

STATE OF INDIANA
LAKE COUNTY
FILED FOR RECORD

2003 068103

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CHRIS W. CARTER
RECORDER

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MORTGAGE

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated June 27, 2003, together with all Riders to this document.

(B) "Borrower" is Henry Daniel Stanley and Dawn M. Stanley, Husband and Wife.

Borrower is the mortgagor under this Security Instrument.

(C) "Lender" is Lake Federal Savings and Loan Association of Hammond. Lender is a Savings and Loan Association organized and existing under the laws of The United States of America. Lender's address is 7048 Kennedy Avenue, Hammond, Indiana 46323.

Lender is the mortgagee under this Security Instrument.

(D) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated June 27, 2003.

The Note states that Borrower owes Lender One Hundred Ninety One Thousand Two Hundred Fifty and No/100 Dollars (U.S. \$ 191,250.00) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than July 1, 2033.

(E) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

(F) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(G) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

Adjustable Rate Rider
 Balloon Rider
 1-4 Family Rider

Condominium Rider
 Planned Unit Development Rider
 Biweekly Payment Rider
 Second Home Rider
 Other(s) [specify] _____

INDIANA—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

Bankers Systems, Inc., St. Cloud, MN Form MD-1-IN 8/17/2000
ref: 1/2001



Form 3015 1/01



JG1A0

HOLD FOR FIRST AMERICAN TITLE

454802

\$41
G.
FT

BORROWER COVENANTS that Borrower is lawfully seized of the estate hereby conveyed and has the right to mortgage, grant and convey the Property and that the Property is unencumbered, except for

TOGETHER WITH all the improvements now or hereafter erected on the property, and all easements, appurtenances, and fixtures now or hereafter a part of the property. All replacements and additions shall also be covered by this Security Instrument. All of the foregoing is referred to in this Security Instrument as the "Property".

Dyer [City] Indiana 46311 [Zip Code]
which currently has the address of 196 Chateau Drive [Street]
[Street] [City] [Zip Code] ("Property Address");
[Street] [City] [Zip Code] ("Delivery Address");

Lot 6, Chateau Woods, an addition to the Town of Dyer, as shown in Plat Book 68, page 16, and as amended by Plat of Correction recorded February 4, 1992 in Plat Book 71, page 61, in Lake County, Indiana.

**Document is
NOT OFFICIAL!**

This Document is Not Official
the Lake County Recorder

TRANSFERS OF RIGHTS IN THE PROPERTY
AND MODIFICATIONS OF BORROWERS COVENANTS
AND SECURITY INSTRUMENTS OF LENDER: (I) THE REPAYMENT OF THE LOAN, AND ALL RENEWALS, EXTENSIONS
AND SECURITY INSTRUMENT SECURES TO LENDER; (II) THE PERFORMANCE OF BORROWERS COVENANTS AND AGREEMENTS
AND SECURITY INSTRUMENTS OF THE NOTE; AND (III) THE RECORDING JURISDICTION [Name of Recording Jurisdiction]
[Type of Recording Jurisdiction] COUNTY OF LAKE

(K) "Escrow Items" means those items that are described in Section 3.

(L) "Miscellaneous Proceeds" means any compensation, settlement, award of damages, or proceeds paid by any third party (other than insurance proceeds paid under the coverages described in Section 5) for: (i) damage to, or destruction of, the Property; (ii) condemnation of all or any part of the Property; (iii) conveyance in lieu of condemnation, or (iv) misrepresentation of, or omissions as to, the value and/or condition of the Property.

(M) "Mortgage Insurance" means insurance protecting Lender against the nonpayment of, or default on, the Loan.

(N) "Periodic Payment" means the regularly scheduled amount due for (i) principal and interest under the Note, plus (ii) any amounts under Section 3 of this Security Instrument.

(O) "RESPA" means the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) and its implementing regulation, Regulation X (24 CFR, Part 3500), as they might be amended from time to time, or any additional or successor legislation that governs the same subject matter. As used in this Security Instrument, "RESPA" refers to all requirements and restrictions that are imposed in regard to a "federally related mortgage loan".

(P) "Successor in Interest of Borrower" means any party that has taken title to the Property, whether or not that party has assumed Borrower's obligations under the Note and/or this Security Instrument.

(H) “**Applicable Law**”, means all controlling rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable final, non-appealable judicial administrative rules and orders (that have the effect of law) as well as all applicable statutes, regulations, ordinances and opinions.

(I) “**Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments**”, means all dues, fees, assessments and other charges that are imposed on Borrower or the Proprietor by a condominium association, homeowners association or similar organization.

(J) “**Electronmic Funds Transfer**”, means any transfer of funds, other than a transaction originated by check, draft, or similar paper instrument, which is initiated through an electronic terminal, telephoneic instrument, computer, or magnetic tape so as to order, instruct, or authorize a financial institution to debit or credit an account, or transfer funds between accounts, but is not limited to, point-of-sale transfers, automated teller machine transactions, transfers initiated by mail or fax, or electronic funds transfers.

encumbrances of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for any Escrow Items for which payment of Funds has been waived by Lender and, if Lender requires, shall furnish to

in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an objection by Borrower. Lender also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency remapping or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a which right shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this providing the insurance selected by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, requires pursuant to the preceding sentence can change during the term of the loan. What Lender maintains in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for which Lender requires that Lender requires. This insurance shall be included, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for term, "extended coverage," and any other hazards property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term, "extended coverage" or existing or hereafter erected on the service used by Lender in connection with this loan.

5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the insurance coverage for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting Lender may require to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting

Section 4. Lender may require Borrower to satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this which that notice is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this security instrument, Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien. Within 10 days of the date on this instrument. If Lender determines that any part of the property is subject to a lien which can attach priority over instrument. From the holder of the lien an agreement satisfactory to Lender subordinating the lien to this security securities from the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) enforcement of the lien which in legal proceedings such as agreement, (b) contests the lien in good faith by, or Lender, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreements, (a) agrees in writing to the obligation secured by the lien in a manner acceptable to Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to the payment of the obligation secured by the lien in a manner provided in Section 3.

Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this security instrument unless are escrow items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall pay all taxes, fees, and assessments, if any. To the extent that these items property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items the property which can attain priority over this security instrument, less than ground rents on the

Borrower held by Lender. Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this security instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to

in no more than 12 months.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower a deficiency of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower to make up the deficiency in accordance with RESPA, but a deficiency to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. If there is necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount for the excess funds in escrow held by RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount

for the excess funds in escrow, as defined under RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under

RESPA, Lender shall apply to the Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower and Lender can agree in writing, however, that interest shall be paid on the Funds. Lender shall give to Borrower, paid on the Funds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest on the Funds. Borrower is required to make such a charge. Unless an agreement is made in writing or applicable law permits interest to be Lender to make up the shortage with RESPA, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds and applicable law permits verifying the escrow items, unless Lender pays Borrower interest on the Funds, annually analyzing the escrow account, or Lender shall not charge Borrower for holding and applying the Funds no later than the time specified under RESPA. Bank, Lender shall apply the Funds to pay the escrow items no later than the time specified under RESPA. entity (including Lender, if Lender is an institution whose deposits are so insured) or in any Federal Home Loan Bank, Lender is an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or

The Funds shall be held in an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity specified under RESPA, and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds

RESPA. Lender shall estimate the amount of Funds due on the basis of current data and reasonable estimates of

RESPA, Lender shall specific under RESPA, and (b) not to exceed the maximum amount a Lender can require under

at the time specific under RESPA, and hold all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under Law.

Lender may, at any time, collect and hold Funds in an amount (a) sufficient to permit Lender to apply the Funds

shall pay to Lender all Funds, and in such amounts, that are then required under this Section 3.

Escrow Items at any time by a notice given in accordance with Section 15 and, upon such revocation, Borrower

obligated under Section 9 to repay to Lender any such amount. Lender may revoke the waiver as to any or all Escrow Item, Lender may exercise its rights under Section 9 and pay such amount and Borrower shall then be obliged to pay Escrow Items directly, pursuant to a waiver, and Borrower fails to pay the amount due for an

obligated to pay Escrow Items directly, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. If Borrower is contained in this security instrument, as the phrase "covenant and agreement" is used in Section 9. It

make such payments and to provide receipts shall for all purposes be deemed to be a covenant and agreement to Lender receipts evidencing such payment within such time period as Lender may require. Borrower's obligation to

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.

7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

INDIANA—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac Mortgage INSURANCE INSTRUMENT

As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses, the mortgage insurer takes a share of

agreements that are satisfactory to the mortgage insurer to make payments using any source of funds that the mortgage insurer may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance).

Mortgage agreements with other parties that share or modify their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms and conditions which other party to the Note, another insurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or might be characterized as) a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or modifying losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses, the mortgage insurer takes a share of

Borrower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance.

Mortgage Insurance reimburses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur if Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrower and Lender's provision for such termination or until termination is required by Applicable Law. Between Borrower and Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance is terminated by Applicable Law.

Borrower shall pay the premiums required to maintain Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-refundable Borrower was required to make separate payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to make separate payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender requires Lender to make timely payment of making the Loan and

by Lender again becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires separately designated payments toward the premiums for Mortgage Insurance on such loss reserve. Lender can no longer require payments if

Borrower any interest or earnings in the amount and for the period that Lender requires (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires (in the amount and for the period that Lender requires) provided by an insurer selected to pay

refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall not be required to pay retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss reserve shall be non-

designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect. Lender will accept, use and Mortgage Insurance previously to pay to Lender the amount of the separate

Mortgage Insurance is not available, Borrower shall continue to pay to Lender separately the premiums for Mortgage Insurance previously to pay to Lender separately the premiums for Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to make separate payments toward the premiums for

Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premiums required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the premiums for such insurance and Borrower was required to be available from the date of disbursement by Lender under this Section 9.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the lesseehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the

payable, with such interest, upon notice to Lender to Borrower requesting payment. This amount shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be

this Security Instrument. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by Lender under this Section 9.

It is agreed that Lender may take action under this Section 9, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized

or off. Although Lender may take action under this Section 9, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any water from pipes, eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned on

limited to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain instruments, including its secured position in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property includes, but is not

(c) paying reasonable attorney fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security (a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appealing in court; and

of the Property, and securing and/or preparing the Property. Lender's actions can include, but are not limited to: interests in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, including protecting the value abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's

which may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probable, for condemnation or forfeiture, for enforcement of a Lien proceeding that might significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security

Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument. If (a) representations concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.

Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent gave materially false, misleading, or inaccurate information or statements to Lender (or failed to provide Lender with material information) in connection with the Loan. Material representations included, but are not limited to,

8. **Borrower's Loan Application.** Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process,

insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance." Further:

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund.

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has—if any—with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of

INDIANA—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

18. Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower. As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial interests which may be created by a copy of the Note and/or this Agreement.

The term in this section shall mean (a) words of the language, (b) words of the language, such as interlocutory, explanatory, or descriptive words, or words of the language, which are used to express a particular meaning, and (c) the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

16. Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction. This Security Instrument shall be governed by federal law and the law of the state in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in this Security Instrument are subject to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might explicitly prohibit instruments and agreements containing provisions contained in this Security Instrument against the parties to agree by contract or it might be silent, but such silence shall not be construed as a prohibition against conflicts with the Note or the Note's conflict with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this Security Instrument or the Note which can be given effect without the conflicting provision.

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that the interest or other loan charges collected or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceeds the permitted limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the permitted limit; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceed permitted limits will be refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal owed under the Note or by making a direct payment to Borrower. If a refund reduces the principal owed under the Note, the refunder may deduct the prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note). Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment will constitute a waiver of any right of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

regard to the terms of this Security Instrument without the co-signer's consent. Subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in Interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument in writing, and is approved by Lender, shall obtain all of Borrower's rights and benefits under this Security Instrument. Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations under this Security Instrument unless Lender agrees to such release in writing. The covenants and agreements of this Security Instrument shall bind (except as provided in Section 20) and benefit the successors and assigns of Lender.

Borrower will to refuse to exercise the right to prepay in the event of otherwise timely amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument by reason of any demand made by Lender in the original Borrower or any Successors in Lender's interest of Borrower. Any Borrower by Lender in exercising any right or remedy including, without limitation, Lender's acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in Lender's interest of Borrower or in amounts less than the amount then due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

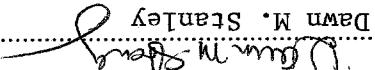
If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

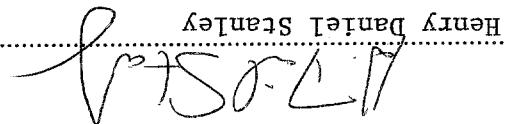
19. Borrower's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to Section 22 of this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

20. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

Dawn M. Stanley
-Borrower
.....(Seal)


Henry Daniel Stanley
-Borrower
.....(Seal)


Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security

24. Waiver of Valuation and Appraisal. Borrower waives all right of valuation and appraisal.

third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

Instrument. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a

23. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security

Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees and costs of title evidence.

proceeding. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this

Security Instrument without further demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial

date specified in the notice, Lender at his option may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by

or any other defense of Borrower to acceleration and foreclosure. If the default is not cured on or before the

remediate after acceleration and the right to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the non-existence of a default

by judicial proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to

specify in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure

Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date

action required to cure the default; (c) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to

under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the default; (b) the

Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration following

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Cleanup.

Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein

party, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the Property is necessary,

value of the Property. If Borrower leases, or is notified by any governmental or regulatory authority, or any private

and (c) any condition caused by the presence, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the

including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharging, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance,

Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition,

action by any government agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other

but not limited to, hazardously substances in consumer products).

generally recognized to be appropriate to normal residential uses and to maintenance of the Property (including,

not apply to the presence, use, or storage on the Property of small quantities of Hazardous Substances that are

Substance, creates a condition that adversely affects the value of the Property. The proceeding two sentences shall

allow anyone else to do, anything affecting the Property (a) that is in violation of any Environmental Law, (b)

Substances, or threaten to release any Hazardous Substances, on or in the Property. Borrower shall not do, nor

[Space Below This Line For Acknowledgment]

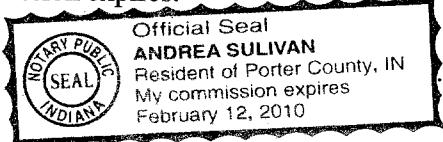
STATE OF INDIANA

Before me, *Andrea Sullivan* ... County ss:
day of *June*, 2003, a Notary Public this *27th*
....., *Henry Daniel Stanley and Dawn M. Stanley*
..... acknowledged the execution of the annexed mortgage.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

Notary Public

My commission expires:



Andrea Sullivan

Type or Print Name

Resident of County, Indiana
This instrument was prepared by:

Gerald R. Skrabala, President

**Document is
NOT OFFICIAL!**

**This Document is the property of
the Lake County Recorder!**

STOP



INDIANA—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

Bankers Systems, Inc., St. Cloud, MN Form MD-1-IN 8/17/2000

(page 11 of 11 pages)

Form 3015 1/01

1475

1-4 FAMILY RIDER (Assignment of Rents)

THIS 1-4 FAMILY RIDER is made this 27th day of June, 2003, and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement the Mortgage, Deed of Trust, or Security Deed (the "Security Instrument") of the same date given by the undersigned (the "Borrower") to secure Borrower's Note to Lake Federal Savings and Loan Association of Hammond (the "Lender") of the same date and covering the Property described in the Security Instrument and located at: 196 Chateau Drive, Dyer, Indiana 46311.
[Property Address]

1-4 FAMILY COVENANTS. In addition to the covenants and agreements made in the Security Instrument, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

A. ADDITIONAL PROPERTY SUBJECT TO THE SECURITY INSTRUMENT. In addition to the Property described in Security Instrument, the following items now or hereafter attached to the Property to the extent they are fixtures are added to the Property description, and shall also constitute the Property covered by the Security Instrument: building materials, appliances and goods of every nature whatsoever now or hereafter located in, on, or used, or intended to be used in connection with the Property, including, but not limited to, those for the purposes of supplying or distributing heating, cooling, electricity, gas, water, air and light, fire prevention and extinguishing apparatus, security and access control apparatus, plumbing, bath tubs, water heaters, water closets, sinks, ranges, stoves, refrigerators, dishwashers, disposals, washers, dryers, awnings, storm windows, storm doors, screens, blinds, shades, curtains and curtain rods, attached mirrors, cabinets, paneling and attached floor coverings, all of which, including replacements and additions thereto, shall be deemed to be and remain a part of the Property covered by the Security Instrument. All of the foregoing together with the Property described in the Security Instrument (or the leasehold estate if the Security Instrument is on a leasehold) are referred to in this 1-4 Family Rider and the Security Instrument as the "Property."

B. USE OF PROPERTY; COMPLIANCE WITH LAW. Borrower shall not seek, agree to or make a change in the use of the Property or its zoning classification, unless Lender has agreed in writing to the change. Borrower shall comply with all laws, ordinances, regulations and requirements of any governmental body applicable to the Property.

C. SUBORDINATE LIENS. Except as permitted by federal law, Borrower shall not allow any lien inferior to the Security Instrument to be perfected against the Property without Lender's prior written permission.

D. RENT LOSS INSURANCE. Borrower shall maintain insurance against rent loss in addition to the other hazards for which insurance is required by Section 5.

E. "BORROWER'S RIGHT TO REINSTATE" DELETED. Section 19 is deleted.

F. BORROWER'S OCCUPANCY. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, Section 6 concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property is deleted.

G. ASSIGNMENT OF LEASES. Upon Lender's request after default, Borrower shall assign to Lender all leases of the Property and all security deposits made in connection with leases of the Property. Upon the assignment, Lender shall have the right to modify, extend or terminate the existing leases and to execute new leases, in Lender's sole discretion. As used in this paragraph G, the word "lease" shall mean "sublease" if the Security Instrument is on a leasehold.

H. ASSIGNMENT OF RENTS; APPOINTMENT OF RECEIVER; LENDER IN POSSESSION. Borrower absolutely and unconditionally assigns and transfers to Lender all the rents and revenues ("Rents") of the Property, regardless of to whom the Rents of the Property are payable.

Form 3170 1/01



KQ2A0

QmS

(page 1 of 2 pages)



ADJUSTABLE RATE RIDER

THIS ADJUSTABLE RATE RIDER is made this27th..... day of .June, 2003.....
..... and is incorporated into and shall be deemed to amend and supplement
the Mortgage, Deed of Trust, or Security Deed (the "Security Instrument") of the same date given
by the undersigned (the "Borrower") to secure Borrower's Adjustable Rate Note (the "Note") to ...
Lake Federal Savings and Loan Association of Hammond.....

(the "Lender") of the same date and covering the property described in the Security Instrument
and located at:
196 Chateau Drive, Dyer, Indiana 46311.....
[Property Address]

**NOTICE: THE SECURITY INSTRUMENT SECURES A NOTE WHICH
CONTAINS A PROVISION ALLOWING FOR CHANGES IN THE
INTEREST RATE. INCREASES IN THE INTEREST RATE WILL RESULT
IN HIGHER PAYMENTS. DECREASES IN THE INTEREST RATE WILL
RESULT IN LOWER PAYMENTS.**

ADDITIONAL COVENANTS. In addition to the covenants and agreements made in the
Security Instrument, Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

A. INTEREST RATE AND PERIODIC PAYMENT CHANGES

The Note provides for an initial interest rate of4.50.....%. The Note provides
for changes in the interest rate and the payments, as follows:

3. PAYMENTS

(A) Periodic Payments

I will pay principal and interest by making periodic payments when scheduled: (mark one):

I will make my periodic payments on the first day of each month beginning on
.....August 1, 2003.....

I will make my periodic payments as follows:



(page 1 of 3 pages)

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DMS

MULTISTATE ADJUSTABLE RATE RIDER
Bankers Systems, Inc., St. Cloud, MN Form ARLR 8/24/2000
ref: ADJ-NOTE

Dan G

If the Index is no longer available, the Note Holder will give me notice of this choice. Before each Change Date is called the "Current Index".

The most recent Index figure available as of the date 45 days

One Year Treasury Constant Maturity - The Weekly Average Yield

Beginning with the first Change Date, my interest rate will be based on an Index. The "Index" is:

(B) **The Index**

and on every July 1st thereafter.

The interest rate I will pay may change July 1, 2010 month thereafter.

The interest rate I will pay may change on the first day of Each date on which my interest rate could change is called a "Change Date." (Mark one)

(A) **Change Dates**

4. INTEREST RATE AND PERIODIC PAYMENT CHANGES

Changes in my periodic payment will reflect changes in the unpaid principal of my loan and in the interest rate that I must pay. The Note Holder will determine my new interest rate and the changed amount of my periodic payment in accordance with Section 4 of the Note.

(D) **Periodic Payment Changes**

This amount may change.

Each of my initial periodic payments will be in the amount of U.S. \$.969.04

(C) **Amount of My Initial Periodic Payments**

I will make my periodic payments at 7048 Kennedy Avenue, Madison, WI 5323

full on that date, which is called the "Maturity Date".

My periodic payments will be applied to interest before Principal. If, on July 1, 2033

I will make these payments as scheduled until I have paid all of the principal and interest

and any other charges described in the Note.

(B) **Maturity Date and Place of Payments**

I will mail to me notice prior to maturity that the balloon payment is due. This notice will

state the Balloon Payment amount and the date that it is due.

\$..... on The Note Holder will deliver

In addition to the payments described above, I will pay a "Balloon Payment" of

(C) Calculation of Changes

Before each Change Date, the Note Holder will calculate my new interest rate by two and one half percentage points (....2.50.....%) to the Current Index. The result of this calculation:

- will not be rounded off.
- will be rounded off by the Note Holder to the nearest0.125.....%.
- will be rounded off by the Note Holder up to the nearest%.
- will be rounded off by the Note Holder down to the nearest%.

Subject to the limitations stated in Section 4(D) below, this amount will be my new interest rate until the next Change Date.

The Note Holder will then determine the amount of the periodic payment that would be sufficient to repay the unpaid principal that I am expected to owe at the Change Date in full on the Maturity Date at my new interest rate in substantially equal payments. The result of this calculation will be the new amount of my periodic payment.

(D) Limits on Interest Rate Changes

My interest rate will never be increased or decreased on any single Change Date by more than ...two..... percentage points from the rate of interest I have been paying for the preceding period.

My interest rate will never be greater than10.50.....% or less than6.00.....%.

(E) Effective Date of Changes

My new interest rate will become effective on each Change Date. I will pay the amount of my new periodic payment beginning on the first periodic payment date after the Change Date until the amount of my periodic payment changes again.

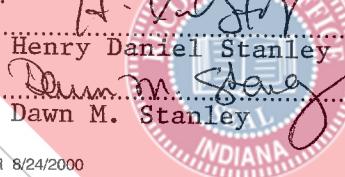
(F) Notice of Changes

At least 25 days, but no more than 120 days, before the effective date of any payment change, the Note Holder will deliver or mail to me a notice of any changes in my interest rate and the amount of my periodic payment. The notice will include information required by law to be given to me and also the title and telephone number of a person who will answer any question I may have regarding the notice.

B. FUNDS FOR TAXES AND INSURANCE

Uniform Covenant 3 of the Security Instrument is waived by the Lender.

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Adjustable Rate Rider.



..... (Seal)
-Borrower

..... (Seal)
-Borrower

LOT 6, CHATEAU WOODS, AN ADDITION TO THE TOWN OF DYER, AS SHOWN IN PLAT BOOK 68, PAGE 16, AND AS AMENDED BY PLAT OF CORRECTION RECORDED FEBRUARY 4, 1992 IN PLAT BOOK 71, PAGE 61, IN LAKE COUNTY, ILLINOIS.

