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WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO:

DANIEL J. HAMILTON
JEAN M. HAMILTON
10004 4TH STREET
HIGHLAND, IN 46322
Loan No: 0001345172

STATE OF INDIANA
LAKE COUNTY
FILED FOR RECORD

2003 JUL 16 10:09:59

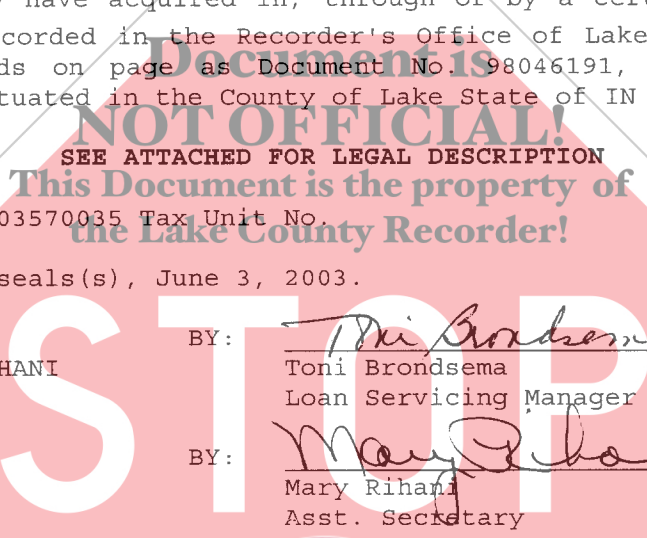
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RELEASE OF MORTGAGE/TRUST DEED BY CORPORATION (ILLINOIS)

FOR THE PROTECTION OF THE OWNER, THIS RELEASE SHALL BE FILED WITH THE RECORDER OF DEEDS OR THE REGISTRAR OF TITLES IN WHOSE OFFICE THE MORTGAGE OR DEED OF TRUST WAS FILED.

Know All Men By these Presents, Crown Mortgage Company of the County of Cook and the State of Illinois for and in consideration of the payment of the Indebtedness secured by the property herein-after mentioned, and the cancellation of all the notes thereby secured, and of the sum of one dollar, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, does hereby **REMISE, RELEASE, CONVEY** and **QUIT CLAIM** unto DANIEL J. HAMILTON / JEAN M. HAMILTON their heirs, legal representatives and assigns, all the right, titles, interest, claim or demand whatsoever it may have acquired in, through or by a certain mortgage bearing the date **June 15, 1998** and recorded in the Recorder's Office of Lake County, in the State of IN, in book of records on page as Document No. 98046191, to the premises therein described as follows, situated in the County of Lake State of IN to wit:



Tax ID No. (Key No.) 162703570035 Tax Unit No.

Witness Our hand(s) and seals(s), June 3, 2003.

THIS INSTRUMENT
WAS PREPARED BY: MARY RIHANI

BY: Toni Brondsema
Toni Brondsema
Loan Servicing Manager

CROWN MORTGAGE COMPANY
6141 WEST 95TH STREET
OAK LAWN, IL 60453

BY: Mary Rihani
Mary Rihani
Asst. Secretary

STATE OF ILLINOIS)
COUNTY OF Lake)

TICOR TITLE INSURANCE
2050-45TH AVE
HIGHLAND, IN 46322

9200321317
Hamilton

On June 3, 2003, before me, the undersigned Notary Public, personally appeared Toni Brondsema and Mary Rihani and known to me to be the Loan Servicing Manager and Asst. Secretary, authorized agents for the Lender that executed the within and foregoing instrument and acknowledged said instrument to be the free and voluntary act and deed of the said Lender, duly authorized by the Lender through its board of directors or otherwise, for the uses and purposes therein mentioned, and on oath stated that they are authorized to execute this said instrument and that the seal affixed is the corporate seal of said Lender.

Susan C Block
Notary Public

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Security Instrument and the Note. For this purpose, Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender the following described property located in Lake County, Indiana:
LOT 292, IN LAKESIDE 9TH ADDITION TO THE TOWN OF HIGHLAND, AS PER PLAT THEREOF, RECORDED IN PLAT BOOK 37 PAGE 84, IN THE OFFICE OF THE RECORDER OF LAKE COUNTY, INDIANA.

Parcel ID#: 27-357-35 Parcel ID#: Parcel ID#: [Street, City],
which has the address of 10004 4TH STREET HIGHLAND
Indiana 46322 [Zip Code] ("Property Address");

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property."

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seised of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. **Payment of Principal and Interest; Prepayment and Late Charges.** Borrower shall promptly pay when due the principal of and interest on the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment and late charges due under the Note.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, insurance proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property damaged, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with any excess paid to Borrower. If Borrower abandons the Property, or does not answer within 30 days a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may collect the insurance proceeds. Lender may use the proceeds to repair or restore the Property or to pay sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given.

Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any application of proceeds to principal shall not extend or postpone the due date of the monthly payments referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 or change the amount of the payments. If under paragraph 21 the Property is acquired by Lender, Borrower's right to any insurance policies and proceeds resulting from damage to the Property prior to the acquisition shall pass to Lender to the extent of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately prior to the acquisition.

6. **Occupancy, Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Borrower's Loan Application; Leaseholds.** Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within sixty days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate, or commit waste on the Property. Borrower shall be in default if any forfeiture action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that in Lender's good faith judgment could result in forfeiture of the Property or otherwise materially impair the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower may cure such a default and reinstate, as provided in paragraph 18, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's good faith determination, precludes forfeiture of the Borrower's interest in the Property or other material impairment of the lien created by this Security Instrument or Lender's security interest. Borrower shall also be in default if Borrower, during the loan application process, gave materially false or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with any material information) in connection with the loan evidenced by the Note, including, but not limited to, representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as a principal residence. If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold,