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SAND RIDGE BANK/95802580-23083/JAK/JE

MORTGAGE

DEFINITIONS

Words used in multiple sections of this document are defined below and other words are defined in Sections 3, 11, 13, 18, 20 and 21. Certain rules regarding the usage of words used in this document are also provided in Section 16.

(A) "Security Instrument" means this document, which is dated APRIL 22, 2002, together with all Riders to this document.

(B) "Borrower" is MICHAEL A. ZOLFO AND MICHELLE M. ZOLFO, HUSBAND AND WIFE.

Borrower is the mortgagor under this Security Instrument.

(C) "Lender" is SAND RIDGE BANK.

Lender is a CORPORATION organized and existing under the laws of THE STATE OF INDIANA. Lender's address is P.O. BOX 598, SCHERRVILLE, IN 46375.

Lender is the mortgagee under this Security Instrument.

(D) "Note" means the promissory note signed by Borrower and dated APRIL 22, 2002. The Note states that Borrower owes Lender SIXTY FOUR THOUSAND AND NO/100* * * * * * * * * * Dollars (U.S. \$ 64,000.00) plus interest. Borrower has promised to pay this debt in regular Periodic Payments and to pay the debt in full not later than MAY 1, 2017.

(E) "Property" means the property that is described below under the heading "Transfer of Rights in the Property."

(F) "Loan" means the debt evidenced by the Note, plus interest, any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note, and all sums due under this Security Instrument, plus interest.

(G) "Riders" means all Riders to this Security Instrument that are executed by Borrower. The following Riders are to be executed by Borrower [check box as applicable]:

Adjustable Rate Rider
 Balloon Rider
 1-4 Family Rider

Condominium Rider
 Planned Unit Development Rider
 Biweekly Payment Rider

Second Home Rider
 Other(s) [specify]

INDIANA—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

Bankers Systems, Inc., St. Cloud, MN Form MD-1-IN 8/17/2000

ref: 1/2001



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M-3 M-1 Form 3015 1/01



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RIGHT TO MORTGAGE, GRANT AND CONVEY THE PROPERTY AND THAT THE BORROWER IS lawfully seized of THE ESTATE HEREBY CONVEYED AND HAS THE PROPERTY.

BORROWER COVENANTS THAT BORROWER IS SECURITY FOR THE PROPERTY AS THE APPURTENANCES, AND FIXTURES NOW OR HEREAFTER A PART OF THE PROPERTY. ALL REPLEVEMENTS AND ADDITIONS SHALL ALSO BE COVERED BY THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT. ALL OF THE FOREGOING IS REFERRED TO IN THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT AS THE PROPERTY.

TOGETHER WITH ALL THE IMPROVEMENTS NOW OR HEREAFTER ERECTED ON THE PROPERTY, AND ALL EASEMENTS,

CROWN POINT, INDIANA, 46307, ZIP CODE: (PROPERTY ADDRESS):
STREET: WHICH CURRENTLY HAS THE ADDRESS OF 400 W. GOLDENROUGE ST.,

TO THE PLACE OF BEGINNING, IN LAKE COUNTY, INDIANA.
THENCE SOUTH 200 FEET TO THE NORTH LINE OF GOLDENROUGE STREET; THENCE EAST 60 FEET
NORTH LINE OF GOLDENROUGE STREET; THENCE NORTH 200 FEET; THENCE WEST 60 FEET;
CORNER OF LOT 4, BEING THE INTERSECTION OF THE WEST LINE OF HOFMAN STREET AND THE
INDIANA; THAT PART OF PLAT LOT 4 BEING DESCRIBED AS COMMENCING AT THE SOUTHEAST
RECORDED IN PLAT BOOK 1 PAGE 8, IN THE OFFICE OF THE Recorder OF LAKE COUNTY,
PART OF LOT 4 IN PLATT AND RUSCHILL'S ADDITION TO CROWN POINT, AS PER PLAT THEREOF,
Lender's successors to the Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower's covenants and agreements under this Security instrument and the Note; and (iii) the repayment of the loan, and all renewals, extensions and
modifications of the Note; and (iv) the recording jurisdiction of Recording jurisdiction.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT SECURES TO LENDER AND ASSIGNS THE FOLLOWING PROPERTY LOCATED IN THE
COUNTY OF LAKE COUNTY, INDIANA:
Lender's successors and assigns the following property located in the
Instrument of Note; and (ii) the performance of Borrower does hereby mortgage, grant and convey to Lender and
modifications of the Note; and (iii) the repayment of the loan, and all renewals, extensions and
modifications of the Note; and (iv) the recording jurisdiction of Recording jurisdiction.

(P) "SUCCESSOR IN INTEREST OF BORROWER" MEANS ANY PARTY THAT HAS TAKEN TITLE TO THE PROPERTY, WHETHER OR NOT THAT
PARTY HAS ASSUMED BORROWER'S OBLIGATIONS UNDER THE NOTE AND/OR THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT.

(Q) "REGULATION X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500)" MEANS THE REAL ESTATE SETTLEMENT PROCEDURES ACT (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) AND ITS IMPLEMENTING
REGULATION, REGULATION X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), AS THEY MIGHT BE AMENDED FROM TIME TO TIME, OR ANY ADDITIONAL OR
SUCCESSION LEGISLATION OR REGULATION THAT GOVERNS THE SAME SUBJECT MATTER. AS USED IN THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT,
"RESPA" REFERS TO ALL REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS THAT ARE IMPOSED IN REGARD TO A "FEDERAL MORTGAGE
LOAN" EVEN IF THE LOAN DOES NOT QUALIFY AS A "FEDERAL MORTGAGE LOAN" UNDER RESPA.

(R) "RESPA" MEANS THE REAL ESTATE SETTLEMENT PROCEDURES ACT (12 U.S.C. §2601 et seq.) AND ITS IMPLEMENTING
REGULATION, REGULATION X (24 C.F.R. Part 3500), AS THEY MIGHT BE AMENDED FROM TIME TO TIME, OR ANY ADDITIONAL OR
SUCCESSION LEGISLATION OR REGULATION THAT GOVERNS THE SAME SUBJECT MATTER. AS USED IN THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT,
"RESPA" REFERS TO ALL REQUIREMENTS AND RESTRICTIONS THAT ARE IMPOSED IN REGARD TO A "FEDERAL MORTGAGE
LOAN" EVEN IF THE LOAN DOES NOT QUALIFY AS A "FEDERAL MORTGAGE LOAN" UNDER RESPA.

(S) "MORTGAGE INSURANCE" MEANS INSURANCE PROTECTING LENDER AGAINST THE NONPAYMENT OF, OR DEFAULT ON, THE
LOAN.

(T) "MORTGAGE INSURANCE" MEANS INSURANCE PROTECTING LENDER AGAINST THE NONPAYMENT OF, OR DEFAULT ON, THE
LOAN.

(U) "MISCELLANEOUS PROCEEDS" MEANS ANY COMPENSATION, SETTLEMENT, AWARD OF DAMAGES, OR PROCEEDS PAID BY ANY
THIRD PARTY OTHER THAN INSURANCE PROCEEDS PAID UNDER THE COVERAGE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 5) FOR: (i) DAMAGE TO, OR
DESTRUCTION OF, THE PROPERTY, (ii) CONDEMPTION OR OTHER TAKING OF ALL OR ANY PART OF THE PROPERTY, (iii) CONVEYANCE
IN LIEU OF CONDEMPTION, OR (iv) MISREPRESENTATIONS OF, OR OMISSIONS AS TO, THE VALUE AND/OR CONDITION OF THE
PROPERTY.

(V) "MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS" MEANS THOSE ITEMS THAT ARE DESCRIBED IN SECTION 3.

(W) "ELECTRONIC FUND TRANSFER" MEANS ANY TRANSFER OF FUNDS, OTHER THAN A TRANSACTION ORGANIZED BY A SIMILAR
ORGANIZATION, THAT ARE IMPPOSED ON BORROWER OR THE PROPERTY BY A CONDOMINIUM ASSOCIATION, HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION OR SIMILAR
ORGANIZATIONS.

(X) "COMMITTEE ASSOCIATION DUES, FEES, AND ASSESSMENTS" MEANS ALL DUES, FEES, ASSESSMENTS AND OTHER CHARGES
ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND ORDERS (THAT HAVE THE EFFECT OF LAW) AS WELL AS ALL APPLICABLE FINAL, NON-APPEALABLE JUDICIAL
OPINIONS.

(Y) "APPLICABLE LAW" MEANS ALL CONTROLLING APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL STATUTES, REGULATIONS, ORDINANCES AND
ADMINISTRATIVE RULES AND ORDERS (THAT HAVE THE EFFECT OF LAW) AS WELL AS ALL APPLICABLE FINAL, NON-APPEALABLE JUDICIAL
OPINIONS.

of record. Borrower warrants and will defend generally the title to the Property against all claims and demands, subject to any encumbrances of record.

THIS SECURITY INSTRUMENT combines uniform covenants for national use and non-uniform covenants with limited variations by jurisdiction to constitute a uniform security instrument covering real property.

UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender covenant and agree as follows:

1. Payment of Principal, Interest, Escrow Items, Prepayment Charges, and Late Charges. Borrower shall pay when due the principal of, and interest on, the debt evidenced by the Note and any prepayment charges and late charges due under the Note. Borrower shall also pay funds for Escrow Items pursuant to Section 3. Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument shall be made in U.S. currency. However, if any check or other instrument received by Lender as payment under the Note or this Security Instrument is returned to Lender unpaid, Lender may require that any or all subsequent payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument be made in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality, or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer.

Payments are deemed received by Lender when received at the location designated in the Note or at such other location as may be designated by Lender in accordance with the notice provisions in Section 15. Lender may return any payment or partial payment if the payment or partial payments are insufficient to bring the Loan current. Lender may accept any payment or partial payment insufficient to bring the Loan current, without waiver of any rights hereunder or prejudice to its rights to refuse such payment or partial payments in the future, but Lender is not obligated to apply such payments at the time such payments are accepted. If each Periodic Payment is applied as of its scheduled due date, then Lender need not pay interest on unapplied funds. Lender may hold such unapplied funds until Borrower makes payment to bring the Loan current. If Borrower does not do so within a reasonable period of time, Lender shall either apply such funds or return them to Borrower. If not applied earlier, such funds will be applied to the outstanding principal balance under the Note immediately prior to foreclosure. No offset or claim which Borrower might have now or in the future against Lender shall relieve Borrower from making payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument or performing the covenants and agreements secured by this Security Instrument.

2. Application of Payments or Proceeds. Except as otherwise described in this Section 2, all payments accepted and applied by Lender shall be applied in the following order of priority: (a) interest due under the Note; (b) principal due under the Note; (c) amounts due under Section 3. Such payments shall be applied to each Periodic Payment in the order in which it became due. Any remaining amounts shall be applied first to late charges, second to any other amounts due under this Security Instrument, and then to reduce the principal balance of the Note.

If Lender receives a payment from Borrower for a delinquent Periodic Payment which includes a sufficient amount to pay any late charge due, the payment may be applied to the delinquent payment and the late charge. If more than one Periodic Payment is outstanding, Lender may apply any payment received from Borrower to the repayment of the Periodic Payments if, and to the extent that, each payment can be paid in full. To the extent that any excess exists after the payment is applied to the full payment of one or more Periodic Payments, such excess may be applied to any late charges due. Voluntary prepayments shall be applied first to any prepayment charges and then as described in the Note.

Any application of payments, insurance proceeds, or Miscellaneous Proceeds to principal due under the Note shall not extend or postpone the due date, or change the amount, of the Periodic Payments.

3. Funds for Escrow Items. Borrower shall pay to Lender on the day Periodic Payments are due under the Note, until the Note is paid in full, a sum (the "Funds") to provide for payment of amounts due for: (a) taxes and assessments and other items which can attain priority over this Security Instrument as a lien or encumbrance on the Property; (b) leasehold payments or ground rents on the Property, if any; (c) premiums for any and all insurance required by Lender under Section 5; and (d) Mortgage Insurance premiums, if any, or any sums payable by Borrower to Lender in lieu of the payment of Mortgage Insurance premiums in accordance with the provisions of Section 10. These items are called "Escrow Items." At origination or at any time during the term of the Loan, Lender may require that Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any, be escrowed by Borrower, and such dues, fees and assessments shall be an Escrow Item. Borrower shall promptly furnish to Lender all notices of amounts to be paid under this Section. Borrower shall pay Lender the Funds for Escrow Items unless Lender waives Borrower's obligation to pay the Funds for any or all Escrow Items. Lender may waive Borrower's obligation to pay to Lender Funds for any or all Escrow Items at any time. Any such waiver may only be in writing. In the event of such waiver, Borrower shall pay directly, when and where payable, the amounts due for

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5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires pursuant to the preexisting insurance services that Lender may require to pay, in connection with this loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remapping occurs or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification. Borrower shall also be responsible for the payment of any fees imposed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency in connection with the review of any flood zone determination resulting from an application by Borrower.

Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for a real estate tax verification and/or reporting service used by Lender in connection with this loan.

Section 4. Lender may require Borrower to pay a one-time charge for the issuance of a certificate of title to this property which note is given, Borrower shall satisfy the lien or take one or more of the actions set forth above in this instrument. If Lender may give Borrower a notice identifying the lien, Within 10 days of the date on which this note is given, Lender may agree to a lien on the property over the property over this security interest. Lender determines that any part of the property is subject to a lien which can attach prior to Lender's right to the insurance premiums can change during the term of the loan. The Lender requires Borrower to the preexisting insurance services can change during the term of the loan. What Lender requires provides purposed to the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. This insurance shall not be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, providing the insurance shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remapping occurs or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification.

4. Charges; Liens. Borrower shall promptly discharge any lien which has priority over this security instrument unless Escrow Lien, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay them in the manner provided in Section 3.

Property which can attain priority over this security instrument, leasehold payments or ground rents on the property, if any, and Community Association Dues, Fees, and Assessments, if any. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay all taxes, assessments, charges, and impositions attributable to Lender; but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreements, (b) conveys the lien in good faith by, or defrains enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the defrains, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreements, (c) secures from the holder of the lien while those proceedings are pending, but only until such proceedings are concluded; or (c) secures from the holder of the lien in which Lender's opinion operates to prevent the defrains against enforcement of the lien in, legal proceedings which in Lender's opinion operate to prevent the defrains, but only so long as Borrower is performing such agreements, (b) conveys the lien in a manner acceptable to Lender; or (a) agrees in writing to the payment secured by the lien in good faith by, or

Borrower: (a) agrees in writing to this security instrument unless Escrow Items held by Lender. Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this security instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any funds held by Lender. Upon payment in full of all sums secured by this security instrument, Lender shall promptly refund to Borrower any funds held by Lender. If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower for the excess funds in accordance with RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as soon as possible, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall notify Borrower as required by RESPA, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. To the extent that these items are Escrow Items, Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months.

If there is a surplus of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall account to Borrower without charge, an annual accounting of the Funds as required by RESPA. If there is a shortage of Funds held in escrow, as defined under RESPA, Lender shall notify Borrower as soon as possible, and Borrower shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months. Lender shall pay to Lender the amount necessary to make up the shortage with RESPA, but in no more than 12 months.

Section 5. Property Insurance. Borrower shall keep the improvements now existing or hereafter erected on the property insured against loss by fire, hazards included within the term "extended coverage," and any other hazards including, but not limited to, earthquakes and floods, for which Lender requires insurance. This insurance shall be maintained in the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. What Lender requires provides purposed to the amounts (including deductible levels) and for the periods that Lender requires. This insurance shall not be chosen by Borrower subject to Lender's right to disapprove Borrower's choice, providing the insurance shall not be exercised unreasonably. Lender may require Borrower to pay, in connection with this loan, either: (a) a one-time charge for flood zone determination, certification and tracking services; or (b) a one-time charge for flood zone determination and certification services and subsequent charges each time remapping occurs or similar changes occur which reasonably might affect such determination or certification.

If Borrower fails to maintain any of the coverages described above, Lender may obtain insurance coverage, at Lender's option and Borrower's expense. Lender is under no obligation to purchase any particular type or amount of coverage. Therefore, such coverage shall cover Lender, but might or might not protect Borrower, Borrower's equity in the Property, or the contents of the Property, against any risk, hazard or liability and might provide greater or lesser coverage than was previously in effect. Borrower acknowledges that the cost of the insurance coverage so obtained might significantly exceed the cost of insurance that Borrower could have obtained. Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 5 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice from Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

All insurance policies required by Lender and renewals of such policies shall be subject to Lender's right to disapprove such policies, shall include a standard mortgage clause, and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee. Lender shall have the right to hold the policies and renewal certificates. If Lender requires, Borrower shall promptly give to Lender all receipts of paid premiums and renewal notices. If Borrower obtains any form of insurance coverage, not otherwise required by Lender, for damage to, or destruction of, the Property, such policy shall include a standard mortgage clause and shall name Lender as mortgagee and/or as an additional loss payee.

In the event of loss, Borrower shall give prompt notice to the insurance carrier and Lender. Lender may make proof of loss if not made promptly by Borrower. Unless Lender and Borrower otherwise agree in writing, any insurance proceeds, whether or not the underlying insurance was required by Lender, shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such insurance proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such insurance proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such proceeds. Fees for public adjusters, or other third parties, retained by Borrower shall not be paid out of the insurance proceeds and shall be the sole obligation of Borrower. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the insurance proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such insurance proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

If Borrower abandons the Property, Lender may file, negotiate and settle any available insurance claim and related matters. If Borrower does not respond within 30 days to a notice from Lender that the insurance carrier has offered to settle a claim, then Lender may negotiate and settle the claim. The 30-day period will begin when the notice is given. In either event, or if Lender acquires the Property under Section 22 or otherwise, Borrower hereby assigns to Lender (a) Borrower's rights to any insurance proceeds in an amount not to exceed the amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, and (b) any other of Borrower's rights (other than the right to any refund of unearned premiums paid by Borrower) under all insurance policies covering the Property, insofar as such rights are applicable to the coverage of the Property. Lender may use the insurance proceeds either to repair or restore the Property or to pay amounts unpaid under the Note or this Security Instrument, whether or not then due.

6. Occupancy. Borrower shall occupy, establish, and use the Property as Borrower's principal residence within 60 days after the execution of this Security Instrument and shall continue to occupy the Property as Borrower's principal residence for at least one year after the date of occupancy, unless Lender otherwise agrees in writing, which consent shall not be unreasonably withheld, or unless extenuating circumstances exist which are beyond Borrower's control.

7. Preservation, Maintenance and Protection of the Property; Inspections. Borrower shall not destroy, damage or impair the Property, allow the Property to deteriorate or commit waste on the Property. Whether or not Borrower is residing in the Property, Borrower shall maintain the Property in order to prevent the Property from deteriorating or decreasing in value due to its condition. Unless it is determined pursuant to Section 5 that repair or restoration is not economically feasible, Borrower shall promptly repair the Property if damaged to avoid further deterioration or damage. If insurance or condemnation proceeds are paid in connection with damage to, or the taking of, the Property, Borrower shall be responsible for repairing or restoring the Property only if Lender has released proceeds for such purposes. Lender may disburse proceeds for the repairs and restoration in a single payment or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. If the insurance or condemnation proceeds are not sufficient to repair or restore the Property, Borrower is not relieved of Borrower's obligation for the completion of such repair or restoration.

Lender or its agent may make reasonable entries upon and inspections of the Property. If it has reasonable cause, Lender may inspect the interior of the improvements on the Property. Lender shall give Borrower notice at the time of or prior to such an interior inspection specifying such reasonable cause.

INDIANA—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

Bankers Systems, Inc., St. Cloud, MN Form MD-1-IN 8/17/2000

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As a result of these agreements, Lender, any purchaser of the Note, another insurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, may receive (directly or indirectly) amounts that derive from (or entirely) a portion of Borrower's payments for Mortgage Insurance, in exchange for sharing or insuree may have available (which may include funds obtained from Mortgage Insurance premiums).

These agreements may require the mortgage insurer to make payments using any source of funds that derive from (or entirely) a portion of the Note, another insurer, any other entity, or any affiliate of any of the foregoing, to the other party (or parties) to these agreements. These agreements that are satisfied by their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms into agreements with other parties that share their risk, or reduce losses. These agreements are on terms Mortgage insurance evaluates their total risk on all such insurance in force from time to time, and may enter if Borrower does not repay the Loan as agreed. Borrower is not a party to the Mortgage Insurance.

Mortgage Insurance reimburses Lender (or any entity that purchases the Note) for certain losses it may incur provided in the Note.

Nothing in this Section 10 affects Borrower's obligation to pay interest at the rate required by Applicable Law. Nothing in this Section 10 affords Lender protection from non-reimbursable loss reserve, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with any written agreement between Borrower and Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premium required to maintain Mortgage Insurance in effect, or to provide a non-reimbursable loss reserve, until Lender's requirement for Mortgage Insurance ends in accordance with Mortgage Insurance, Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums for making the Loan and Lender received by Lender as a condition of paying the premiums for Mortgage Insurance. If Lender received separately designated payments for Mortgage Insurance, Lender is obligated to pay interest at the rate provided in the Note.

Reserve payments if Mortgage Insurance becomes available, is obtained, and Lender requires Lender to pay interest and for the period that Lender can no longer require loss not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such loss reserve. Lender shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall receive shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall accept, use and retain these payments as a non-refundable loss reserve in lieu of Mortgage Insurance. Such loss

separately designated payments that were due when the insurance coverage ceased to be in effect, Lender will equitably distribute payments previously in effect, from an alternative mortgage Lender selected by Lender. If substantially equivalent Mortgage Insurance previously in effect, at a cost substantially equivalent to the cost to Borrower of the Mortgage Insurance, Borrower shall pay the premium required to obtain coverage substantially equivalent to the Mortgage Insurance and Borrower was required to make separately designated payments toward the premiums provided such insurance and Lender ceases to be a holder of the Mortgage Insurance, if, for any reason, the Borrower shall pay the premium required to maintain the Mortgage Insurance in effect, Lender shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall receive shall be non-refundable, notwithstanding the fact that the Loan is ultimately paid in full, and Lender shall accept, use and retain these payments as a condition of making the Loan,

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall comply with all the provisions of the lease. If Borrower acquires fee title to the Property, the lesseehold and the fee title shall not merge unless Lender agrees to the merger in writing.

If this Security Instrument is on a leasehold, Borrower shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall be payable, with such interest, upon notice Lender to Borrower requesting payment.

Any amounts disbursed by Lender under this Section 9 shall become additional debt of Borrower secured by this Security Instrument. These amounts shall bear interest at the Note rate from the date of disbursement and shall

under this Section 9. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized duty or obligation to do so. It is agreed that Lender incurs no liability for not taking any or all actions authorized or of. Although Lender may take action under this Section 9, Lender does not have to do so and is not under any water from pipes, eliminate building or other code violations or dangerous conditions, and have utilities turned off to, entering the Property to make repairs, change locks, replace or board up doors and windows, drain instruments, including the Property in a bankruptcy proceeding. Securing the Property under this Section 9, fees to protect its interest in the Property and/or rights under this Section 9, fees to secure attorney sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument.

(a) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument; (b) appearing in court; and (c) paying any sums secured by a lien which has priority over this Security Instrument, including protecting the value interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument or to enforce Lender's abandoned the Property, then Lender may do and pay for whatever is reasonable or appropriate to protect Lender's instrument (such as a proceeding in bankruptcy, probate, for condemnation or enforcement, for enforcement of a lien which may attain priority over this Security Instrument or to enforce laws or regulations), or (c) Borrower has

Borrower fails to perform the covenants and agreements contained in this Security Instrument. If (a) proceeding that significantly affect Lender's interest in the Property and/or rights under this Security

proceeding concerning Borrower's occupancy of the Property as Borrower's principal residence.

Borrower or any persons or entities acting at the direction of Borrower or with Borrower's knowledge or consent, gave material information in connection with the Loan. Material representations included, but are not limited to,

8. **Borrower's Loan Application.** Borrower shall be in default if, during the Loan application process,

modifying the mortgage insurer's risk, or reducing losses. If such agreement provides that an affiliate of Lender takes a share of insurer's risk in exchange for a share of the premiums paid to the insurer, the arrangement is often termed "captive reinsurance." Further:

(a) Any such agreements will not affect the amounts that Borrower has agreed to pay for Mortgage Insurance, or any other terms of the Loan. Such agreements will not increase the amount Borrower will owe for Mortgage Insurance, and they will not entitle Borrower to any refund.

(b) Any such agreements will not affect the rights Borrower has--if any--with respect to the Mortgage Insurance under the Homeowners Protection Act of 1998 or any other law. These rights may include the right to receive certain disclosures, to request and obtain cancellation of the Mortgage Insurance, to have the Mortgage Insurance terminated automatically, and/or to receive a refund of any Mortgage Insurance premiums that were unearned at the time of such cancellation or termination.

11. Assignment of Miscellaneous Proceeds; Forfeiture. All Miscellaneous Proceeds are hereby assigned to and shall be paid to Lender.

If the Property is damaged, such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to restoration or repair of the Property, if the restoration or repair is economically feasible and Lender's security is not lessened. During such repair and restoration period, Lender shall have the right to hold such Miscellaneous Proceeds until Lender has had an opportunity to inspect such Property to ensure the work has been completed to Lender's satisfaction, provided that such inspection shall be undertaken promptly. Lender may pay for the repairs and restoration in a single disbursement or in a series of progress payments as the work is completed. Unless an agreement is made in writing or Applicable Law requires interest to be paid on such Miscellaneous Proceeds, Lender shall not be required to pay Borrower any interest or earnings on such Miscellaneous Proceeds. If the restoration or repair is not economically feasible or Lender's security would be lessened, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower. Such Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

In the event of a total taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due, with the excess, if any, paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is equal to or greater than the amount of the sums secured by this Security Instrument immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the sums secured by this Security Instrument shall be reduced by the amount of the Miscellaneous Proceeds multiplied by the following fraction: (a) the total amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value divided by (b) the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value. Any balance shall be paid to Borrower.

In the event of a partial taking, destruction, or loss in value of the Property in which the fair market value of the Property immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value is less than the amount of the sums secured immediately before the partial taking, destruction, or loss in value, unless Borrower and Lender otherwise agree in writing, the Miscellaneous Proceeds shall be applied to the sums secured by this Security Instrument whether or not the sums are then due.

If the Property is abandoned by Borrower, or if, after notice by Lender to Borrower that the Opposing Party (as defined in the next sentence) offers to make an award to settle a claim for damages, Borrower fails to respond to Lender within 30 days after the date the notice is given, Lender is authorized to collect and apply the Miscellaneous Proceeds either to restoration or repair of the Property or to the sums secured by this Security Instrument, whether or not then due. "Opposing Party" means the third party that owes Borrower Miscellaneous Proceeds or the party against whom Borrower has a right of action in regard to Miscellaneous Proceeds.

Borrower shall be in default if any action or proceeding, whether civil or criminal, is begun that, in Lender's judgment, could result in forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. Borrower can cure such a default and, if acceleration has occurred, reinstate as provided in Section 19, by causing the action or proceeding to be dismissed with a ruling that, in Lender's judgment, precludes forfeiture of the Property or other material impairment of Lender's interest in the Property or rights under this Security Instrument. The proceeds of any award or claim for damages that are attributable to the impairment of Lender's interest in the Property are hereby assigned and shall be paid to Lender.

All Miscellaneous Proceeds that are not applied to restoration or repair of the Property shall be applied in the order provided for in Section 2.

12. Borrower Not Released; Forbearance By Lender Not a Waiver. Extension of the time for payment or modification of amortization of the sums secured by this Security Instrument granted by Lender to Borrower or any Successor in Interest of Borrower shall not operate to release the liability of Borrower or any Successors in Interest of Borrower. Lender shall not be required to commence proceedings against any Successor in Interest of

17. **Borrower's Copy.** Borrower shall be given one copy of the Note and of this Security Instrument.

18. **Transfer of the Property or a Beneficial Interest in Borrower.** As used in this Section 18, "Interest in the Property" means any legal or beneficial interest in the Property, including, but not limited to, those beneficial

words of the word "may" gives sole discretion without any obligation to take any action.

plural and vice versa; and (c) the words of the feminine gender; (b) words in the singular mean and include the corresponding neuter words or words of the feminine gender; (a) words of the masculine gender shall mean and include the words used in this Section.

As used in this Section, "Security Instrument" means any instrument which can be given effect without the consent of the Note holder.

Security Instrument or the Note conflicts with Applicable Law, such conflict shall not affect other provisions of this

Instrument as a prohibition against any provision or clause of this Security Instrument that may be silent, but such silence shall not be explicit or implicit, allowing the parties to agree by contract or in writing to any requirements and limitations of Applicable Law. Applicable Law might

this Security Instrument in which the Property is located. All rights and obligations contained in

federal law and the law of the jurisdiction in which this Security Instrument shall be governed by

16. **Governing Law; Severability; Rules of Construction.** This Security Instrument under this Security

Applicable Law requires that the parties to this Security Instrument are required under Applicable Law, the

received by Lender. If any notice required by this Security Instrument is also required under Applicable Law, the

notice in connection with this Security Instrument shall not be deemed to have been given to Lender until actually

mailed to Lender's address stated herein unless Lender has designated another address by notice to Borrower. Any

notice to Lender through delivery to any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by mailing it by first class

mail to Lender's address at any one time. Any notice to Lender through delivery to any one time. Any notice to Lender shall be given by mailing it by first class

of address through specified procedure. There may be only one designated notice address under this Security

Lender specifies a procedure for reporting changes of address, then Borrower shall only report a change

of address to Lender. Borrower shall promptly notify Lender of address changes of address. If

notice address by notice to Lender. Notice to Borrower shall be the Property Address unless Borrower has designated a substitute

address otherwise. The notice address shall constitute notice to all Borrowers unless Applicable Law expressly

requires otherwise. Notice to any one Borrower shall actually delivered to Borrower's address if sent by

to Borrower when mailed by first class mail or when actually delivered to Borrower's address if given in writing.

15. **Notices.** All notices given by Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument must be

in writing. Any notice to Borrower in connection with this Security Instrument given in writing must be

rigid of action Borrower might have arising out of such overcharge.

Borrower's acceptance of any such refund made by direct payment to Borrower will constitute a waiver of any

prepayment without any prepayment charge (whether or not a prepayment charge is provided for under the Note).

by making a direct payment to Borrower if a refund reduces principal owed under the Note or

refunded to Borrower. Lender may choose to make this refund by reducing the principal limits will be

permitted limits; and (b) any sums already collected from Borrower which exceed permitted charges to the

limits, then: (a) any such loan charge shall be reduced by the amount necessary to reduce the charge to the

limits or other loans charged or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted

the interest or other loans charged or to be collected in connection with the Loan exceed the permitted

If the Loan is subject to a law which sets maximum loan charges, and that law is finally interpreted so that

this Security Instrument or by Applicable Law.

14. **Loan Charges.** Lender may charge Borrower fees for services performed in connection with Borrower's

default, for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security

including, but not limited to, attorney fees, property inspection and valuation fees, in regard to any other fees,

the absence of express authority in this Security Instrument to charge a specific fee to Borrower shall not be

the obligation to Borrower shall not be released from Borrower's obligations to pay the sums secured under this

agreements of Lender.

subject to the provisions of Section 18, any Successor in interest of Borrower who assumes Borrower's

agreements of Lender.

the terms of this Security Instrument or the Note without the co-signer's consent.

Lender and any other Borrower can agree to extend, modify, forgive or make any accommodations with regard to

Instrument; (b) is not personally obligated to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument; and (c) agrees that

only to mortgagee, grant and convey the co-signer's interest in the Property under the terms of this Security

this Security Instrument but does not execute the Note ("co-signer"): (a) is co-signer this Security Instrument

agrees that Borrower's obligations and liability shall be joint and several. However, any Borrower who co-signs

the amount due, shall not be a waiver of or preclude the exercise of any right or remedy.

acceptance of payments from third persons, entities or Successors in interest of Borrower or in amounts less than

Borrower. Any forbearance by Lender in exercising any right or remedy or any Successors in interest of

Security Instrument or reason of any demand made by the original Borrower or any Successors in interest of

Borrower or to refuse to extend time for payment modify amortization of the sums secured by this

interests transferred in a bond for deed, contract for deed, installment sales contract or escrow agreement, the intent of which is the transfer of title by Borrower at a future date to a purchaser.

If all or any part of the Property or any Interest in the Property is sold or transferred (or if Borrower is not a natural person and a beneficial interest in Borrower is sold or transferred) without Lender's prior written consent, Lender may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument. However, this option shall not be exercised by Lender if such exercise is prohibited by Applicable Law.

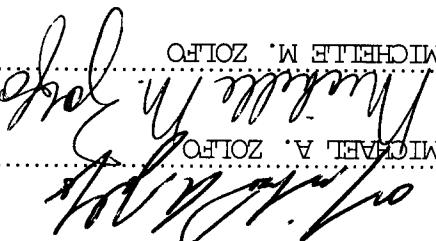
If Lender exercises this option, Lender shall give Borrower notice of acceleration. The notice shall provide a period of not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given in accordance with Section 15 within which Borrower must pay all sums secured by this Security Instrument. If Borrower fails to pay these sums prior to the expiration of this period, Lender may invoke any remedies permitted by this Security Instrument without further notice or demand on Borrower.

19. Borrower's Right to Reinstate After Acceleration. If Borrower meets certain conditions, Borrower shall have the right to have enforcement of this Security Instrument discontinued at any time prior to the earliest of: (a) five days before sale of the Property pursuant to Section 22 of this Security Instrument; (b) such other period as Applicable Law might specify for the termination of Borrower's right to reinstate; or (c) entry of a judgment enforcing this Security Instrument. Those conditions are that Borrower: (a) pays Lender all sums which then would be due under this Security Instrument and the Note as if no acceleration had occurred; (b) cures any default of any other covenants or agreements; (c) pays all expenses incurred in enforcing this Security Instrument, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees, property inspection and valuation fees, and other fees incurred for the purpose of protecting Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument; and (d) takes such action as Lender may reasonably require to assure that Lender's interest in the Property and rights under this Security Instrument, and Borrower's obligation to pay the sums secured by this Security Instrument, shall continue unchanged. Lender may require that Borrower pay such reinstatement sums and expenses in one or more of the following forms, as selected by Lender: (a) cash; (b) money order; (c) certified check, bank check, treasurer's check or cashier's check, provided any such check is drawn upon an institution whose deposits are insured by a federal agency, instrumentality or entity; or (d) Electronic Funds Transfer. Upon reinstatement by Borrower, this Security Instrument and obligations secured hereby shall remain fully effective as if no acceleration had occurred. However, this right to reinstate shall not apply in the case of acceleration under Section 18.

20. Sale of Note; Change of Loan Servicer; Notice of Grievance. The Note or a partial interest in the Note (together with this Security Instrument) can be sold one or more times without prior notice to Borrower. A sale might result in a change in the entity (known as the "Loan Servicer") that collects Periodic Payments due under the Note and this Security Instrument and performs other mortgage loan servicing obligations under the Note, this Security Instrument, and Applicable Law. There also might be one or more changes of the Loan Servicer unrelated to a sale of the Note. If there is a change of the Loan Servicer, Borrower will be given written notice of the change which will state the name and address of the new Loan Servicer, the address to which payments should be made and any other information RESPA requires in connection with a notice of transfer of servicing. If the Note is sold and thereafter the Loan is serviced by a Loan Servicer other than the purchaser of the Note, the mortgage loan servicing obligations to Borrower will remain with the Loan Servicer or be transferred to a successor Loan Servicer and are not assumed by the Note purchaser unless otherwise provided by the Note purchaser.

Neither Borrower nor Lender may commence, join, or be joined to any judicial action (as either an individual litigant or the member of a class) that arises from the other party's actions pursuant to this Security Instrument or that alleges that the other party has breached any provision of, or any duty owed by reason of, this Security Instrument, until such Borrower or Lender has notified the other party (with such notice given in compliance with the requirements of Section 15) of such alleged breach and afforded the other party hereto a reasonable period after the giving of such notice to take corrective action. If Applicable Law provides a time period which must elapse before certain action can be taken, that time period will be deemed to be reasonable for purposes of this paragraph. The notice of acceleration and opportunity to cure given to Borrower pursuant to Section 22 and the notice of acceleration given to Borrower pursuant to Section 18 shall be deemed to satisfy the notice and opportunity to take corrective action provisions of this Section 20.

21. Hazardous Substances. As used in this Section 21: (a) "Hazardous Substances" are those substances defined as toxic or hazardous substances, pollutants, or wastes by Environmental Law and the following substances: gasoline, kerosene, other flammable or toxic petroleum products, toxic pesticides and herbicides, volatile solvents, materials containing asbestos or formaldehyde, and radioactive materials; (b) "Environmental Law" means federal laws and laws of the jurisdiction where the Property is located that relate to health, safety or environmental protection; (c) "Environmental Cleanup" includes any response action, remedial action, or removal action, as defined in Environmental Law; and (d) an "Environmental Condition" means a condition that can cause, contribute to, or otherwise trigger an Environmental Cleanup.

-Borrower
MICHAEL M. ZOLFO
(Seal)

-Borrower
MICHAEL A. ZOLFO
(Seal)

BY SIGNING BELOW, Borrower accepts and agrees to the terms and covenants contained in this Security Instrument and in any Rider executed by Borrower and recorded with it.

24. Waiver of Valuation and Appraisement. Borrower waives all right of valuation and appraisal to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

23. Release. Upon payment of all sums secured by this Security Instrument, Lender shall release this Security Instrument. Lender may charge Borrower a fee for releasing this Security Instrument, but only if the fee is paid to a third party for services rendered and the charging of the fee is permitted under Applicable Law.

Section 22, including, but not limited to, reasonable attorney's fees and costs of title evidence. Lender shall be entitled to collect all expenses incurred in pursuing the remedies provided in this proceeding. Lender shall demand and may foreclose this Security Instrument by judicial sale of this Security Instrument without further demand and may require immediate payment in full of all sums secured by this Security Instrument in its opinion and before the date specified in the notice. Lender in the event of a default is not cured on or before the date specified in the notice to accelerate and foreclose. If the default is non-existent or any other default occurring to assert in the foreclosure proceeding the right to reinstate after acceleration and sale of the Property. The notice shall further inform Borrower of the right to judgment proceeding and sale of the Property. The notice must be given to the Borrower in accordance with this instrument prior to cure the default must be cured; and (d) that failure to cure the default on or before the date specified in the notice may result in acceleration of the sums secured by this Security Instrument, foreclosure by Borrower, by which the default must be cured; and (e) a date, not less than 30 days from the date the notice is given to action required to cure the default; (f) the notice shall specify: (a) the date the notice is given to under Section 18 unless Applicable Law provides otherwise). The notice shall specify: (a) the date the notice is given to Borrower's breach of any covenant or agreement in this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration following acceleration; Remedies. Lender shall give notice to Borrower prior to acceleration following acceleration of any violation of any provision of this Security Instrument (but not prior to acceleration following acceleration).

NON-UNIFORM COVENANTS. Borrower and Lender further covenant and agree as follows:

Borrower shall promptly give Lender written notice of (a) any investigation, claim, demand, lawsuit or other action by any governmental or regulatory agency or private party involving the Property and any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law of which Borrower has actual knowledge, (b) any Environmental Condition, including but not limited to, any spilling, leaking, discharging, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance or Environmental Law or regulation affecting the Property and any Hazardous Substance or other condition by any government or agency of (c) any spillage, leakage, discharge, release or threat of release of any Hazardous Substance or other condition caused by the presence, use or removal of any Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property. If Borrower learns, or is notified by any government or agency of any Hazardous Substance, and (c) any condition caused by the presence, use or removal of any Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property, that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance is necessary, Borrower shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Any private party that any removal or other remediation of any Hazardous Substance affecting the value of the Property, or is notified by any government or agency of any Hazardous Substance which adversely affects the value of the Property, shall promptly take all necessary remedial actions in accordance with Environmental Law. Nothing herein shall create any obligation on Lender for an Environmental Claim.

[Space Below This Line For Acknowledgment]

STATE OF INDIANA, LAKE..... County ss:
Before me, JANINE M. EVENER....., a Notary Public this 22ND.....
day of APRIL, 2002....., MICHAEL A. ZOLFO AND MICHELLE M.....
ZOLFO, HUSBAND AND WIFE..... acknowledged the execution of the annexed mortgage.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

Janine M. Evener

Notary Public

My commission expires: 08-17-2009

JANINE M. EVENER.....

Type or Print Name

Resident of LAKE..... County, Indiana

This instrument was prepared by:

WILLIAM M. WINTERHALER, SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT

**Document is
NOT OFFICIAL!**

**This Document is the property of
the Lake County Recorder!**

STOP



INDIANA—Single Family—Fannie Mae/Freddie Mac UNIFORM INSTRUMENT

Bankers Systems, Inc., St. Cloud, MN Form MD-1-IN 8/17/2000

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Form 3015 1/01

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