

12

STATE OF INDIANA  
LAKE COUNTY  
FILED FOR RECORD

2004 083315

2004 SEP 28 AM 9:13

MORRIS W. CARTER  
RECORDER

60800349773

[Space Above This Line For Recording Data]

## MORTGAGE

### DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated  
Riders to this document.

September 16, 2004

, together with all

(B) "Borrower" is **BELIA SENIZAIZ,**

Borrower is the mortgagor under this Security Instrument.

(C) "Lender" is **Peoples Bank SB**

Lender is a **Corporation**  
the laws of

organized and existing under  
. Lender's address is

State of Indiana  
9204 Columbia Avenue, Munster, IN 46321

(D) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated  
states that Borrower owes Lender **Sixty Thousand Dollars And No Cents**

Lender is the mortgagee under this Security Instrument.

September 16, 2004

. The Note

Dollars (U.S. \$ 60,000.00)

) plus interest. Borrower has promised

to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than  
**October 1, 2024**

(E) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

(F) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(G) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

Adjustable Rate Rider

Condominium Rider

Second Home Rider

Balloon Rider

Planned Unit Development Rider

Other(s) [specify]

1-4 Family Rider

Biweekly Payment Rider

INDIANA—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

ITEM 1879L1 (0107)

(Page 1 of 12 pages)

Form 3015 1/01

GREATLAND ■

To Order Call: 1-800-530-9393 □ Fax: 616-791-1131

**SOUTHSHORE TITLE LLC**  
11055 BROADWAY  
CROWN POINT, IN 46307

31  
DG  
SS

**BORROWER COVENANTS** that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property as hereinabove, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower

**TOGETHER WITH** all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

which currently has the address of  
4744 SOUTH PINE AVENUE,  
[Street]  
46327      [Zip Code]  
Hammond      [City]  
("Property Address")

PLAT BOOK 5 PAGE 7, IN THE OFFICE OF THE RECORDER OF LAKE COUNTY, INDIANA.  
LOTS 14 AND 15 IN BLOCK 4, IN BIRKHOFF'S ADDITION IN THE CITY OF HAMMOND, AS PER PLAT THEREOF, RECORDED IN

This Security Instrument secures to Lender: (i) the repayment of the Loan, and (ii) the Note. This Note, and (iii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security Instrument and the Note; and (iv) the payment of all costs of collection, including attorney's fees, if any, and expenses, including reasonable attorney's fees, incurred by Lender in connection with the enforcement of any of the rights of Lender under this Security Instrument or the Note.

This Document is the property of  
the Lake County Recorder!

(P) „Successor in Interest of Borrower”, means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower’s obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.

(ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument, "RESPA", means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all regulations that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan", even if the Loan does not qualify as a "federally regulated mortgage loan".

(v) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.

(K) "Scrow Items", means those items that are described in Section 3.

(H) "Applicable Law", means all controlling applicable federal, state and local statutes, regulations, ordinances and administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial opinions.

(I) "Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments", means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Property by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.

(J) "Electronic Funds Transfer", means any transfer of funds between a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephone instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to credit the account. Such term includes, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by telephone, wire transfers, and automated

warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

**UNIFORM COVENANTS.** Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

**1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges.** Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

**2. Application of Payments or Proceeds.** Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

**3. Funds for Escrow Items.** Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within

option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower.

also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with time remappings or similar changes which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall trackинг services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination services and subsequent charges each Borrower to pay, in connection with this Loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, which right shall not be exercised unless chosen by Borrower (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preceding limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance shall be maintained in the amounts insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not 5. **Property Insurance.** Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the Property Lender in connection with this Loan.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Section 4.

date on which notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the Lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this can attain priority over this Security Instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the Lien. Within 10 days of the subordinating the Lien to this Security Instrument, Lender determines that any part of the Property is subject to a Lien which only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the Lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the enforcement of the Lien while those proceedings, but is willing to the payment of the obligation secured by the Lien in a manner acceptable to Lender, but only so long as Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Property which can attain priority over this Security Instrument, less than ground rents on the Property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower is held by Lender.

4. **Chargess; Lien.** Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, fees, and improvements attributable to the Funds held by Lender. Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months.

Borrower shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in accordance with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. If there is a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage in funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess shall give to Borrower, without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

Borrower interest on the Funds and Applicable Law permits Lender to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in holding and applying the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or verifying the Escrow Items, unless Lender pays apply the Funds to pay the Escrow Items no later than the time specified under RESPA. Lender shall not charge Borrower for including Lender, if Lender is in institution whose deposits are so issued) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank. Lender shall or otherwise in accordance with Applicable Law.

The Funds shall be held in an institution by a federal agency, instrument, or entity Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds at the time specified under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a Lender can require under RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of expenditures of future Escrow Items to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Borrower shall then be obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any failure to pay the amount due for an Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and "agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement contained in this Security Instrument, as the phrase "covenant and such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all

Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

**6. Occupancy.** Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.

**7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections.** Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

**8. Borrower's Loan Application.** Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process, Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in

any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, or any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will often termed, "capitive insurance." Further, of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of the insurer's risk in exchange for a share reducing losses. If such arrangement provides that for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that enter into agreements that As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any reinsurer, any other entity, or any include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums.

Mortgage Insurance premiums using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may satisfy to the mortgage insurer and the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements may require the with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions that are Mortgage insurers evaluate their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter into agreements does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance.

Mortgage Insurance reimburses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if Borrower provided in the Note.

termimation is required by Applicable Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the rate Insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender providing for such termination or until minimum Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-refundable loss reserve, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage separately designed payments toward the Premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to make Insurance. If Lender required to make the Loan and Borrower was required to make Premiums available, is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Mortgage Insurance coverage (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected by Lender required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such loss reserve. Lender can no longer require loss reserve payments if loss reserve shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be effect. Lender will accept, if substantially equivalent to the Premiums as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such an insurer selected by Lender. If substantially equivalent Mortgage coverage is not available, Borrower shall continue to pay to Lender the amount of the separately designated payments previously in effect, from an alternate mortgage premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage previously in effect, at a cost required to make separately designated payments toward the Premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required by Lender ceases to be available, Borrower shall cease to be in effect, from any reason, the Mortgage Insurance coverage pay the Premiums required to make the Mortgage Insurance as a condition of making the Loan, Borrower shall acquire fees title to the Property, the lesseehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the lesseehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing. Upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

Interest. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such Security instrument. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security.

Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized under this Section 9. Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that take action under this Section 9, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on or off. Although Lender may limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain water from pipes, Security Instrument, including its secured position in a bankrupcy proceeding. Security the Property includes, but is not (b) appearing in court, and (c) paying reasonable attorney's fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this can include, but are not limited to: (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; including protecting the value of the Property, and securing and/or repairing the Property. Lender's actions whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for bankruptcy, probable, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security Instrument (such as a proceeding in suits to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument, (b) there is a legal proceeding that might occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.

9. Protection of Lender's Interest in the Property and Rights Under this Security Instrument. If (a) Borrower's

connection with the Loan. Material representations included, but are not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has—if any—with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

**11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture.** All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

**12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver.** Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment or otherwise modify amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a Purchaser. If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require and a beneficiary interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require

17. Borrower's Copy. Borrower shall be given one copy of this note and of this Agreement.

18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of the Property to another person.

As used in this Security Instrument, (a) words of the singular gender; (b) words of the plural gender; and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

conflicting provision.

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the contract. In the event that any provision of this Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with the Applicable Law, such parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against amendment by either party to the contract.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan under may not charge fees that are expressly provided for in the Note, Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a violation of the Note, Borrower will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note), and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceed the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (c) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceed the amount permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces principal, the reduction will be treated as a partial prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note).

**14. Loan Charges.** Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's default, for security instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be construed as a prohibition on the charging of such fee.

Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall agree to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind Lender as well as Lender's successors and assigns of Lender.

13. **Joint and Several Liability; Co-signers; Successors and Assigns Bound.** Borrower covenants and agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs this Security Instrument does not execute the Note (a "Co-signer"); (a) is co-signing this Security Instrument only to mortgagee, grant and convey the property under this Security Instrument to the Lender under the terms of this Security Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forgive or make any accommodations with regard to the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the Lender's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security Instrument.

Borrower shall not cause or permit the presence, use, disposal, storage, or release of any Hazardous Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b) which creates an Environmental Condition, or (c) which, due to the presence, use, or release of a Hazardous Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The preceding two sentences shall not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintainance of the Property (including, but not limited to, hazardous substances in consumer products).

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the member of a class that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If applicable Law provides a time period within which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action of this Section 20.

26. Sale or Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Breach; Note of Mortgagor  
in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan services under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer under the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, and the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESEA requires in connection with a transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Note is serviced by a new Loan Servicer other than the previous Note holder, the Note will be transferred to a successor servicer and the Note purchaser will assume the obligations of the previous Note holder.

19. Borrower's Right to Remedy After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to Section 22 of this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to remitiate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower's right to remitiate has been exercised by Borrower, or (d) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument had occurred. However, this right to remitiate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

minimum payment in full or all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of no less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

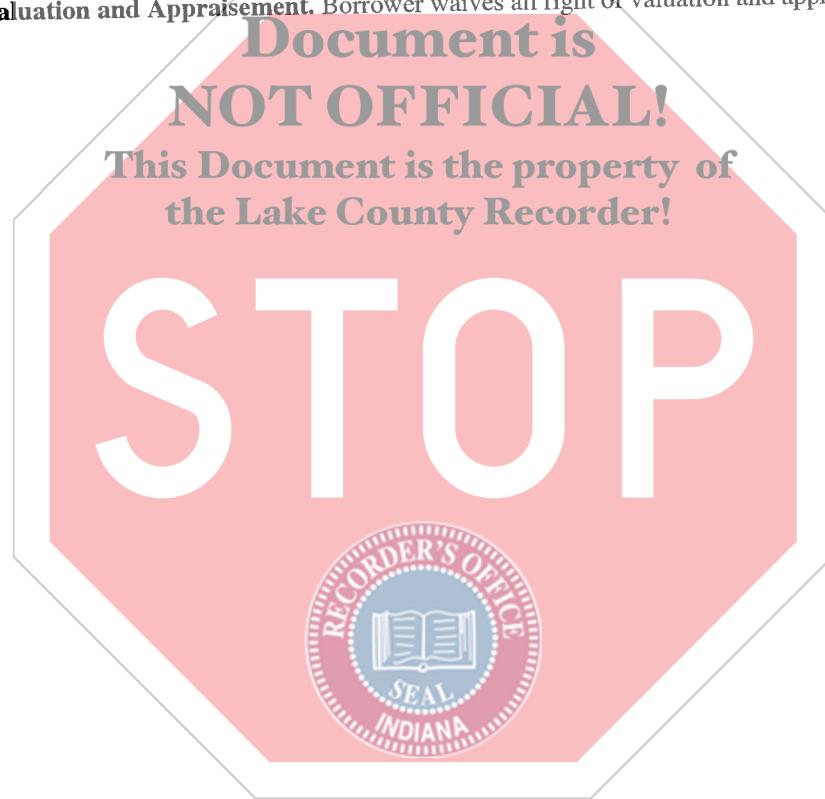
Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or release of a Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

**NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS.** Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

**22. Acceleration; Remedies.** Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the action required to cure the default; and (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to reinstate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice, Lender at its option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees and costs of title evidence.

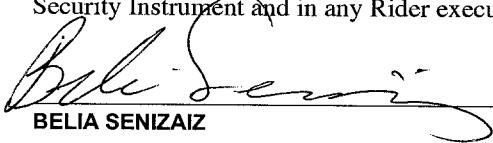
**23. Release.** Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

**24. Waiver of Valuation and Appraisement.** Borrower waives all right of valuation and appraisement.



**YOU ARE NOT OBLIGATED TO PAY ANY MONEY UNLESS YOU SIGN THIS CONTRACT AND RETURN IT TO THE SELLER/LENDER.**

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in pages 1 through 12 of this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

  
BELIA SENIZAIZ

(Seal)  
-Borrower

(Seal)  
-Borrower

(Seal)  
-Borrower

(Seal)  
-Borrower

(Seal)  
-Borrower

(Seal)  
-Borrower

Witness:

Witness:

**Document is  
NOT OFFICIAL!**

This Document is the property of  
the Lake County Recorder!

**STOP**



INDIANA—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac **UNIFORM INSTRUMENT**

ITEM 1879L11 (0107)

(Page 11 of 12 pages)

**Form 3015 1/01**

GREATLAND ■

To Order Call: 1-800-530-9393 □ Fax: 616-791-1131

INDIANA—Single Family—Family Mae Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT  
Form 3015 101  
To Order Call: 1-800-530-9393 Fax: 616-791-1131  
GREATAULD

(Page 12 of 12 pages)

ITEM 187912 (0107)

Munster, IN 46321  
9204 Columbia Avenue  
People's Bank SB  
After Recording Return To:

This instrument is the property of  
the Lake County Recorder!  
County of residence:  
My commission expires:  
KEVIN J. ZAREMBA  
Lake County  
My Commission Expires December 9, 2011  
RECORDERS OFFICE  
SEAL  
INDIANA  
BELLIA SENZIAZI  
KEVIN J. ZAREMBA  
September, 2004  
Before me,  
County of  
LAKE  
State of Indiana  
I acknowledge the execution of the annexed mortgage.  
[Name]  
[Signature]

Notary Public  
(name[s] of signer[s])  
  


(a Notary Public) this 16th day of

KEVIN J. ZAREMBA , BELLA SENZIAZI  
September, 2004

County of  
LAKE  
State of Indiana