be applied first to the costs

all Rents due and unpaid to Lender or Lender's agents upon Lender's written demand to the tenant; (iv) unless ap-

to collect and receive all of the Rents of the Property; (iii) Borrower agrees that each tenant of the Property shall pay

for the benefit of Lender only, to be applied to the sums secured by the Security Instrument; (ii) Lender shall be entitled

If Lender gives notice of breach to Borrower: (i) all Rents received by Borrower shall be held by Borrower as trustee